

8th Annual Report of India International Clearing Corporation (IFSC) Limited

2023-2024





Company Information

Board of Directors:

Dr. Sudip Kumar Nanda, Chairperson and Public Interest Director Mrs. Snehlata Shrivastava, Public Interest Director Shri Prabhat Chandra Koul, Public Interest Director Shri Sameer Patil, Shareholder Director Shri Sushil Kumar, Shareholder Director Shri Arup Mukherjee, Managing Director & CEO

Management Team:

Shri Arup Mukherjee, Managing Director & CEO Ms. Gunjan Mirani, Chief Risk & Regulatory Officer Shri Gaurang Raval, Head – Clearing & Settlement Shri Akshay Doshi, Chief Financial Officer

Statutory Auditors: M/s. Dalal Doctors & Associates, Chartered Accountants

Internal Auditors: M/s. S. Panse & Co., LLP, Chartered Accountants

Secretarial Auditors: M/s. Yash Mehta & Associates, Company Secretaries, Ahmedabad.

Registered Office: 1st Floor, Unit No. 102, The Signature, Building no. 13B, Road 1C, Zone 1,

GIFT SEZ, GIFT CITY, Gandhinagar, Gujarat – 382355.

Registrar & Share Transfer Agent: Link Intime India Private Limited

Website: www.indiaicc.com

Corporate Identity Number- U67190GJ2016PLC093683



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DIRECTORS' REPORT

To the Members, India International Clearing Corporation (IFSC) Limited

Your Directors have great pleasure in presenting the Eighth Annual Report of India International Clearing Corporation (IFSC) Ltd ('the Company'), together with the audited financials for the financial year (F.Y.) ended March 31, 2024.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY/HIGHLIGHTS

The Group's financial performance, for the year ended March 31, 2024:

Particulars	202	3-24	2022-23		
	Rs. Lakhs	USD '000	Rs. Lakhs	USD '000	
Total Revenue	776.12	937.43	342.10	425.55	
Total Expenses	721.71	871.71	705.15	877.15	
Profit / (Loss) before tax	54.41	65.72	(363.05)	(451.60)	
Provision for tax	-	-	-	-	
Net Profit / (Loss) for the year before share	54.41	65.72	(363.05)	(451.60)	
of loss of associate					
Share of loss of associate	(68.50)	(82.73)	(242.28)	(301.10)	
Consolidated Net Profit / (Loss) for the year	(14.09)	(17.01)	(605.33)	(752.70)	
Other comprehensive income (net of tax)	205.21	0.77	1,168.19	0.43	
Total comprehensive income for the year	191.12	(16.24)	562.86	(752.27)	

The Company is having stake of 10% in the India International Bullion Holding IFSC Limited. The same has been considered as associate for the consolidation purpose. Accordingly share of loss of associate is considered in the consolidated performance.

The Company's financial performance, for the year ended March 31, 2024:

Particulars	202	3-24	2022-23		
	Rs. Lakhs	USD '000	Rs. Lakhs	USD '000	
Total Revenue	776.12	937.43	342.10	425.55	
Total Expenses	721.71	871.71	705.15	877.15	
Profit / (Loss) before tax	54.41	65.72	(363.05)	(451.60)	
Provision for tax	-	-	-	-	
Net Profit / (Loss) for the year	54.41	65.72	(363.05)	(451.60)	
Other comprehensive income (net of tax)	187.83	1.12	1,080.97	0.31	
Total comprehensive income for the year	242.23	66.84	717.92	(451.29)	

Particulars	202	3-24	2022-23		
	Rs. Lakhs	USD '000	Rs. Lakhs	USD '000	
Net Profit / (Loss) attributable to the	54.41	65.72	(363.05)	(451.60)	
shareholders of the Company					

Financial Results

The total income of the Company during the F.Y. 2023-24 was INR 776.12 Lakhs mainly on account of investment income of INR 771.58 Lakhs. The total expenses for the year were INR 721.71 Lakhs mainly on account of INR 229.41 Lakhs employee cost, INR 254.08 Lakhs computer technology related expenses and INR 79.13 Lakhs depreciation.

PERFORMANCE & OPERATIONS

India ICC is an International Financial Services Centres Authority (IFSC Authority) recognized Qualifying Central Counterparty (QCCP) and provides clearing & settlement, risk management and collateral management services to the India International Exchange (IFSC) Limited (India INX). The Company is also rated as AAA (Is) by CARE Ratings Limited. The products cleared and settled by India ICC includes Index and Single stock Derivatives, Commodity Derivatives, Currency Derivatives and Debt securities. India ICC engages with the International Central Securities Depository (ICSD), Clearstream S A, for clearing and settlement of debt securities and acceptance of AAA rated international sovereign securities as collaterals. The IFSC Authority vide letter no. IFSCA/CMD/DMIIT/India ICC/2023-24, dated December 28, 2023, renewed the recognition to India ICC for a further period of one year from December 29, 2023, to December 28, 2024. Presently, eight clearing banks, namely ICICI Bank Limited, State Bank of India, Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited, Axis Bank Limited, YES Bank Limited, IndusInd Bank Limited, HDFC Bank Limited & RBL Bank Limited are empaneled with India ICC to act as clearing banks. India ICC has handled 3,707 settlements till March 31, 2024, without any delays or disruptions, for a cumulative fund value of USD 87.14 million. Live clearing and settlement operations were successfully completed from disaster recovery site for four consecutive days twice in a year, from April 24, 2023 to April 29, 2023 and December 04, 2023 to December 08, 2023. India ICC has established a dedicated default fund, which is readily and unconditionally available to meet settlement obligations in case of clearing member(s) failing to honour settlement obligation. The size of the default fund as on March 31, 2024 is USD 1.25 million.

KEY REGULATORY DEVELOPMENTS

1. Union Budget FY 2024-25 – Key Policy Announcements for the IFSC

The Union Budget 2024-25 has provided new impetus to cementing GIFT IFSC's position as a jurisdiction providing comparative financial services and products as global financial markets.

Some of the key policy announcements are: -

- i. Tax exemption for International Financial Services Centre units under Section 10(4D) and 10(4F) has been prolonged by one year, now applicable until March 31, 2025
- ii. Derivatives contract issued by Foreign Portfolio investor (FPIs) within GIFT City and overseen by the IFSCA are officially acknowledged as valid legal contract.
- iii. The Indian branches of foreign banks situated in GIFT City are now authorized to utilize the Offshore Derivative Contract (ODCs) for investments in the Indian stock market.
- iv. Entities in GIFT City qualify for a ten-year tax exemption out of a total of fifteen consecutive years. In the previous year's budget, the period allowed for transferring funds from other countries into GIFT City was prolonged by two years. This time, it has been extended even further.
- v. An equivalent one-year extension has been granted to airline leasing finance companies intending to relocate their base to GIFT City.

2. India ICC successfully completed its risk management and clearing & settlement operations from Disaster Recovery site

India ICC successfully completed its risk management and clearing & settlement operations from the Disaster Recovery (DR) site twice in a year, from April 24, 2023 to April 29, 2023 and December 04, 2023 to December 08, 2023.

The live trading session from DR site had been conducted by India INX pursuant to International Financial Services Centers Authority (IFSCA) circular dated June 22, 2021, clarifying "Status of transactions executed at Disaster Recovery (DR) Site of the MIIs", wherein it was mentioned that IFSCA Regulations, as adopted from Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI), require the stock exchanges to schedule live trading sessions from their Disaster Recovery (DR) site located in a different seismic zone, from that of the data centre, for at least two consecutive days every six months.

3. Key regulations issued by IFSCA:

IFSCA has initiated various regulatory measures across financial services domains since it got operationalized. These measures have been in the form of notified regulations as well as directives by way of circulars and guidelines, with a few of the key ones being:

i. IFSCA (Capital Market Intermediaries) (Amendment) Regulations, 2023

IFSCA notified IFSCA (Capital Market Intermediaries) (Amendment) Regulations, 2023 on July 10, 2023. The objective of these regulations is to clarify:

- (a) the meaning of "distributor" as "person who for remuneration engages with clients on behalf of an issuer or a service provider to facilitate investment or subscription into "capital market products" or "capital market services"" as defined under circular no.817/IFSCA/Distribution/2022-23 dated December 21, 2022 issued by the authority.
- (b) Inserted clause (ga) after clause (g) namely ""capital market intermediary" means an intermediary referred to in regulation 3 and is registered with the Authority under these regulations".
- (c) Inserted clause (dda) after clause (dd) namely ""registered distributor" means a distributor registered with the Authority under these regulations".
- (d) In regulation 3 of the Principal Regulations, in clause (g) under sub-regulation (1), the word "and" is omitted.
- (e) after clause (g) of sub-regulation (1), clause (ga) is inserted namely "Distributors; and".

<u>International Financial Services Centres Authority (ifsca.gov.in)</u>

4. Key circulars issued by IFSCA relevant for the securities markets

i. Status of operations at Disaster Recovery (DR) Site of the Broker Dealers and Clearing Members registered with IFSCA

As per the IFSCA's circular no. IFSCA/CMD-DMIIT/BCP-DR/2023-24/001, dated May 09, 2023, IFSCA permitted to set up DR Sites in India to Broker Dealers and Clearing Members registered with IFSCA under the IFSCA (Capital Market Intermediaries) Regulations, 2021.

International Financial Services Centres Authority (ifsca.gov.in)

ii. Guidance to the IFSCA (Anti Money Laundering, Counter-Terrorist Financing and Know Your Customer) Guidelines, 2022.

IFSCA vide notification no. IFSCA/2022-23/GN/GL001 dated October 28, 2022 issued guidelines on Anti Money Laundering, Counter-Terrorist Financing and Know Your Customer called International Financial Services Centres Authority (Anti Money Laundering, Counter-Terrorist Financing and Know Your Customer) Guidelines, 2022 dated May 26, 2023.

International Financial Services Centres Authority (ifsca.gov.in)

iii. Direct Market Access (DMA) facility

As per the IFSCA's circular no. IFSCA/CMD-DMIIT/EXCHTRD/2023-24/001, dated June 21, 2023, IFSCA issued guidelines and responsibilities regarding Direct Market Access (DMA) facility for the broker-Dealer and due diligence of prospective clients.

International Financial Services Centres Authority (ifsca.gov.in)

iv. Additional AML measures under the International Financial Services Centres Authority (Anti Money Laundering, Counter-Terrorist Financing and Know Your Customer) Guidelines, 2022

IFSCA vide notification no. IFSCA/2022-23/GN/GL001 dated October 28, 2022, issued additional AML measures under the International Financial Services Centres Authority (Anti Money Laundering, Counter-Terrorist Financing and Know Your Customer) Guidelines, 2022, dated September 01, 2023.

<u>International Financial Services Centres Authority (ifsca.gov.in)</u>

v. Procedure for implementation of Section 51A of the Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act, 1967- modification-regarding

IFSCA vide notification no. IFSCA/2022-23/GN/GL001 dated October 28, 2022, issued procedure for implementation of Section 51A of the Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act, 1967- modification-regarding, dated September 05, 2023.

International Financial Services Centres Authority (ifsca.gov.in)

vi. Procedure for implementation of Section 12A of the Weapons of Mass Destruction and their Delivery Systems (Prohibition of Unlawful Activities) Act, 2005

As per the IFSCA's circular no. F. No. 1110/IFSCA/Div. of AML & CFT/WMD Act/2023-24/01, dated April 04, 2022, IFSCA issued Procedure for implementation of Section 12A of the Weapons of Mass Destruction and their Delivery Systems (Prohibition of Unlawful Activities) Act, 2005.

International Financial Services Centres Authority (ifsca.gov.in)

vii. Procedure for implementation of Section 12A of "The Weapons of Mass Destruction and their Delivery Systems (Prohibition of Unlawful Activities) Act, 2005" and Section 51A of Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act, 1967

IFSCA vide circular no F. No. 1110/IFSCA/Div. of AML & CFT/WMD Act/2023-24/01 dated October 20, 2023, issued procedure for implementation of Section 12A of "The Weapons of Mass Destruction and their Delivery Systems (Prohibition of Unlawful Activities) Act, 2005" and Section 51A of Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act, 1967

International Financial Services Centres Authority (ifsca.gov.in)

viii. Fee structure for the entities undertaking or intending to undertake permissible activities in IFSC As amended up to February 6, 2024

As per the IFSCA's circular no. F. No.865/IFSCA/Banking/Fee Revision/2022-23, dated February 06, 2024, IFSCA informed to all regulated entities in International Financial Services Centres (IFSC) and all applicant to the IFSCA about fee structure w.r.t their category.

<u>International Financial Services Centres Authority (ifsca.gov.in)</u>

ix. Reporting Norms for Capital Market Intermediaries

As per the IFSCA's circular no. F. No. 1/IFSCA/CMI Supervision/2023-24, dated February 08, 2024, IFSCA Informed to all Capital Market Intermediaries to submit information in the prescribed formats on a quarterly basis, the subsequent reports for each quarter must submit within 15 calendar days from the end of the quarter.

International Financial Services Centres Authority (ifsca.gov.in)

x. Issuance of Indian Financial System Code (IFSC code) to IFSC Banking Units (IBUs)

IFSCA vide circular no. IFSCA-FMPP0BR/9/2023/Banking/2 dated March 22, 2024, IFSCA allocated Indian Financial Service Code (IFSC Code) to 19 IFSC banking Units (IBUs) operating in GIFT City.

International Financial Services Centres Authority (ifsca.gov.in)

5. Key Notifications issued by various authorities in FY22-23:

- i. List of notifications pertaining to the IFSCA are listed below:
 - a. Notification of Book-keeping, accounting, taxation and financial crime compliance services under as financial service under the IFSCA Act, 2019.

International Financial Services Centres Authority (ifsca.gov.in)

b. Ministry of Finance notification pertaining to modifications under SEZ Act and Rules

International Financial Services Centres Authority (ifsca.gov.in)

6. Key Press Releases issued by various authorities in FY22-23:

- i. List of press release issued by IFSCA/other regulatory authorities are listed below:
 - a. The International Financial Services Centres Authority and Climate Policy Initiative sign MoU to cooperate on Sustainable Finance.

International Financial Services Centres Authority (ifsca.gov.in)

b. Financial Action Task Force (FATF) High risk and other monitored jurisdictions June 2023.

<u>International Financial Services Centres Authority (ifsca.gov.in)</u>

c. Financial Action Task Force (FATF) High risk and other monitored jurisdictions October 2023.

International Financial Services Centres Authority (ifsca.gov.in)

d. Caution to Public against Dealing with Unauthorised Entities in IFSC.

International Financial Services Centres Authority (ifsca.gov.in)

e. Financial Action Task Force (FATF) High risk and other monitored jurisdictions - February 2024.

International Financial Services Centres Authority (ifsca.gov.in)

f. Public Notice dated 07 March 2024.

International Financial Services Centres Authority (ifsca.gov.in)

DIVIDEND

Your Directors have not recommended any dividend for Financial Year 2023-24 on account of the need to conserve the resources as the Company has just turned profitable.

TRANSFER TO RESERVES

No amounts have been transferred to General Reserves for the F.Y. 2023-24.

ISSUE OF SHARES, ETC.

During the year under review, On November 21, 2023, the Company has allotment of equity shares of Re. 1/- each to existing investors as follows: -

Name of Shareholder	No. of shares allotted
BSE Limited	34,67,50,857
State Bank of India	5,56,70,250
ICICI Bank Limited	5,53,90,500
DCB Bank Limited	2,09,81,250
Individual Investors	8,07,07,143
Total	55,95,00,000

Accordingly, the paid-up capital of the Company has been increased from Rs. 133,49,96,841/- to Rs. 189,44,96,841/-.

PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS UNDER SECTION 186

During the year under review, the Company has not made any investment in subsidiary or associates and not provided any guarantee or security to any person or entity and has not made any loans and advances in the nature of loans to firms / companies in which directors of the Company are interested.

SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES

A separate statement containing the salient features of the financial statements of associate Company of the Company (i.e. Form AOC - 1) forms part of the consolidated financial statements.

India International Bullion Holding IFSC Ltd. (IIBH)

India International Bullion Holding IFSC Limited, in which India ICC holds 10 % shares, has incorporated a wholly owned subsidiary, IIBX and made an investment of Rs. 115,00,00,000 in IIBX.

India International Bullion Exchange IFSC Ltd. (IIBX)

IIBH has incorporated its wholly owned subsidiary India International Bullion Exchange IFSC Limited (IIBX) and was launched by the Honorable Prime Minister of India, Shri Narendra Modi on 29th of July 2022. Further, India International Exchange (IFSC) Limited made investment of Rs. 1,15,00,00,000 in IIBX. India INX played a pivotal role and contributed actively to the operationalization of IIBX.

https://www.iibx.co.in/

India International Depository IFSC Limited (IIDI)

India International Depository IFSC Ltd. (IIDI) operates as a unified depository in the International Financial Services Centre (IFSC) at Gujarat International Financial Tec City (GIFT City).

IIDI is a foreign depository and caters to a global audience of investors.

https://www.iidi.co.in/

DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL ("KMP")

> Appointments and cessations: -

During the year under review, following changes were made in the composition of the governing board and Key Managerial Personnel (KMP): -

S.	Name of		Details of changes
No.	o. Director/KMP		
I.	Appoin	tment	
1.	Shri	Akshay	Appointed as Chief Financial Officer of the Company with
	Doshi		effect from April 25, 2023
2.	Shri	Sushil	Appointed as Shareholder Director of the Company with
	Kumar		effect from March 19, 2024
II.	Cessati	on	
1.	Shri Vik	as Goel	Resigned from post of Shareholder Director of the Company
			with effect from December 5, 2023

The composition of Directors and KMPs of the Company as on March 31, 2024, is as under:

• Directors:

Name of Director	Designation					
Dr. Sudip Kumar Nanda	Chairperson & Public Interest Director					
Mrs. Snehlata Shrivastava	Public Interest Director					
Shri Prabhat Chandra Koul	Public Interest Director					
Shri Sameer Patil	Shareholder Director					
Shri Sushil Kumar	Shareholder Director					
Shri Arup Mukherjee	Managing Director & CEO					

• Key Managerial Personnel as per Companies Act, 2013:

Name of Key Managerial Personnel	Designation
Shri Arup Mukherjee	Managing Director & CEO
Shri Akshay Doshi	Chief Financial Officer
Ms. Nikita Lakhiyani	Company Secretary

COMMITTEES

IFSCA vide circular dated June 28, 2022, prescribed formation of eight mandatory committees by recognized MIIs. In compliance with the circular, the Company has constituted the required statutory committees. The composition of the statutory committees as on March 31, 2024, is mentioned below: -

S. No.	Name of the	Current Composition							
	Committee								
A.	Functional Com	nmittees: -							
i.	Member	1. Dr. Sudip Kumar Nanda- Chairperson & Public Interest Director							
	Selection	2. Shri Prabhat Chandra Koul- Public Interest Director							
	Committee	3. Shri Arup Mukherjee- Managing Director & CEO							
ii.	Investor	1. Shri Dharmendra Dhelariya- Independent External Person							
	Grievance	(Technical)							
	Redressal	2. Dr. Kaushikkumar Chimanlal Raval- Independent External							
	Committee	Person							
	(IGRC)	3. Shri Paresh Thothawala- Independent External Person							
		(Technical)							
		4. Dr. Urvish Shah- Independent External Person							
iii.	Nomination &	1. Mrs. Snehlata Shrivastava- Chairperson & Public Interest							
	Remuneration	Director							
	Committee	2. Dr. Sudip Kumar Nanda – Public Interest Director							
		3. Shri Prabhat Chandra Koul- Public Interest Director							
В.	Oversight Com	mittees: -							
iv.	Standing	1. Mrs. Snehlata Shrivastava- Chairperson & Public Interest							
	Committee on	Director							
	Technology	2. Shri Prabhat Chandra Koul- Public Interest Director							
	Technology	 Shri Prabhat Chandra Koul- Public Interest Director Shri Pravir Vohra – Independent External Person 							
	Technology								
v.	Technology Advisory	3. Shri Pravir Vohra – Independent External Person							
V.	-	 Shri Pravir Vohra – Independent External Person Dr. G. Sivakumar – Independent External Person 							
v.	Advisory	 Shri Pravir Vohra – Independent External Person Dr. G. Sivakumar – Independent External Person Dr. Sudip Kumar Nanda- Chairperson & Public Interest Director Shri Manish Kumar Agrawal- Clearing Member Shri Arpit Agarwal – Clearing Member 							
V.	Advisory	 Shri Pravir Vohra – Independent External Person Dr. G. Sivakumar – Independent External Person Dr. Sudip Kumar Nanda- Chairperson & Public Interest Director Shri Manish Kumar Agrawal- Clearing Member 							
v.	Advisory	 Shri Pravir Vohra – Independent External Person Dr. G. Sivakumar – Independent External Person Dr. Sudip Kumar Nanda- Chairperson & Public Interest Director Shri Manish Kumar Agrawal- Clearing Member Shri Arpit Agarwal – Clearing Member 							
	Advisory Committee	 Shri Pravir Vohra – Independent External Person Dr. G. Sivakumar – Independent External Person Dr. Sudip Kumar Nanda- Chairperson & Public Interest Director Shri Manish Kumar Agrawal- Clearing Member Shri Arpit Agarwal – Clearing Member Shri Ajay Garg – Clearing Member 							
	Advisory Committee Regulatory	 Shri Pravir Vohra – Independent External Person Dr. G. Sivakumar – Independent External Person Dr. Sudip Kumar Nanda- Chairperson & Public Interest Director Shri Manish Kumar Agrawal- Clearing Member Shri Arpit Agarwal – Clearing Member Shri Ajay Garg – Clearing Member Mrs. Snehlata Shrivastava- Chairperson & Public Interest 							
	Advisory Committee Regulatory Oversight	 Shri Pravir Vohra – Independent External Person Dr. G. Sivakumar – Independent External Person Dr. Sudip Kumar Nanda- Chairperson & Public Interest Director Shri Manish Kumar Agrawal- Clearing Member Shri Arpit Agarwal – Clearing Member Shri Ajay Garg – Clearing Member Mrs. Snehlata Shrivastava- Chairperson & Public Interest Director 							
	Advisory Committee Regulatory Oversight	 Shri Pravir Vohra – Independent External Person Dr. G. Sivakumar – Independent External Person Dr. Sudip Kumar Nanda- Chairperson & Public Interest Director Shri Manish Kumar Agrawal- Clearing Member Shri Arpit Agarwal – Clearing Member Shri Ajay Garg – Clearing Member Mrs. Snehlata Shrivastava- Chairperson & Public Interest Director Shri Prabhat Chandra Koul- Public Interest Director 							
vi.	Advisory Committee Regulatory Oversight Committee	 Shri Pravir Vohra – Independent External Person Dr. G. Sivakumar – Independent External Person Dr. Sudip Kumar Nanda- Chairperson & Public Interest Director Shri Manish Kumar Agrawal- Clearing Member Shri Arpit Agarwal – Clearing Member Shri Ajay Garg – Clearing Member Mrs. Snehlata Shrivastava- Chairperson & Public Interest Director Shri Prabhat Chandra Koul- Public Interest Director Dr. Ramabhadran Thirumalai- Independent External Person 							

S. No.	Name of the	Current Composition
	Committee	
viii.	Audit	1. Dr. Sudip Kumar Nanda- Chairperson & Public Interest Director
	Committee	2. Mrs. Snehlata Shrivastava – Public Interest Director
		3. Shri Arup Mukherjee – MD &CEO

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE

The terms and conditions of appointment of Public Interest Directors (PIDs) are as per Schedule IV of the Companies Act, 2013 and IFSCA (Market Infrastructure Institutions) Regulations, 2021. The PIDs have submitted a declaration that they meet the criteria of independence as provided in sub section (6) of Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013. Further, in compliance with Rule 6 of Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, PIDs of the Company have registered themselves with the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs (IICA), Manesar and have included their names in the databank of Independent Directors within the statutory timeline and they have also passed online self-assessment proficiency test as applicable. The PIDs have also submitted a declaration confirming the compliance of Rule 6 of Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014. Further, PIDs have also given the declarations that they satisfy "fit and proper" criteria as stipulated under Regulation 23 of International Financial Services Centres Authority (Market Infrastructure Institutions) Regulations, 2021 ("MII Regulations").

There has been no change in the circumstances which may affect their status as PIDs during the year.

DECLARATION BY THE COMPANY

None of the Directors of the Company are disqualified from being appointed as Directors as specified in Section 164 (2) of the Act read with Rule 14 of Companies (Appointment and Qualifications of Directors) Rules, 2014.

NUMBER OF BOARD AND COMMITTEE MEETINGS HELD DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR

During the financial year under review, four Board Meetings were held. Further, during the financial period under review, Committee Meetings were held. The details of the same are as given below: -

S. No.	Particulars	Date of Meeting					
A.	Board	April 25, 2023; July 20, 2023; October					
		30, 2023; and January 16, 2024					
В.	Separate Meeting of Public Interest	April 25, 2023; and October 30, 2023					
	Directors						
C.	Functional Committees: -						
i.	Member Selection Committee (MSC)	January 16, 2024					
ii.	Investor Grievance Redressal Committee	No investor complaints were					
	(IGRC)	received					
iii.	Nomination & Remuneration Committee	April 25, 2023; and March 28, 2024					
	(NRC)						
D.	Oversight Committees: -						
iv.	Standing Committee on Technology	January 16, 2024					
	(SCOT)						
V.	Advisory Committee (ADC)	October 30, 2023					
vi.	Regulatory Oversight Committee (ROC)	May 04, 2023; and January 16, 2024					
vii.	Risk Management Committee (RMC)	January 16, 2024					
viii.	Audit Committee (AC)	April 25, 2023; July 20, 2023; October					
		30, 2023; and January 16, 2024					

The details of attendance of directors in the above meetings are given below: -

Name of Director/	Board I	Meeting		Selection mittee	_	Committee		isory mittee	Ove	ulatory ersight emittee	Risk Mana Comm	•	Audit Co	ommittee	Remu	ation and neration imittee
Member		meetings attended		meetings	meetings	No. of meetings attended			meetings	No. of meetings attended		meetings attended	meetings	meetings attended	meetings	No. of meetings attended
Dr. Sudip Kumar Nanda	4	4	1	1	NA	NA	1	1	NA	NA	1	1	4	4	2	2
Mrs. Snehlata Shrivastava	4	4	NA	NA	1	1	NA	NA	2	2	1	1	4	4	2	2
Shri Prabhat Chandra Koul	4	4	1	1	1	1	NA	NA	2	2	NA	NA	NA	NA	2	2
Shri Sameer Patil	4	4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Shri Vikas Goel	3	3	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Shri Arup Mukherjee	4	4	1	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	4	4	NA	NA

BOARD EVALUATION

Performance of the Board and Board Committees was evaluated on various parameters such as structure, composition, diversity, experience, corporate governance competencies, performance of specific duties and obligations, quality of decision-making and overall Board effectiveness. Performance of individual Directors & Independent External Persons was evaluated on parameters, such as meeting attendance, participation and contribution, engagement with colleagues on the Board, responsibility towards stakeholders and independent judgement. The Directors were subjected to peer-evaluation.

The Directors participated in the evaluation process. The results of evaluation were discussed in the Board meeting held on April 24, 2024. The Board discussed the performance evaluation reports of the Board, Board Committees, Individual Directors and Independent External Persons and noted the suggestions / inputs of the Directors. Recommendations arising from this entire process were deliberated upon by the Board to augment its effectiveness and optimize individual strengths of the Directors.

A STATEMENT REGARDING OPINION OF THE BOARD WITH REGARD TO INTEGRITY, EXPERTISE AND EXPERIENCE (INCLUDING THE PROFICIENCY) OF THE INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS APPOINTED DURING THE YEAR

The Board is of the opinion that Public Interest Directors appointed on the Board of the Company possess requisite expertise, experience, and integrity.

AUDITORS & AUDITOR'S REPORT

Statutory Auditor

The Statutory Auditors, M/s. Dalal Doctor & Associates, (Firm Registration No. 120833W) were appointed as the Statutory Auditors of the company at the third Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the Company held on April 25, 2019, for a period of five years till the conclusion of the eighth AGM to be held in the year 2024.

The Report given by the Statutory Auditors on the financial statements of the Company is part of the Annual Report.

Secretarial Auditor

Pursuant to provisions of section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules framed thereunder, M/s. Yash Mehta & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries, were appointed to undertake Secretarial Audit of the Company.

The Secretarial Audit Report forms part of the Directors' Report as Annexure-1.

Explanations or comments by the Board on qualification, reservation or adverse remark or disclaimer made by auditors.

There have been no qualifications, reservations, adverse remarks or disclaimers given by the Statutory Auditor and Secretarial Auditor in their Reports. No instance of fraud has been reported by the Auditors under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Internal Auditor

Internal Audit for the year ended March 31, 2024, was done by M/s. S. Panse & Co., LLP and internal audit report at relevant intervals were placed before the Board.

POLICY MATTERS

Company's policy on Directors' appointment and remuneration including criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes, independence of a director and other matters

The Company has constituted Nomination and Remuneration Committee as per IFSCA circular dated June 28, 2022. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee performs the functions, roles and responsibilities as per aforesaid IFSCA circular. The appointment of directors and KMPs is being made as per applicable provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and IFSCA (Market Infrastructure Institutions) Regulations, 2021.

Corporate Social Responsibility

Company is making losses in current year and also incurred losses in the previous years. Accordingly, Section 135 is not applicable to the company for the financial year 2023-24.

Vigil Mechanism Policy

The Company has formulated a Vigil Mechanism / Whistle Blower Policy pursuant to Section 177(10) of the Act, enabling reporting of any concern of unethical behavior, suspected fraud or violation.

The said policy inter alia provides safeguard against victimization of the Whistle Blower.

THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLCE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013

The Company has always believed in providing a safe and harassment free workplace for every individual working in its premises through various policies and practices. The Company has always endeavored to create and provide an environment that is free from discrimination and harassment including sexual harassment.

The Company has adopted a policy on Prevention of Sexual Harassment at Workplace against women employees which aims at prevention of harassment of women employees and lays down the guidelines for identification, reporting and prevention of undesired behavior. An internal complaints committee has been set up by the senior management, as per requirement of the Act. This committee is responsible for redressal of complaints related to sexual harassment and follows the guidelines provided in the Policy.

During the year ended March 31, 2024, no complaints pertaining to sexual harassment have been received.

RISK MANAGEMENT MECHANISM

Risk Management is a vital activity for the company and is the practice of identifying potential risks in advance, analyzing them, and taking precautionary steps to reduce/curb the risk. It is an enterprise wide function at the Company, which covers major business and functional areas including strategy, operations, technology and compliance. Major risks identified by the businesses and functions are systematically addressed through mitigating actions on a continuing basis.

Several risks can impact the achievement of a particular business objective. similarly, a single risk can impact the achievement of several business objectives. The focus of risk management is to assess risks, deploy mitigation measures and review them, including the risk management policy on a periodic basis. This is done through periodic review meetings.

The risk in relation to internal control over financial recording and reporting is reviewed by the Board. The company's internal control systems are commensurate with the nature of its business and the size and complexity of operations. These systems are routinely tested and certified by Statutory as well as Internal Auditors. The Board reviews adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's internal control environment and monitors the implementation of audit recommendations, including those relating to strengthening of the Company's financial risk management policies and systems.

During the period, the Company initiated the recertification of ISO 27001:2013 Information Security Management System framework with the objective of continuous improvement. The risk management framework within ISO 27001 determines the probability and magnitude of harm that could come to an information system and ultimately the Company itself in the event of a security breach. By determining the amount of risk that exists, the Company will be in a better position to determine how much of that risk should be mitigated and what controls should be used to achieve that mitigation. The scope of ISO 27001 risk management pertains to information systems of the company and it applies to various assets like information asset, IT assets, business and operations processes or procedure and/or legal, regulatory and contractual requirements, by which these assets are administered and/or maintained.

Usage of Legatrix system helps in keeping an automatic tracking of adherence to the various compliance and trigger automatic escalations in case of delay/noncompliance. This system is a comprehensive, robust, highly customizable legal support solution for tracking, managing and reporting on legal, regulatory and internal compliances. Each compliance can be added to a risk vector and based on the periodicity defined of each compliance, the adherence report can be auto generated by the system. A workflow is defined in the system where each department head receives the MIS on the compliance related to their departments.

For each risk identified, risk reduction can be achieved through the implementation of a managed system architecture that includes the following components:

- Technical
- Financial
- Informational
- Operational
- Procedural
- Physical
- Personnel
- Cyber

The risk that the organization carries regarding the threat to its information is the result of a combination of factors. Any change to either of these factors will alter the risk profile.

Reviewing of Information Security on a regular basis is vital to ensure that the safeguards employed continue to offer the appropriate level of protection.

The Risk Assessment Plan is reviewed at least once every year or in the event of any major changes brought about within the organization or any of its internal/external functional processes and also in the event of a security incident taking place which could have an impact on the risk profile.

INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

The Company has maintained adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting.

These includes policies and procedures –

- a. Pertaining to the maintenance of records that is reasonably detailed, accurately and fairly reflects the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company,
- b. Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified under the Companies (Ind AS) Rules 2015 as amended from time to time, and that receipts and expenditures of the Clearing Corporation are being made only in accordance with authorization of management and directors of the Company, and
- c. Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material impact on the financial statements. Such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as of March 31, 2024.

PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES

During the period under review the Company has entered into the transactions with related parties at arm's length price as referred to in sub section (1) of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013, the details of which are provided in the financial statements of the Company.

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

(A) Conservation of Energy

The Company is located at Gujarat International Finance Tech City (GIFT City), which is India's model smart city. The city's air-conditioning system runs on chilled water which is also used for offices located at GIFT City. This results in significant reduction in energy consumption. The floor has glasses all around and we also use the ambient light for lighting purposes as much as possible. This reduces the electricity consumption due to lesser need of lighting during the day. The Company also takes appropriate steps for conservation of energy in its day to day operations by switching off lights, taking advantage of natural light wherever possible.

(B) Technology Absorption

At the outset, the Company is happy to mention that the uptime of collateral, clearing & settlement systems was 100% and there were no outages. The company has migrated its window servers operating system from 2012 R2 to 2019 and MS SQL databases from 2014/2017 to 2019. The company have also successfully completed real time collateral, clearing & settlement systems from the Disaster Recovery (DR) site, running the operations seamlessly for 22 hours for 10 days (2 time in a year of 5 continuous sessions) days, from 24th April to 28th April 2023 and 4th December to 9th December 2023 and unannounced DR live sessions on 11th August 2023.

(C) Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo

The functional currency of company is USD and the presentation currency is INR. Foreign currency is a currency other than the functional currency of the entity. Hence, a) for the purpose of reporting of foreign exchange outgo, the conversion of amount from USD to INR is being considered for reporting herein. b) Company generates its revenue from operations and investment income in USD only. Only incentive from government authorities and refunds from authorities is being received in INR which is not being considered for reporting of foreign exchange earnings.

Foreign exchange earnings and outgo during the year under review:

Foreign Exchange Earnings - Nil

Foreign Exchange Outgo – USD 6,77,680 (P.Y.: USD 4,59,490)

During the year under review, Company received earning from outside India of USD Nil (P.Y. USD Nil) and payment towards expenses made outside India of USD 16,649 (P.Y. USD 15,518).

HUMAN RESOURCE

India ICC has laid down HR policies to make benefits and compensation more transparent and employee friendly. Also, the organizational structure of India ICC has enhanced the accountability and efficiency to align with the performance management and reward strategies.

The provisions of Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rule, 2014 are not applicable to the Company.

DEPOSITS

Your Company did not accept any deposits within the meaning of provisions of Chapter V-Acceptance of Deposits by Companies of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to sub section (5) of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Directors hereby confirm that:

- i) in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanations relating to material departures.
- ii) they have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and have made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of financial year March 31, 2024, and of the losses of the Company for that period.
- they have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities.
- iv) they have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis.
- v) they have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

OTHER DISCLOSURES

Annual Return

The provisions of Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013, regarding placing of annual return on the website of the Company is specifically exempted by Ministry of Corporate Affairs to IFSC Company through exemption notification dated January 4, 2017.

Material changes and commitments, if any, affecting the financial position of the company which have occurred between the end of the financial year of the company to which the financial statements relate and the date of the report.

There were no material changes and commitments that took place and had affected the financial position of the Company after the end of the financial period ended March 31, 2024.

Change in the Nature of Business

The Company has not undergone any changes in the nature of the business during the financial year.

Material orders passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals impacting the going concern status of the company.

There are no significant and material orders passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals which would impact the going concern status of the Company.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

We take the opportunity to express gratitude to the Bankers, Statutory Authorities, Service Providers and Stakeholders for the support and co-operation extended by them from time to time.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors,

Dr. Sudip Kumar Nanda Chairperson DIN: 00315376

Date:

Place:

Registered Office: 1st Floor, Unit No. 102, The Signature, Building no. 13B, Road 1C, Zone 1, GIFT SEZ, GIFT CITY, Gandhinagar, Gujarat – 382355.

Note:

In this report:

(a) "Company" has been used to denote India International Clearing Corporation (IFSC) Limited



Address: 67, Chinubhai Tower, Besides H.K. College, Opp. Handloom House, Ashram Road, Ahmedabad - 380009.

- 9913069848 🕿 - 079-27419035, Web - www.ymassociates.in

FORM NO. MR-3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED ON MARCH 31, 2024 [Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,
The Members,

INDIA INTERNATIONAL CLEARING CORPORATION (IFSC) LIMITED CIN: U67190GJ2016PLC093683

1st Floor, Unit No. 102, The Signature Building No.13B, Road 1C, Zone 1, GIFT SEZ, GIFT CITY, Gandhinagar – 382355, Gujarat, India.

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **INDIA INTERNATIONAL CLEARING CORPORATION (IFSC) LIMITED** a Subsidiary of BSE Limited (hereinafter called the Company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

The Company is an IFSC (International Financial Service Centre) Company which has obtained necessary approval from Central Government for setting up its centre in SEZ. The Company provides clearing & settlement, risk management services in GIFT IFSC.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company and *also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of Secretarial Audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on **March 31, 2024** complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and Compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on **March 31, 2024** according to the provisions of:

- 1) *The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the Rules made thereunder;
- 2) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the Rulamade there under;



YASH MEHTA & ASSOCIATES Company Secretaries

- 3) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):
 - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act, 2013 and dealing with client;
- 4) The following Regulations prescribed by International Financial Services Centres Authority (IFSCA) under International Financial Services Centres Authority Act, 2019: -
 - (a) IFSCA (Market Infrastructure Institutions) Regulations, 2021
 - (b) IFSCA (Capital Market Intermediaries) Regulations, 2021
 - (c) IFSCA Circular no. F. No. 286/IFSCA/Policy Matters (CMD-DMIIT)/2021 regarding Fee structure for Market Infrastructure Institutions(MIIs)and participants
 - (d) IFSCA Circular no. IFSCA/CMD/DMIIT/MII/CG/2022-23/1 dated June 28, 2022 regarding formation of Committees at Market Infrastructure Institutions (MIIs) in IFSC
 - (e) Rules, Regulations, Circulars, Orders, Notifications and Directives issued under the above statue to the extent applicable.
- 5) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- 6) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the Rules and Regulations framed thereunder and to the extent it is applicable to IFSC Company;
- *7) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act') are **NOT APPLICABLE** to the Company as the Company's Securities are not listed on any Stock Exchange:
 - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;



YASH MEHTA & ASSOCIATES Company Secretaries

- (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999 / The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021;
- (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021;
- (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021;
- (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buy Back of Securities) Regulations, 2018;
- (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Settlement Proceedings) Regulations, 2018 (Came into force w.e.f.01.01.2019)
- (i) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

Following Standards / Clauses / Regulations were not subject to our examination as the same are **EXEMPTED** to the Company:

i) Secretarial Standards with respect to the Meetings of the Board of Directors and Committee Meetings of the Board (SS-1) and General Meetings (SS-2) issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

We have relied on the representations made by the Company, its officers and on the reports given by designated professionals for systems and processes formed by the Company to monitor and ensure compliances under applicable Acts, Laws and Regulations to the Company.

*Auditor's Responsibility

The responsibility of the Auditor is to express opinion on the compliance with the applicable laws and maintenance of records based on audit. The audit was conducted in accordance with applicable Standards and those Standards require that the Auditor comply with statutory and regulatory requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about compliance with applicable laws and maintenance of Records.

Due to the inherent limitations of an audit including internal, financial and operating controls, there is an unavoidable risk that some Misstatements or material non-compliances may not be detected, even though the audit is properly planned and performed in accordance with the Standards

We further report that:



YASH MEHTA & ASSOCIATES Company Secretaries

During the year under review, the Company has **COMPLIED** with all the material aspects of the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, and Standards etc. as mentioned above. The Board of Directors and Committees of the Company as per IFSCA circular dated June 28, 2022 of the Company are duly constituted. The changes in the composition of Board and Committees that took place during the year under review were carried out in compliance of the provisions of Act.

Adequate notice is given to all the Directors and Committee Members to schedule the Board Meetings and Committee Meetings in advance in due compliances of law. Agenda and detailed notes on agenda were also sent in advance and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarification on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Decisions at the meetings of Board of Directors / Committees of the Company were carried through on the basis of majority. We were informed that there were no dissenting views by any members of Board / Committee in the meetings held during the year under review that were required to be captured and recorded as part of minutes

We further report that:

There are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

We further report that:

During the audit period, there were following instances of:

- 1. Shri Akshay Doshi was appointed as Chief Financial officer of the Company with effect from 24th April, 2023.
 - 2. Allotment of 55,95,00,000 (Fifty Five Crore Ninety Five Lakh Only) Equity Shares at Re. 1.00 (Rupee One Only) per equity share amounting to Rs. 55,95,00,000 (Rupees Fifty Five Crore Ninety Five Lakh Only) on 21.11.2023 to existing investors on right issue basis in compliance of provisions of Section 62(1)(a) of the Companies Act, 2013 including the Rules framed there under.
 - 3. Shri Vikas Goel resigned as Director of the company w.e.f. December, 2023.
 - 4. Shri Sushil Kumar appointed as Additional Director categorised Shareholder Director of the company w.e.f 19th March, 2024.



YASH MEHTA & ASSOCIATES Company Secretaries

There were no other instances of:

- a) Public issue / Right issue of Shares / Debentures / Sweat Equity etc.
- b) Redemption / Buy Back of Securities.
- c) Merger / amalgamation / Reconstruction etc.

d) Foreign Technical Collaboration.

FOR YASH MEHTA & ASSOCIATES
COMPANY SECRETARIES

FCS 12148 A H MEHTA
PROPRIETOR
PROPRIETOR
CONTROL OF THE PROPRIETOR
PROPRIETOR
PROPRIETOR
PROPRIETOR

COP: 16535

UDIN: F012143F000221033 Peer Review: 1269/2021

Date: 24.04.2024 Place: Ahmedabad

*Note1: The Company being an IFSC Company is exempted from complying with certain provisions of Companies Act, 2013 pursuant to the Notification issued by MCA dated January 4, 2017.

*Note 2: IFSCA is an Authority established under sub-section (1) of Section 4 of International Financial Services Centres Authority Act, 2019 to develop and regulate the financial services market in the International Financial Services Centres in India for matter connected therewith or incidental thereto.

This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as "ANNEXURE - A" and forms an integral part of this report





"ANNEXURE - A"

To, The Members,

INDIA INTERNATIONAL CLEARING CORPORATION (IFSC) LIMITED CIN: U67190GJ2016PLC093683

1stFloor, Unit No. 102, The Signature Building No. 13B, Road 1C, Zone 1, GIFT SEZ, GIFT CITY, Gandhinagar – 382355, Gujarat, India.

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter:

- 1. Maintenance of Secretarial records is the responsibility of the management of the company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain responsible assurance about the correctness of the contents of Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a responsible basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and books of accounts of the company.
- 4. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- 5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- 6. The Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

Date: 24.04.2024

Place: Ahmedabad

FOR YASH MEHTA & ASSOCIATES
COMPANY SECRETARIES

CP 165 YASH MEHTA PROPRIETOR Only SecurICS: 12143

COP: 16535

UDIN: F012143F000221033 Peer Review: 1269/2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of India International Clearing Corporation IFSC Limited

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of INDIA International Clearing Corporation IFSC Limited (the "Holding company") and its share of the net profit/(loss) after tax and total comprehensive income / loss of its associate India International Bullion Holding IFSC Limited which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2024, and the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as the "consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements, give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at March 31, 2024 and their consolidated profit including consolidated total comprehensive income, their consolidated changes in equity and their consolidated cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the Ind AS Financial Statements.

Information Other than the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information included in the Annual Report but does not include the consolidated Ind AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated Ind AS financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



Responsibilities of the Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to preparation of these consolidated Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance, consolidated total comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India . The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of the adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated Ind AS financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements,
 whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
 audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting
 a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
 collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for
 expressing our opinion on whether the Holding Company and its associate company which are companies
 incorporated in India, has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness
 of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated Ind AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Other Matter

We did not audit the financial statements of associate. The financial statements of associates have been audited by other auditor whose audit reports have been furnished to us by the Management and approved by Board, and our opinion is based solely on the reports of other auditors.

Our opinion above on the consolidated financials statements and our report in Other Legal and regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and on the report of other auditor

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated Ind AS financial statements.
 - b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books; the company is maintaining its books of account in electronic mode and these books of account are accessible in India at all times and the back-up of books of account and relevant documents is taken on daily basis and has been kept in servers physically located in India.
 - c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss including (including Other Comprehensive Income), Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated Ind AS financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.



- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on March 31, 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and its associate incorporated in India and the reports of the statutory auditors of associate company, none of the directors of the Group company incorporated in India is disqualified as on March 31, 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A" which is based on the auditor's reports of the Holding Company and its associate company incorporated in India. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial control over financial reporting of those companies, for reasons stated therein
- g) In terms of Notification No G.S.R. 08(E) dated January 4, 2017 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs under section 462 of the Act and in pursuance of sub-section (2) of the said section of Companies Act 2013(18 of 2013), the provisions of section 197 in respect of the remuneration paid by the Holding Company to its directors are not applicable to the Holding Company. Hence reporting under section 197(16) of the Act is not applicable to the Holding Company;
- h) with respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us we state that:
 - i. The Holding Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position
 - ii. The Holding Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company
 - iv. (a) The respective management of the Holding Company and its associate company has represented that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Holding Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (b) The respective management of the Holding company and its associate company has represented, that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the Holding Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Holding Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and



- (c) Based on such audit procedures, we have considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material mis-statement
- v. No dividend has been declared or paid during the year by the Holding Company.
- vi. Based on our examination, which included test checks that performed for the Holding company and associate (performed by other independent auditor) which are incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, all have used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit, we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with. Additionally, this being the first year of implementation of audit trail feature, the reporting related to preservation of audit trail records as per the statutory requirements for record retention is not applicable.
- 2. With respect to the matters specified in paragraphs 3(xxi) and 4 of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (the "Order" / "CARO") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, to be included in the Auditor's report, according to the information and explanations given to us, and based on the CARO reports issued by us for the Holding Company and its associate included in the consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company, to which reporting under CARO is applicable, we report that there are no qualifications or adverse remarks in these CARO reports.

The Statutory Auditors of the Associate company have mentioned in its CARO regarding mandated by IFSCA combined Networth of its subsidiary Bullion Exchange and its clearing corporation of USD 20 million by March 2024 is not complied with. The same has been extended to 31st July 2024. Further The Regulatory Authority IFSCA had mandated Networth of USD 3 million in respect of subsidiary of Associate (India International Depository IFSC Ltd) which is also not complied with. However, the companies have approached the Regulatory Authority for the necessary directions and allow further time to meet the regulatory requirements.

For Dalal Doctor and Associates **Chartered Accountants** FRN: 120833W

Amol Khanolkar Partner Membership No: 116765 Mumbai

Date: 24th April 24

ICAI UDIN: 24116765BKBGJQ5725



ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1 (f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of **India International Clearing Corporation IFSC Limited** of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Subsection 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements of the Holding Company as of and for the year ended March 31, 2024, we have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **India International Clearing Corporation IFSC Limited** (hereinafter referred to as "Company") and its associate company which are companies incorporated in India, as of that date

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the Company and its associate company, which are companies incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the respective Companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("the ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Holding Company and its associate company, which are companies incorporated in India, based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting of the Holding Company and its associate company, which are companies incorporated in India.



Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of consolidated Ind AS financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of consolidated Ind AS financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the consolidated Ind AS financial statements.

Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Holding Company and associate company which are companies incorporated in India, have, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2024, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the respective companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Dalal Doctor and Associates Chartered Accountants FRN: 120833W

Amol Khanolkar Partner Membership No: 116765 Mumbai

Date: 24th April 24

ICAI UDIN: 24116765BKBGJQ5725

	Dantianiana	NI-4-	As at Manush 1	14 2024		nt in Thousar
	Particulars	Note No.	As at March 3		As at March 31	
		140.	(Rs) Audited	(USD) Audited	(Rs) Audited	(USD) Audited
			71001100	/ tuulicu	71441124	, iduited
	ASSETS					
1	Non-current Assets					
	a. Property, Plant and Equipment	3	28,666.89	343.84	35,270.32	429.0
	b. Intangible Assets	4	1,238.57	14.86	2,077.62	25.2
	c. Financial Assets	7	1 20 257 72	1 401 01	1 42 101 65	1 574 0
	(i) Investment in Equity Instrument (ii) Other Financial Assets	8	1,39,357.72 14,55,644.32	1,491.91 17,459.23	1,42,181.65 12,09,034.13	1,574.9 14,705.4
	d. Non-current Tax Assets (net)	١	893.22	10.71	432.64	5.2
	,					
	Total		16,25,800.72	19,320.55	13,88,996.36	16,739.9
	Current Assets					
	a. Financial Assets					
	(i) Cash and Cash Equivalents	5 (a)	13,228.28	158.66	26,293.54	319.
	(ii) Bank Balances Other than (i) Above	5 (b)	1,31,772.27	1,580.50	60,460.09	735.
	(iii) Trade Receivables	6	14.59	0.18	- 4 20 724 40	4.460
	(iv) Other Financial Assets	8 9	4,06,761.05	4,878.76	1,20,731.49	1,468.
	b. Other Assets	9	3,717.17	44.59	1,511.90	18.
	Total		5,55,493.36	6,662.69	2,08,997.02	2,542.
	Total Assets		21,81,294.08	25,983.24	15,97,993.38	19,281.
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					
	Equity					
	a. Equity Share Capital	10	18,94,496.84	25,820.06	13,34,996.84	19,115.
	b. Other Equity	11	31,605.65	(2,897.65)	6,508.80	(2,953.
	Total		19,26,102.49	22,922.41	13,41,505.64	16,162.
	LIABILITIES					
	Non-current Liabilities					
	a. Financial Liabilities					
	(i) Other Financial Liabilities		-	-	-	
	(i) Lease Liability		34.22	0.41	36.26	0.
	b. Provisions	14	555.26	6.66	894.44	10.
	c. Other Liabilities	15	5.37	0.06	35.19	0.
	Total		594.85	7.13	965.89	11.
	Current Liabilities					
	a. Short-term borrowings					
	(i) Loans repayable on demand					
	a. From Banks		-	-	-	-
	b. Financial Liabilities					
	(i) Trade Payables	4.2	002.00	44.00	2 640 20	24
	 Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and 	12	983.89	11.80	2,610.39	31.
	small enterprises					
	b Total outstanding dues of creditor	12	5,182.78	62.20	3,611.24	43.
	other than micro enterprises and small enterprises					
	Sindii encerprises					
	(ii) Other Financial Liabilities	13	2,45,587.41	2,945.61	2,46,835.69	3,002.
	(iii) Lease Liability		4.09	0.05	2.06	0.
	c. Provisions	14	1,859.70	22.30	1,447.26	17.
	d. Other Liabilities	15	978.87	11.74	1,015.21	12.
	Total		2,54,596.74	3,053.70	2,55,521.85	3,107
	Total Equity and Liabilities		21,81,294.08	25,983.24	15,97,993.38	19,281.

In terms of our report attached For Dalal Doctor & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No.: 120833W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Amol Khanolkar Partner Membership No.: 116765 Dr Sudip Kumar Nanda Chairman DIN: 00315376 Arup Mukherjee Managing Director & CEO DIN: 07698913

Akshay Doshi
Date: April 24, 2024 Chief Financial Officer
Place: Mumbai Place : Gandhinagar

India International Clearing Corporation (IFSC) Limited Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the Year ended March 31, 2024

Expenses	L					Am	ounts in Thousand
Revenue from Operations 16		Particulars	Note No.	ended	ended		ended
Revenue from Operations 16 10.6.97 1.29 130.00 1.62							
2 Investment income 17 346.55 31.95 30.299.76 376.90	<u> </u>	T .					
Total revenue (1+2+3) 3,780.33 47.03 4		·	16		_		
Total revenue (1+2+3) Total Expenses Employee Benefits Expenses Employee Benefits Expenses Total Expense						· ·	
Septences Employee Benefits Expense Employee Benefits Expense Employee Benefits Expense 18 22,940.80 277.09 20,208.23 251.38 1.74 0.15 1.72 0.15 1.72 0.15 1.72 0.15 1.74 0.15 1.75	3	Other Income	17	346.55	4.19	3,780.33	47.03
Employee Benefits Expense 18	4	Total revenue (1+2+3)		77,611.91	937.43	34,210.09	425.55
Employee Benefits Expense 18	Ļ	Fynences					
Administration and Other Expenses Finance Costs (Refer below note) Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses Finance Costs (Refer below note) Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses 7 total Expenses 6 Profit / (loss) before tax (4 - 5) Frofit / (loss) before tax (4 - 5) 7 Share of profit / (loss) of associate accounted using equity method 8 Tax Expenses Current tax and Deferred tax Profit / (loss) for the Year from Continuing Operations 1 Tax expenses of Discontinuing Operations 1 Tax expenses	ľ	I ·	18	22,940,80	277 09	20.208.23	251.38
Finance Costs (Refer below note) Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses 38.4 7.912.53 95.57 13.944.13 173.44 179.515.08 7.912.53 95.57 13.944.13 173.44 179.515.08 7.912.53 95.57 13.944.13 173.44 179.515.08 7.912.53 95.57 13.944.13 173.44 179.515.08 7.912.53 95.57 13.944.13 173.44 179.515.08 7.912.53 95.57 13.944.13 173.44 179.515.08 7.912.53 95.57 13.944.13 173.44 179.515.08 7.912.53 95.57 13.944.13 179.515.08 7.912.53 7.912.	l			,			
Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses 384 7,912.53 95.57 13,944.13 173.44 Total Expenses 72,171.19 877.71 70,515.08 877.15 Frofit / (loss) before tax (4 - 5) 5,440.72 65.72 (36,304.99) (451.60 Tax Expenses 72,171.19 877.71 70,515.08 877.15 Share of profit / (loss) of associate accounted using equity method (6,850.03) (82.73) (24,228.05) (301.10 Tax Expenses 72,171.19 70,515.08 70,515.08 Tax Expenses 72,171.19 70,515.08 70,515.08 70,515.08 Tax Expenses 72,171.19 70,515.08 70,515.08 70,515.08 Tax Expenses 72,171.19 70,515.08 70,515.08 70,515.08 70,515.08 Tax Expenses 72,171.19 70,515.08 70,515.08 70,515.08 70,515.08 70,515.08 Tax Expenses 72,171.19 70,515.08 70,5	l	•				· '	
5 Frofit / (loss) before tax (4 - 5) 5,440.72 65.72 (36,304.99) (451.60		, ,	3&4				173.44
5 Frofit / (loss) before tax (4 - 5) 5,440.72 65.72 (36,304.99) (451.60		Total Fynances		72 171 19	871 71	70 515 08	877 15
Share of profit / (loss) of associate accounted using equity method (6,850.03) (82.73) (24,228.05) (301.10		Total Expenses		72,171.13	071.71	70,313.00	677.13
Tax Expense:	6	Profit / (loss) before tax (4 - 5)		5,440.72	65.72	(36,304.99)	(451.60)
Current tax and Deferred tax	7	Share of profit / (loss) of associate accounted using equity method		(6,850.03)	(82.73)	(24,228.05)	(301.10)
Profit / (loss) for the Year from Continuing Operations (6-7+8)	8	Tax Expense:					
10 Profit from Discontinuing Operations		Current tax and Deferred tax		-	-	-	-
Tax expenses of Discontinuing Operations Profit from Discontinuing Operations (after tax) (10+11) Tax expenses of Discontinuing Operations (10+1	9	Profit / (loss) for the Year from Continuing Operations (6-7+8)		(1,409.31)	(17.01)	(60,533.04)	(752.70)
12 Profit from Discontinuing Operations (after tax) (10+11)	10	Profit from Discontinuing Operations		-	-	-	-
13 Profit / (loss) for the Year (9 + 12) (1,409.31) (17.01) (60,533.04) (752.70 14 Other Comprehensive Income	11	Tax expenses of Discontinuing Operations		-	-	-	-
14 Other Comprehensive Income A Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (i) Remeasurement of defined benefit plan (ii) Share of other comprehensive income of associate accounted using equity method B Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (i) Foreign Currency translation reserve (ii) Share of other comprehensive income of associate accounted using equity method Total Other Comprehensive Income for the Year 15 Total Comprehensive Income for the Year (13+14) 16 Earning Per Equity Share: Basic and Diluted Earning Per Share Per value of share Rs Weighted average number of shares (Nos.) 20,521.09 1.12 24.92 0.31 (28.82) (0.35) 9.69 0.12 18,689.79 - 1,08,072.36 - 1,0	12	Profit from Discontinuing Operations (after tax) (10+11)		-	-	-	-
A Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (i) Remeasurement of defined benefit plan (ii) Share of other comprehensive income of associate accounted using equity method B Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (i) Foreign Currency translation reserve (ii) Share of other comprehensive income of associate accounted using equity method Total Other Comprehensive Income for the Year Total Comprehensive Income for the Year (13+14) Earning Per Equity Share: Basic and Diluted Earning Per Share Per value of share Rs Weighted average number of shares (Nos.) A Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (24.92 0.31 (28.82) (0.35) 9.69 0.12 (28.82) (0.35) 9.69 0.12 (28.82) (0.35) 9.69 0.12 (28.82) 0.31 (28.82) 0.31 (28.82) 0.35 1,08,072.36 - 1,08,072.36 - 1,08,072.36 - 1,08,072.36 - 1,16,819.44 0.43 0.43 1.56,286.40 0.752.27 0.31 0.31 0.32 0.31 0.33 0.34 0.35 0.35 0.35 0.35 0.35 0.35 0.35 0.35	13	Profit / (loss) for the Year (9 + 12)		(1,409.31)	(17.01)	(60,533.04)	(752.70)
(i) Remeasurement of defined benefit plan (ii) Share of other comprehensive income of associate accounted using equity method B Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (i) Foreign Currency translation reserve (ii) Share of other comprehensive income of associate accounted using equity method Total Other Comprehensive Income for the Year 15 Total Comprehensive Income for the Year (13+14) Earning Per Equity Share: Basic and Diluted Earning Per Share Per value of share Rs Weighted average number of shares (Nos.) 1.12 24.92 0.31 (28.82) (0.35) 9.69 0.12 18,689.79 - 1,08,072.36 - 1,767.39 - 8,712.47 - 8,712.47 - 1,16,819.44 0.43 19,111.78 (16.24) 56,286.40 (752.27) 10.0006 10.00001 10.00001 10.00001 10.00001 10.00001 10.00001 10.33 1.12 24.92 0.31 1.33,49,96,841	14	Other Comprehensive Income					
(ii) Share of other comprehensive income of associate accounted using equity method B Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (i) Foreign Currency translation reserve (ii) Share of other comprehensive income of associate accounted using equity method Total Other Comprehensive Income for the Year Total Comprehensive Income for the Year (13+14) Earning Per Equity Share: Basic and Diluted Earning Per Share Per value of share Rs Weighted average number of shares (Nos.) (0.35) 9.69 0.12 (1.8,689.79 - 1,08,072.36 - 8,712.47 - 8,712.47 - 20,521.09 0.77 1,16,819.44 0.43 19,111.78 (16.24) 56,286.40 (752.27) (0.0006) (0.00001) (0.00001) (0.0005) NA 1,53,67,83,726 1,33,49,96,841 1,33,49,96,841	l	A Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss					
method B Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (i) Foreign Currency translation reserve (ii) Share of other comprehensive income of associate accounted using equity method Total Other Comprehensive Income for the Year 15 Total Comprehensive Income for the Year (13+14) 16 Earning Per Equity Share: Basic and Diluted Earning Per Share Per value of share Rs Weighted average number of shares (Nos.) 18,689.79 1,767.39 1,108,072.36 - 1,08,072.36 - 1,16,819.44 0.43 19,111.78 (16.24) 56,286.40 (752.27) 10,00001 (0.00001) (0.00001) (0.00001) 1,53,67,83,726 1,53,67,83,726 1,53,67,83,726 1,33,49,96,841 1,33,49,96,841	l	(i) Remeasurement of defined benefit plan		92.73	1.12	24.92	0.31
B Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (i) Foreign Currency translation reserve (ii) Share of other comprehensive income of associate accounted using equity method Total Other Comprehensive Income for the Year 15 Total Comprehensive Income for the Year (13+14) 16 Earning Per Equity Share: Basic and Diluted Earning Per Share Per value of share Rs Weighted average number of shares (Nos.) B Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss 18,689.79 1,767.39 1,108,072.36 2,047 1,16,819.44 0.43 19,111.78 (16.24) 19,111.78 (16.24) 19,111.78 (16.24) 19,111.78 10,00001 10,00001 10,00001 10,00001 10,00001 10,00001 10,00006 11,53,67,83,726 1,53,67,83,726 1,53,67,83,726 1,33,49,96,841 1,33,49,96,841		1		(28.82)	(0.35)	9.69	0.12
(i) Foreign Currency translation reserve (ii) Share of other comprehensive income of associate accounted using equity method Total Other Comprehensive Income for the Year 15 Total Comprehensive Income for the Year (13+14) 16 Earning Per Equity Share: Basic and Diluted Earning Per Share Per value of share Rs Weighted average number of shares (Nos.) 18,689.79 1,767.39 1 1,08,072.36 8,712.47 1 0.43 19,111.78 19,111.78 10,0001 10,00001 10,00001 10,00001 10,00006 11,53,67,83,726 1,53,67,83,726 1,53,67,83,726 1,33,49,96,841 1,33,49,96,841	l						
(ii) Share of other comprehensive income of associate accounted using equity method Total Other Comprehensive Income for the Year 15 Total Comprehensive Income for the Year (13+14) 16 Earning Per Equity Share: Basic and Diluted Earning Per Share Per value of share Rs Weighted average number of shares (Nos.) 1,767.39	l	'		10 000 70		1 00 072 20	
Total Other Comprehensive Income for the Year 20,521.09 0.77 1,16,819.44 0.43	l			,	-		-
15 Total Comprehensive Income for the Year (13+14) 19,111.78 (16.24) 56,286.40 (752.27) 16 Earning Per Equity Share: Basic and Diluted Earning Per Share Per value of share Rs Weighted average number of shares (Nos.) 19,111.78 (16.24) 56,286.40 (752.27) (0.001) (0.00001) (0.00001) (0.0005) (0.0006) 10,111.78 (16.24) 56,286.40 (752.27) 10,111.78 (16.24) 56,286.40 (752.27) 11,111.78 (16.24) 56,286.40 (752.27) 11,111.78 (16.24) 56,286.40 (752.27) 12,111.78 (16.24) 56,286.40 (752.27)				1,767.39	-	8,712.47	-
16 Earning Per Equity Share : 21 Basic and Diluted Earning Per Share (0.001) (0.00001) (0.045) (0.0006) Per value of share Rs 1 NA 1 NA Weighted average number of shares (Nos.) 1,53,67,83,726 1,53,67,83,726 1,33,49,96,841 1,33,49,96,841		Total Other Comprehensive Income for the Year		20,521.09	0.77	1,16,819.44	0.43
Basic and Diluted Earning Per Share (0.001) (0.00001) (0.0005) (0.0006 Per value of share Rs 1 NA 1 NA Weighted average number of shares (Nos.) 1,53,67,83,726 1,53,67,83,726 1,33,49,96,841 1,33,49,96,841	15	Total Comprehensive Income for the Year (13+14)		19,111.78	(16.24)	56,286.40	(752.27)
Basic and Diluted Earning Per Share (0.001) (0.00001) (0.0005) (0.0006 Per value of share Rs 1 NA 1 NA Weighted average number of shares (Nos.) 1,53,67,83,726 1,53,67,83,726 1,33,49,96,841 1,33,49,96,841	16		21				
Per value of share Rs 1 NA 1 Weighted average number of shares (Nos.) 1,53,67,83,726 1,53,67,83,726 1,33,49,96,841 1,33,49,96,841				(0.001)	(0.00001)	(0.045)	(0.0006)
Weighted average number of shares (Nos.) 1,53,67,83,726 1,53,67,83,726 1,33,49,96,841 1,33,49,96,841	l			1		1	` '
See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements				1,53,67,83,726		1,33,49,96,841	
		See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements	1-2				

In terms of our report attached For Dalal Doctor & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No.: 120833W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Amol Khanolkar Partner

Membership No.: 116765

Dr. Sudip Kumar Nanda Chairman DIN: 00315376

Arup Mukherjee Managing Director & CEO DIN: 07698913

Akshay Doshi **Chief Financial Officer** Place : Gandhinagar

Date: April 24, 2024 Place: Mumbai

India International Clearing Corporation (IFSC) Limited Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year ended ended March 31, 2024 **Amount in Thousand** For the Year ended March 31, 2024 For the Year ended March 31, 2023 **Particulars** (USD) (Rs) (USD) (Rs) Audited Audited A. Cash Flow From Operating Activities Profit / (Loss) For The period (1,409.31) (17.01)(60,533.04) (752.70)7,912.53 95.57 13,944.13 173.44 Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plan 92.73 1.12 24.92 0.31 112.95 1.36 11.74 0.15 Finance cost (77,158.39) (931.95) (30,299.76) (376.90)Interest Income on Fixed Deposits 17,216.61 1,00,078.27 Foreign Currency Translation Reserve 82.73 24.228.05 301.10 Share of profit/loss in associate accounted by equity method 6.850.03 Adjustments for Changes in operating Liability and Assets (54.96) (1.70)3.297.39 Trade Pavable 37.12 Trade Receivables (14.59) (0.18) 517.78 Provisions 73.26 0.48 4.42 Other Liabilities (66.16) (0.98)(704.32)(10.36)Other Financial Liabilities (1,04,888.23) (1.248.28)(56.63) (1.637.46) Other Financial Assets 8.24 0.16 38.79 0.95 Other Assets (2,205.27) (26.21) 2,667.95 36.76 (49,890.61) (853.24) (51,616.33) (2,223.17) Taxes Paid (460.58) (5.45) 119.92 2.03 Net Cash Generated From /(Used in) Operating Activities (50,351.19) (858.69) (51,496.41) (2,221.14) Cash Flow From Investing Activities Purchase of Property, Plant & Equipment and Intangible Assets & CWIP (See Notes (470.05) (5,361.44) (21.89)Investment in Associate Company (See Notes below) (2,287.53) (59,734.96) (620.81) Investment in Fixed Deposit (16,96,998.15) (20,354.07) (25,47,240.57) (29,877.30) Proceeds of Maturity of Fixed Deposit 11,47,054.58 13,978.78 23,39,670.98 28,457.30 Interest Income Received 30,600.04 369.63 25.674.31 319.37 Net Cash Generated From /(Used in) Investment Activities (5,22,101.11) (6,005.66) (2,46,991.68) (1,743.33) C. Cash Flow From Financing Activities Proceeds From Allotment of Equity Share from Rights Issue 5,59,500.00 6,704.57 Repayment of lease liability (0.01)(2.08)(0.07)Finance cost (112.95) (1.36)(11.74)(0.15) Net Cash Generated From Financing/(Used in) Activities 5,59,387.04 6,703.20 (13.82) (0.22) D. Net Increase / (Decrease) In Cash and Cash Equivalents (13,065.26) (161.15)(2,98,501.91) (3,964.69) Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Year In Current Account - Owned 9.893.32 118.66 6.072.29 73.86 In Current Account - Member Fund 11.921.45 3,334.96 145.00 40.00 In Deposit account - Own Fund 8.299.80 100.95 13,228.28 158.66 26,293.54 319.81 Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the Year 26,293.54 319.81 3,24,795.45 4,284.50 **Changes In Cash and Cash Equivalents** (13,065.26) (161.15) (2,98,501.91) (3,964.69) Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Year 13,228.28 158.66 26,293.54 319.81 Cash and Bank Balance (Refer note 5 (a)) 13,228.28 158.66 26,293.54 319.81

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements Note:

- 1 Cash and cash equivalents comprise balances in current account with banks and fixed deposit having original maturity less than 3 months.
- 2 The Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in Indian Accounting Standard 7 "Cash Flow Statement".
- 3 Movement in earmarked asset and liability is not considered.
- 4 There is no movement in Investment in Associate Company. The above investment amount represents forex conversion impact.
- 5 Forex conversion impact is included in the INR figure of purchase / sale of property, plant & equipment and intangible assets.

In terms of our report attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Dalal Doctor & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No.: 120833W

> Dr Sudip Kumar Nanda Chairman DIN: 00315376

Arup Mukherjee Managing Director & CEO DIN: 07698913

Partner Membership No.: 116765

Amol Khanolkar

Akshay Doshi Chief Financial Officer Place: Gandhinagar

Date: April 24, 2024 Place: Mumbai

India International Clearing Corporation (IFSC) Limited Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2024

A. Equity Share Capital

Particulars	(Rs)	(USD)
Balance at April 01, 2022	13,34,996.84	19,115.49
Changes in Equity Share Capital during the year	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2023	13,34,996.84	19,115.49
Balance at April 01, 2023	13,34,996.84	19,115.49
•		
Changes in Equity Share Capital during the year	5,59,500.00	6,704.57
Balance as at March 31, 2024	18,94,496.84	25,820.06

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Particulars		Reserve & Surplus			Items of Other Comprehensive income				Total Other equity	Total Other equity	
	Retained earning	Retained earning	Default Fund	Default Fund	Foreign Currency translation reserve	Remeasurements gain / (loss) on the defined employee benefit plans	Remeasurements gain / (loss) on the defined employee benefit plans	Share of other comprehensive income of associate accounted using equity method	Share of other comprehensive income of associate accounted using equity method		
	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
Balance as at April 01, 2022	(2,40,702.89)	(3,480.83)	94,544.12	1,247.17	91,083.84	412.11	6.00	2,686.01	-	(51,976.81)	(2,227.66
Contribution to Default Fund	1				-	-	-		-	- 1	-
Profit / (Loss) for the year ended March 31, 2023	(60,533.04)	(752.70)	-	-	-	-	-		-	(60,533.04)	(752.70
Interest on Default Fund for the year March 31, 2023		-	2,199.21	26.74	-	-	-		-	2,199.21	26.74
Penalty transferred to Default Fund during the year ended March 31, 2023	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Other Comprehensive Income for the year Ended March 31, 2023	-	-	7,994.09	-	1,00,078.27	24.92	0.31	8,722.16	0.12	1,16,819.44	0.43
Balance as at March 31, 2023	(3,01,235.93)	(4,233.53)	1,04,737.42	1,273.91	1,91,162.10	437.03	6.31	11,408.17	0.12	6,508.80	(2,953.19
Balance as at April 01, 2023	(3,01,235.93)	(4,233.53)	1,04,737.42	1,273.91	1,91,162.10	437.03	6.31	11,408.17	0.12	6,508.80	(2,953.19
Contribution to Default Fund	-	-	-	-	-					-	-
Profit / (Loss) for the year ended March 31, 2024	(1,409.31)	(17.01)								(1,409.31)	(17.01
Interest on Default Fund for the year March 31, 2024			5,928.92	71.11						5,928.92	71.11
Penalty transferred to Default Fund during the year ended March 31, 2024			56.15	0.67						56.15	0.67
Other Comprehensive Income for the year Ended March 31, 2024			1,473.18	-	17,216.61	92.73	1.12	1,738.57	(0.35)	20,521.09	0.77
Balance as at March 31, 2024	(3,02,645.24)	(4,250.54)	1,12,195.67	1,345.69	2,08,378.71	529.76	7.43	13,146.74	(0.23)	31,605.65	(2,897.65

In terms of our report attached For Dalal Doctor & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No.: 120833W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Amol Khanolkar Partner

Date: April 24, 2024 Place: Mumbai

Dr Sudip Kumar Nanda Chairman DIN: 00315376

Arup Mukherjee Managing Director & CEO DIN: 07698913

Membership No.: 116765

Akshay Doshi **Chief Financial Officer**

Place : Gandhinagar

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

1 General Information

India International Clearing Corporation (IFSC) Limited was incorporated in September 2016, to carry on business as a clearing corporation and to assist, regulate, control and/or otherwise associate with the business of clearing and settlement of debt securities, currency & interest rate derivatives, single stock derivatives, index based derivatives, commodities derivatives and such other securities/derivatives/products of any kind as may be permitted by IFSC Authority from time to time.

International Financial Services Centres Authority (IFSCA) is a unified authority for the development and regulation of financial products, financial services and financial institutions in GIFT IFSC. Prior to the establishment of IFSCA, the domestic Indian financial regulators, namely, RBI, SEBI, PFRDA and IRDAI regulated the business in the IFSC. W.e.f. October 01, 2020, IFSCA is the regulator for the Company. Prior to this SEBI was the regulator for the Company.

The audited consolidated financial statements were authorized for issuance by the Company's Board of Directors on April 24, 2024.

2 Significant Accounting Policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statement

2.1.1 Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2024 have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016.

All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest thousands, as per the requirement of Schedule III, unless stated otherwise.

2.1.2 Basis of Consolidation

The Company consolidates entity on which it has significant influence. The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its associate.

Particulars of Associate:

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statement for the year ended March 31,2024

Name of the Company	Principal Activity	Country of Incorpor ation	Percentage of Voting Power as at March 31, 2024
India International Bullion Holding IFSC Limited (w.e.f June 04, 2021) - Associate	Finance company undertaking specialized activity - Holding Company for Bullion Project	India	10.00%

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

2.2 Foreign currency translation and transactions

a) Functional and presentation currency

United State Dollars (USD) is the functional currency of the Company and the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates. The financial statements are presented in Indian rupees. The presentation currency is different from functional currency to comply with Income tax and other statutory law.

b) Transactions and balances

A foreign currency transaction shall be recorded, on initial recognition in the functional currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount the spot exchange rate between the functional currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

At the end of each reporting period

- (a) foreign currency monetary items shall be translated using the closing rate;
- (b) nonmonetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency shall be translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction; and
- (c) nonmonetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency shall be translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined

c) Translation to presentation currency (Foreign Currency Translation Reserve)

For the purpose of preparation of financial statements in Indian rupees, income and expenses are translated at average rates and the assets and liabilities except equity share capital are stated at closing rate. The net impact of such changes is presented under foreign exchange translation reserve.

2.3 Use of Estimates and judgment

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on a periodic basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected. In particular, information about significant areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements is included in the following notes:

- a. Income taxes: The Company's tax jurisdiction is in India. Significant judgments are involved in determining th provision for income taxes, including the amount expected to be paid or recovered in connection with uncertain tax positions. Company is eligible to claim deduction of income, an amount equal to one hundred per cent of the income for any ten consecutive assessment years, out of fifteen years as per section 80LA of Income tax Act, 1961.
- b. Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws, which gives future economic benefits in the form of adjustment to future income tax liability, is considered as an asset if there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as an asset in the Balance Sheet when it is highly probable that future economic benefit associated with it will flow to the Company.

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

- c. Property plant and equipment: The charge in respect of periodic depreciation is derived after determining an estimate of an asset's expected useful life and the expected residual value at the end of its life. The useful lives and residual values at the end of its useful life of Group's assets are estimated by management at the time the asset is acquired and reviewed periodically, including at each financial year end. The useful lives are based on historical experience with similar assets as well as anticipation of future events, which may impact their life, such as changes in technology.
- d. Defined employee benefit obligation determined based on the present value of future obligations using assumptions determined by the Company with advice from an independent qualified actuary.
- e. Other estimates: The preparation of financial statements involves estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities, disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses for the reporting period. Specifically, the Company estimates the probability of collection of accounts receivable by analysing historical payment patterns, customer status, customer credit-worthiness and current economic trends. If the financial condition of a customer deteriorates, additional allowances may be required.

2.4 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

All financial instruments are recognised initially at fair value. Transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset (other than financial assets recorded at fair value through profit or loss) are included in the fair value of the financial assets. Purchase or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trade) are recognised on trade date. While, loans and borrowings and payable are recognised net of directly attributable transactions costs.

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, financial instruments of the Company are classified in the following categories: financial assets comprising amortised cost, financial assets (debt instruments) at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI), equity instruments at FVTOCI and fair value through Profit and Loss account (FVTPL), financial liabilities at amortised cost or FVTPL.

The classification of financial instruments depends on the objective of the business model for which it is held. Management determines the classification of its financial instruments at initial recognition.

Financial assets

- a. Financial assets at amortised cost: A financial asset shall be measured at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:
- i. The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and
- ii. The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding (SPPI).

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

They are presented as current assets, except for those maturing later than 12 months after the reporting date which are presented as non-current assets. Financial assets are measured initially at fair value plus transaction costs and subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment loss.

Amortised cost are represented by investment in interest bearing debt instruments, trade receivables, security deposits, cash and cash equivalents, employee and other advances and eligible current and non-current assets.

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and in banks and demand deposits with banks which can be withdrawn at any time without prior notice or penalty on the principal. Equity instruments at FVTOCI and FVTPL:

All equity instruments are measured at fair value other than investment in subsidiaries, joint venture and associate. Equity instruments held for trading is classified as FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value in OCI. The Company makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument,

excluding dividend are recognised in OCI which is not subsequently recycled to statement of profit and loss.

b. Equity investments in Subsidiary:

All equity investment in subsidiary is measured at cost.

c. Financial assets at FVTPL:

FVTPL is a residual category for financial assets. Any financial asset which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortised cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as FVTPL In addition the Company may elect to designate the financial asset, which otherwise meets amortised cost or FVOCI criteria, as FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency. The Company has not designated any financial asset as FVTPL Financial assets included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair values with all changes in the statement of profit and loss.

Earmarked Funds

Earmarked Funds represent deposits, margins, etc. held for specific purposes. These amounts are invested and the same are earmarked in the Balance Sheet. Investment income earned on financial instrument measured at amortised cost is credited to respective earmarked liabilities and not credited to the Statement of Profit or Loss. The Gain/ (Loss) on Fair Value of the investments from these earmarked funds are shown as liabilities/asset and are not routed through the Profit or Loss.

Financial liabilities

(a) Financial liabilities at amortised cost:

Financial liabilities at amortised cost represented by trade and other payables are initially recognized at fair value, and subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

(b) Financial liabilities at FVTPL:

Financial liabilities at FVTPL represented by contingent consideration are measured at fair value with all changes recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

2.5 Property, plant and equipment

- a. Recognition and measurement: Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Cost includes expenditures directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset.
- b. Depreciation: The Company depreciates property, plant and equipment over the estimated useful lives on a Straight Line method basis from the date the assets are ready for intended use. Assets acquired under finance lease and leasehold improvements are amortized over the lower of estimated useful life or lease term. The estimated useful lives of assets of significant items of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Category	Useful lives
Leasehold premises	30 years
Plant and Equipments	15 years
Electrical installations	10 years
Networking Equipments – Owned	6 years
Computers Hardware – Owned	3 years
Furniture, fixtures	10 years
Office equipments	5 years
Motor vehicles	8 years

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

When parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment. Subsequent expenditure relating to property, plant and equipment is capitalized only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with these will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Repairs and maintenance costs are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when incurred. The cost and related accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the financial statements upon sale or disposition of the asset and the resultant gains or losses are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

Amounts paid towards the acquisition of property, plant and equipment outstanding as of each reporting date and the cost of property, plant and equipment not ready for intended use before such date are disclosed under capital work-in-progress.

2.6 Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment. Intangible assets are amortized over their respective estimated useful lives on a "Straight Line method", from the date that they are available for use. The estimated useful lives of an identifiable intangible asset is based on a number of factors including the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition and other economic factors (such as the stability of the industry and known technological advances) and the level of maintenance expenditures required to obtain the expected future cash flows from the asset.

The estimated useful lives of intangibles are as follows:

Category	Useful lives
Computer software	6 Years

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Derecognition of intangible assets

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, and are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

2.7 Leases

The Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether:

- 1. the contract involves the use of an identified asset;
- 2. the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease; and
- 3. the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognizes a right-of-use asset ("ROU") and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

The right-of-use assets are initially recognized at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Certain lease arrangements includes the options to extend or terminate the lease before the end of the lease term.

ROU assets and lease liabilities includes these options when it is reasonably certain that they will be exercised.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and useful life of the underlying asset. Right of use assets are evaluated for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the Cash Generating Unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs.

The lease liability is initially measured at amortized cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates in the country of domicile of these leases. Lease liabilities are remeasured with a corresponding adjustment to the related right of use asset if the Company changes its assessment if whether it will exercise an extension or a termination option.

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

The lease liability is initially measured at amortized cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates in the country of domicile of these leases. Lease liabilities are remeasured with a corresponding adjustment to the related right of use asset if the Company changes its assessment if whether it will exercise an extension or a termination option.

For short-term and low value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

As a Lessor:

Lease income from operating leases where the Company is a lessor is recognised in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term unless the receipts are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the expected inflationary cost increases. The respective leased assets are included in the balance sheet based on their nature.

2.8 Impairment

a. Financial assets carried at amortised cost and FVTOCI

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss. The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivable.

The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If in subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognising impairment loss allowance based on 12 month ECL Lifetime ECLs are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The 12 month ECL is a portion of the lifetime ECL which results from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e. all shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR. When estimating the cash flows, an entity is required to consider:

i. All contractual terms of the financial instrument (including prepayment, extension etc.) over the expected life of the financial instrument. However, in rare cases when the expected life of the financial instrument cannot be estimated reliably, then the entity is required to use the remaining contractual term of the financial instrument.

ii. Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

The Company has used a practical expedient by computing the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivable based on a detailed analysis of trade receivable by individual departments. ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognised during the period is recognised as income/expense in the statement of profit and loss. The balance sheet presentation for various financial instruments is described below:

Financial assets measured at amortised cost, contractual revenue receivable: ECL is presented as an allowance, i.e. as an integral part of the measurement of those assets in the balance sheet. The allowance reduces the net carrying amount. Until the asset meets write off criteria, the Company does not reduce impairment allowance from the gross carrying amount.

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that a non-financial asset or a group of non-financial assets is impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the amount of impairment loss. An impairment loss is calculated as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and recoverable amount. Losses are recognised in profit or loss and reflected in an allowance account. When the Company considers that there are no realistic prospects of recovery of the asset, the relevant amounts are written off. If the amount of impairment loss subsequently decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, then the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit (as defined below) is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets (the "cash-generating unit").

2.9 Employee benefit

The Company participates in various employee benefit plans. Post-employment benefits are classified as either defined contribution plans or defined benefit plans.

Defined Contribution Plan

Under a defined contribution plan, the Company's only obligation is to pay a fixed amount with no obligation to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits. The related actuarial and investment risks fall on the employee. The expenditure for defined contribution plans is recognized as expense during the period when the employee provides service.

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Defined benefit Plan

Under a defined benefit plan, it is the Company's obligation to provide agreed benefits to the employees. The related actuarial and investment risks fall on the Company. The present value of the defined benefit obligations is calculated using the projected unit credit method.

The Company has the following employee benefit plans:

a. Gratuity

In accordance with the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972, the Company provides for a lump sum payment to eligible employees, at retirement or termination of employment based on the last drawn salary and years of employment with the Company. The Company's obligation in respect of the gratuity plan, which is a defined benefit plan, is provided for based on actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method.

Actuarial gains or losses are recognised in other comprehensive income. Further, the profit or loss does not include an expected return on plan assets. Instead net interest recognised in profit or loss is calculated by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation to the net defined benefit liability or asset. The actual return on the plan assets above or below the discount rate is recognised as part of re-measurement of net defined liability or asset through Other Comprehensive Income.

Remeasurements comprising actuarial gains or losses and return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net

interest on the net defined benefit liability) are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods

b. Compensated absences

The employees of the Company are entitled to compensated absences. The employees can carry forward a portion of the unutilised accumulating compensated absences and utilise it in future periods or receive cash at retirement or termination of employment. The Company records an obligation for compensated absences in the period in which the employee renders the services that increases this entitlement. The Company measures the expected cost of compensated absences as the additional amount that the Company expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the end of the reporting period. The Company recognizes accumulated compensated absences based on actuarial valuation. Non-accumulating compensated absences are recognized in the period in which the absences occur. The Company recognizes actuarial gains and losses immediately in statement of profit and Loss Account.

c. Provident Fund and pension Fund

The Company offers its employees defined contribution plan in the form of provident fund.

The Company recognises contribution made towards provident fund in statement of profit and Loss Account.

2.10 Provisions and Contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognized as an asset, if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

Provisions for onerous contracts are recognized when the expected benefits to be derived by the Company from a contract are lower than the unavoidable costs of meeting the future obligations under the contract. Provisions for onerous contracts are measured at the present value of lower of the expected net cost of fulfilling the contract and the expected cost of terminating the contract and is adjusted to the cost of such assets.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. Contingent liabilities are disclosed in the notes. Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements.

Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

2.11 Revenue Recognition :

The Company derives revenue primarily from Services to Corporate and Securities Services. The Company recognizes revenue when the significant terms of the arrangement are enforceable, services have been delivered and the collectability is reasonably assured. The method for recognizing revenues and costs depends on the nature of the services rendered:

a. Time and service contracts

Revenues and costs relating to time and service contracts are recognized as the related services are rendered.

b. Annual / monthly Fee contracts

Revenue from Annual / monthly fee contracts is recognized rateably over the period of the contract using the percentage of completion method. When services are performed through an indefinite number of repetitive acts over a specified period of time, revenue is recognized on a straight line basis over the specified period or under some other method that better represents the stage of completion.

The Company accounts for volume discounts and pricing incentives to customers by reducing the amount of revenue recognized at the time of sale. Revenues are shown net of applicable discounts and allowances.

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

2.12 Investment income and interest expense

Investment income consists of interest income on funds invested, dividend income and gains on the disposal of financial assets measured at FVTPL and amortised cost.

Interest income on bond is recognised as it accrues in the Statement of Profit and Loss, using the effective interest method and interest income on deposits with banks is recognised on a time proportion accrual basis taking into the account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable.

Dividend income is recognised in the Profit or Loss on the date that the Company's right to receive payment is established.

Interest expenses consist of interest expense on loans, borrowings and finance lease. Borrowing costs are recognised in the Profit or Loss using the effective interest method.

2.13 Taxation

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognized in the statement of profit and loss except to the extent it relates to items directly recognized in equity or in other comprehensive income.

a. Current income tax

Current income tax for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities based on the taxable income for the period. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the current tax amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and applicable for the period. The Company offsets current tax assets and current tax liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and liability simultaneously.

b. Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is recognized using the balance sheet approach. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognized for deductible and taxable temporary differences arising between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount in financial statements, except when the deferred income tax arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting nor taxable profits or loss at the time of the transaction.

Deferred income tax asset are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized. Deferred income tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Deferred tax assets include Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws in India, which is likely to give future economic benefits in the form of availability of set off against future income tax liability. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as deferred tax asset in the balance sheet when the asset can be measured reliably and it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with the asset will be realised.

Deferred tax assets include Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws in India, which is likely to give future economic benefits in the form of availability of set off against future income tax liability. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as deferred tax asset in the balance sheet when the asset can be measured reliably and it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with the asset will be realised.

The Company recognises interest levied and penalties related to income tax assessments in income tax expenses.

2.14 Earnings per share

The Company reports basic and diluted earnings per share in accordance with Ind AS 33 on Earnings per share. Basic

earnings per share is computed using the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS is computed by dividing the net profit/loss after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic EPS and also weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the year, unless issued at a later date. Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented. The number of equity shares and potentially dilutive equity shares are adjusted for bonus shares, as appropriate.

2.15 Current and Non-current classification

The company present assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification

Assets: An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- a. it is expected to be realised in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the entity's normal operating cycle;
- b. it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- c. it is expected to be realised within twelve months after the balance sheet date; or
- d. it is cash or a cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the balance sheet date

All other assets are classified as non-current.

Liabilities: A liability is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- (a) It is expected to be settled in, the entity's normal operating cycle;
- (b) It is held primarily for the purpose of being traded; it is due to be settled within twelve months after the balance sheet date; or
- (c) The Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the balance sheet date.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Deferred tax assets, tax assets and Deferred tax liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

Operating Cycle

Based on the nature of products / activities of the Company and the normal time between acquisition of assets and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non-current.

2.16 Government Grants

Government grants are recognised where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attached conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the related costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed. When the grant relates to an asset, it is recognised as income in equal amounts over the expected useful life of the related asset.

2.17 Settlement Obligation

Pay-in/Pay-out obligation (Settlement Obligation) of the Company are accounted based on settlement dates.

2.18 Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit for the period is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

2.19 Cash and cash equivalents (for purposes of Cash Flow Statement)

Cash equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and net of outstanding bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand, book overdraft and are considered part of the Company's cash management system. These do not include bank balances earmarked/restricted for specific purposes.

3. Property, Plant and Equipment					Amount in T	housand (USD)
Particulars	Leasehold Premises and Improvements	Electrical installations	Computers -Hardware and networking equipments - owned	Furniture & fixtures	Office equipments	Total
Gross Block						
Balance as at April 01, 2023	228.22	44.15	866.88	13.54	5.12	1,157.91
Additions during the year		-		-		-
Deductions / adjustments		(1.18)	1.16	0.01		(0.01)
Balance as at March 31, 2024	228.22	42.97	868.04	13.55	5.12	1,157.90
Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment						
Balance as at April 01, 2023	48.03	25.97	641.96	7.81	5.12	728.89
Depreciation for the year	7.60	4.31	71.90	1.35		85.16
Deductions / Adjustments				0.01		0.01
Balance as at March 31, 2024	55.63	30.28	713.86	9.17	5.12	814.06
Net Book Value						
Balance as at March 31, 2024	172.59	12.69	154.18	4.38	-	343.84
Balance as at March 31, 2023	180.19	18.18	224.92	5.73	-	429.02
					A	rl (INID)
	Leasehold Premises	Electrical installations	Computers -Hardware	Furniture & fixtures	Office equipments	Thousand (INR)
Particulars	and Improvements	Liectrical installations	and networking equipments - owned	Turniture & fixtures	Onice equipments	Total
			equipments - owned			
Gross block						
Balance as at April 01, 2023	18,763.46	3,628.81	71,271.86	1,113.96	420.62	95,198.71
Additions during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deductions / adjustments	-	(98.35)	96.69	0.83	-	-0.83
Currency Fluctuation	264.03	52.23	1,003.42	14.90	6.00	1,340.58
Balance as at March 31, 2024	19,027.49	3,582.69	72,371.97	1,129.69	426.62	96,538.46
Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment						
Balance as at April 01, 2023	3.949.12	2.136.49	52.779.80	642.36	420.62	59,928.39
Depreciation for the year	629.20	355.77	5,953.11	112.18		7,050.26
Deductions / Adjustments	-	-	-	0.82	_	0.82
Currency Fluctuation	59.88	32.64	784.41	9.17	6.00	892.10
Balance as at March 31, 2024	4,638.20	2,524.90	59,517.32	764.53	426.62	67,871.57
Net Book Value						
Balance as at March 31, 2024	14,389.29	1,057.79	12,854.65	365.16	-	28,666.89
Balance as at March 31, 2023	14,814.34	1,492.32	18,492.06	471.60	-	35,270.32
Note: There is no addition or deduction of assets du	iring the neriod					

Note: There is no addition or deduction or assets d	uring the period					
					Amount in	Thousand (USD)
Particulars	Leasehold Premises and Improvements	Electrical installations	Computers -Hardware and networking equipments - owned	Furniture & fixtures	Office equipments	Total
Gross Block						
Balance as at April 01, 2022	228.22	42.97	866.88	13.13	5.12	1,156.32
Additions during the year		1.18	-	0.41		1.59
Deductions / adjustments			-		-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2023	228.22	44.15	866.88	13.54	5.12	1,157.91
Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment						
Balance as at April 01, 2022	40.43	21.69	502.58	6.46	5.10	576.26
Depreciation for the year	7.60	4.28	139.38	1.35	0.02	152.63
Deductions / Adjustments			-		-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2023	48.03	25.97	641.96	7.81	5.12	728.89
Net Book Value						
Balance as at March 31, 2023	180.19	18.18	224.92	5.73	_	429.02
Balance as at March 31, 2022	187.79	21.28	364.29	6.67	0.02	580.05
	1	I an		I		Thousand (INR)
Particulars	Leasehold Premises and Improvements	Electrical installations	Computers -Hardware and networking equipments - owned	Furniture & fixtures	Office equipments	Total
Gross block						
Balance as at April 01, 2022	17,300.62	3,257.51	65,715.36	995.65	387.83	87,656.97
Additions during the year	-	97.02	-	33.30	-	130.31
Deductions / adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Currency Fluctuation	1,462.84	274.28	5,556.50	85.01	32.79	7,411.43
Balance as at March 31, 2023	18,763.46	3,628.81	71,271.86	1,113.96	420.62	95,198.71
Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment						
Balance as at April 01, 2022	3.065.11	1.644.18	38,099.28	489.71	386.84	43.685.12
Depreciation for the year	610.98	345.43	11,204.63	108.77	1.05	12,270.86
Deductions / Adjustments	- 010.90	343.43	11,204.03	100.77	1.05	12,210.00
Currency Fluctuation	273.03	146.88	3,475.89	43.88	32.73	3,972.41
Balance as at March 31, 2023	3,949.12	2,136.49	52,779.80	642.36	420.62	59,928.39
20.0 03 06 17101 611 32, 2023	3,343.12	2,130.43	32,773.80	042.30	720.02	33,320.33
Net Book Value						
Balance as at March 31, 2023	14,814.34	1,492.32	18,492.06	471.60	-	35,270.32
Balance as at March 31, 2022	14,235.51	1,613.33	27,616.07	505.94	0.98	43,971.83

	Amount in T	housand (USD
Particulars	Software	Total
Gross Block		
Balance as at April 01, 2023	133.54	133.54
Additions during the year	-	-
Deductions / adjustments		-
Balance as at March 31, 2024	133.54	133.54
Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment		
Balance as at April 01, 2023	108.27	108.27
Amortisation for the year	10.41	10.43
Deductions / Adjustments	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2024	118.68	118.68
Net Book Value		
Balance as at March 31, 2024	14.86	14.80
Balance as at March 31, 2023	25.27	25.27
	Amount in	Thousand (INR
Particulars	Software	Total
Gross Block		
Balance as at April 01, 2023	10,978.99	10,978.99
Balance as at April 01, 2023 Additions during the year	10,978.99	10,978.99 -
•	10,978.99 - -	10,978.99 - -
Additions during the year	10,978.99 - - 154.47	-
Additions during the year Deductions / adjustments	-	10,978.99 - - 154.47 11,133.4 6
Additions during the year Deductions / adjustments Currency Fluctuation Balance as at March 31, 2024	- - 154.47	- - 154.47
Additions during the year Deductions / adjustments Currency Fluctuation Balance as at March 31, 2024 Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment	154.47 11,133.46	154.4 11,133.4 0
Additions during the year Deductions / adjustments Currency Fluctuation Balance as at March 31, 2024 Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment Balance as at April 01, 2023	154.47 11,133.46 8,901.38	154.4 11,133.4 8,901.38
Additions during the year Deductions / adjustments Currency Fluctuation Balance as at March 31, 2024 Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment Balance as at April 01, 2023 Amortisation for the year	154.47 11,133.46	154.4 11,133.4 8,901.38
Additions during the year Deductions / adjustments Currency Fluctuation Balance as at March 31, 2024 Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment Balance as at April 01, 2023 Amortisation for the year Deductions / Adjustments	154.47 11,133.46 8,901.38 862.27	154.4 11,133.40 8,901.38 862.2
Additions during the year Deductions / adjustments Currency Fluctuation Balance as at March 31, 2024 Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment Balance as at April 01, 2023 Amortisation for the year	154.47 11,133.46 8,901.38	154.4 11,133.4 8,901.33 862.2
Additions during the year Deductions / adjustments Currency Fluctuation Balance as at March 31, 2024 Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment Balance as at April 01, 2023 Amortisation for the year Deductions / Adjustments Currency Fluctuation Balance as at March 31, 2024	154.47 11,133.46 8,901.38 862.27 - 131.25	154.4 11,133.4 8,901.3 862.2
Additions during the year Deductions / adjustments Currency Fluctuation Balance as at March 31, 2024 Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment Balance as at April 01, 2023 Amortisation for the year Deductions / Adjustments Currency Fluctuation	154.47 11,133.46 8,901.38 862.27 - 131.25	- - 154.4

USD in Thousand					
Particulars	Software	Total			
Gross Block					
Balance as at April 01, 2022	113.27	113.27			
Additions during the year	20.27	20.27			
Deductions / adjustments	-	-			
Acquisition through Business Combination	-	-			
Balance as at March 31, 2023	133.54	133.54			
Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment					
Balance as at April 01, 2022	87.46	87.46			
Amortisation for the year	20.81	20.81			
Deductions / Adjustments	-	-			
Balance as at March 31, 2023	108.27	108.27			
Net Book Value Balance as at March 31, 2023	25.27	25.27			
Balance as at March 31, 2022	25.81	25.81			
Datanee as at Maren 51, 2022	25.01	23.01			
		Rs in Thousand			
Particulars	Software	Total			
Gross Block					
Balance as at April 01, 2022	8,586.36	8,586.36			
Additions during the year	1,666.62	1,666.62			
Deductions / adjustments	-	-			
Currency Fluctuation	726.01	726.01			
Balance as at March 31, 2023	10,978.99	10,978.99			
Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment					
Balance as at April 01, 2022	6,629.56	6,629.56			
Amortisation for the year	1,673.27	1,673.27			
Deductions / Adjustments	-	-			
Currency Fluctuation	598.55	598.55			
Balance as at March 31, 2023	8,901.38	8,901.38			
Net Book Value					
Balance as at March 31, 2023	2,077.61	2,077.61			
Balance as at March 31, 2022	1,956.80	1,956.80			

5. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Bank Balances	An -+ 84 1 /	11 2024		nt in Thousand
Particulars	As at March (Rs)	(USD)	As at March 3 (Rs)	(USD)
Faiticulais	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
5 (a) Cash and Cash Equivalents	Addited	Addited	Addited	Addited
Balance with Banks				
Own				
In Current Accounts	9,893.32	118.66	6,072.29	73.86
In Deposit Accounts - Original maturity less than 3 months	-	-	8,221.69	100.00
Accrued Interest	-	-	78.11	0.95
Member Fund				
In Current Accounts	3,334.96	40.00	11,921.45	145.00
in current Accounts	3,334.30	40.00	11,321.43	145.00
Total	13,228.28	158.66	26,293.54	319.81
5 (b) Bank Balance Other than Above				
Own	4 02 524 50	4 222 00	52 440 00	650.00
In Deposit Accounts - Original Maturity more than 3 months and remaining maturity less than	1,02,624.60	1,230.90	53,440.99	650.00
12 months Accrued Interest	2,304.36	27.64	608.08	7.41
Accrued interest	2,304.30	27.04	008.08	7.41
Member Funds				
In Deposit Accounts - Original Maturity more than 3 months and remaining maturity less than	19,926.36	239.00	_	
12 months	15,520.50	255.00		
Earmarked Fund - Default Fund (Refer Note Below)				
In Current Accounts	56.15	0.67	-	-
In Deposit Accounts - Original Maturity more than 3 months and remaining maturity less than	6,770.52	81.21	6,327.90	76.97
12 months				
Accrued Interest	90.28	1.08	83.12	1.01
Total	1,31,772.27	1,580.50	60,460.09	735.39
Note : The above mentioned cash and bank balances are restricted cash and bank balances which	h are to be used for s	pecified purposes	Accordingly it is show	vn as Bank
balances other than above. All other cash and bank balances are available for the operating activ	ities of the Company			
6. Trade Receivables				1 2022
Particulars	As at March (Rs)	(USD)	As at March 3 (Rs)	(USD)
1 3.103.313	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Current				
Trade Receivables				
- Secured, Considered Good	14.59	0.18	-	-
Receivable from Group Company - Unsecured, Considered Good	-	-	-	-
Unbilled Revenue	-	-		-
Receivable from Related Party		I		
	-	-	-	-
Total Trada Dassinables	- 14.50	- 0.19	-	-
Total Trade Receivables	14.59	0.18	-	-
Total Trade Receivables	14.59	0.18	-	-
Total Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule of trade receivable	14.59	0.18		-
Ageing Schedule of trade receivable			-	
	As at March	31, 2024	As at March 3	31, 2023
Ageing Schedule of trade receivable			As at March 3	
Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment	As at March	31, 2024		31, 2023
Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good	As at March	31, 2024		31, 2023
Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good Less than 6 months	As at March : (Rs)	31, 2024 (USD)		31, 2023
Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good Less than 6 months 6 months - 1 Year	As at March : (Rs)	31, 2024 (USD)		31, 2023
Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good Less than 6 months 6 months - 1 Year 1-2 years 2-3 years	As at March : (Rs)	31, 2024 (USD)		31, 2023
Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good Less than 6 months 6 months - 1 Year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years	As at March : (Rs) 14.59	0.18	(Rs) -	(USD)
Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good Less than 6 months 6 months - 1 Year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years	As at March : (Rs)	31, 2024 (USD)		31, 2023
Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good Less than 6 months 6 months - 1 Year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total	As at March : (Rs) 14.59	0.18	(Rs) -	(USD)
Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good Less than 6 months 6 months - 1 Year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total	As at March : (Rs) 14.59	0.18	(Rs) - -	i1, 2023 (USD) -
Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good Less than 6 months 6 months - 1 Year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total	As at March (Rs) 14.59	0.18 0.18	(Rs)	11, 2023 (USD) - - -
Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good Less than 6 months 6 months - 1 Year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total	As at March (Rs) 14.59 14.59	0.18 0.18	(Rs) Amou	11, 2023 (USD) - - - - nt in Thousanc
Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good Less than 6 months 6 months - 1 Year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total 7. Investment in Equity Instrument	As at March (Rs) 14.59	0.18 0.18	(Rs)	11, 2023 (USD) - - -
Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good Less than 6 months 6 months - 1 Year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total 7. Investment in Equity Instrument	As at March (Rs) 14.59 14.59 As at March (Rs)	0.18 0.18	(Rs) Amou As at March 3 (Rs)	11, 2023 (USD) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good Less than 6 months 6 months - 1 Year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total 7. Investment in Equity Instrument Particulars Non Current Investment	As at March (Rs) 14.59 14.59 As at March (Rs)	0.18 0.18	(Rs) Amou As at March 3 (Rs)	11, 2023 (USD) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good Less than 6 months 6 months - 1 Year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total 7. Investment in Equity Instrument	As at March (Rs) 14.59 14.59 As at March (Rs)	0.18 0.18	(Rs) Amou As at March 3 (Rs)	ot, 2023 (USD) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good Less than 6 months 6 months - 1 Year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total 7. Investment in Equity Instrument Particulars Non Current Investment Investment in Equity Instrument (unquoted)	As at March (Rs) 14.59 14.59 As at March (Rs) Audited	0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18	Amou As at March 3 (Rs) Audited	ot, 2023 (USD) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good Less than 6 months 6 months - 1 Year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total 7. Investment in Equity Instrument Particulars Non Current Investment Investment in Equity Instrument (unquoted) India International Bullion Holding IFSC Limited (Fully paid equity shares of Re 1 each)	As at March (Rs) 14.59 14.59 As at March (Rs) As at March (Rs) Audited	0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18	Amou As at March 3 (Rs) Audited	ot, 2023 (USD) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good Less than 6 months 6 months - 1 Year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total 7. Investment in Equity Instrument Particulars Non Current Investment Investment in Equity Instrument (unquoted) India International Bullion Holding IFSC Limited (Fully paid equity shares of Re 1 each) Add: Conversion Impact	As at March (Rs) 14.59 14.59 As at March (Rs) As at March (Rs) Audited	0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18	Amou As at March 3 (Rs) Audited	11, 2023 (USD)
Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good Less than 6 months 6 months - 1 Year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total 7. Investment in Equity Instrument Particulars Non Current Investment Investment in Equity Instrument (unquoted) India International Bullion Holding IFSC Limited (Fully paid equity shares of Re 1 each) Add: Conversion Impact Total Investment in Equity Instruments	As at March (Rs) 14.59 14.59 As at March (Rs) Audited 1,50,000.00 14,843.00 1,64,843.00	0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18	Amou As at March 3 (Rs) Audited 1,50,000.00 12,555.47 1,62,555.47	nt in Thousand (1, 2023 (USD)
Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good Less than 6 months 6 months - 1 Year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total 7. Investment in Equity Instrument Particulars Non Current Investment Investment in Equity Instrument (unquoted) India International Bullion Holding IFSC Limited (Fully paid equity shares of Re 1 each) Add: Conversion Impact Total Investment in Equity Instruments Opening balance of share of profit/loss in associate company	As at March (Rs) 14.59 14.59 As at March (Rs) As at March (Rs) Audited 1,50,000.00 14,843.00 1,64,843.00 (20,373.82)	0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18	Amou As at March 3 (Rs) Audited 1,50,000.00 12,555.47 1,62,555.47 (4,867.93)	1, 2023 (USD)
Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good Less than 6 months 6 months - 1 Year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total 7. Investment in Equity Instrument Particulars Non Current Investment Investment in Equity Instrument (unquoted) India International Bullion Holding IFSC Limited (Fully paid equity shares of Re 1 each) Add: Conversion Impact Total Investment in Equity Instruments Opening balance of share of profit/loss in associate company Share of profit/loss for the year	As at March (Rs) 14.59 14.59 As at March (Rs) As at March (Rs) Audited 1,50,000.00 14,843.00 (20,373.82) (6,850.03)	0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18	Amou As at March 3 (Rs) Audited 1,50,000.00 12,555.47 1,62,555.47 (4,867.93) (24,228.05)	1, 2023 (USD)
Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good Less than 6 months 6 months - 1 Year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total 7. Investment in Equity Instrument Particulars Non Current Investment Investment in Equity Instrument (unquoted) India International Bullion Holding IFSC Limited (Fully paid equity shares of Re 1 each) Add: Conversion Impact Total Investment in Equity Instruments Opening balance of share of profit/loss in associate company Share of profit/loss for the year Share of other comprehensive income for the year	As at March (Rs) 14.59 14.59 As at March (Rs) As at March (Rs) Audited 1,50,000.00 14,843.00 (20,373.82) (6,850.03) 1,738.57	0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18	Amour As at March 3 (Rs) Audited 1,50,000.00 12,555.47 1,62,555.47 (4,867.93) (24,228.05) 8,722.16	1, 2023 (USD)
Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good Less than 6 months 6 months - 1 Year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total 7. Investment in Equity Instrument Particulars Non Current Investment Investment in Equity Instrument (unquoted) India International Bullion Holding IFSC Limited (Fully paid equity shares of Re 1 each) Add: Conversion Impact Total Investment in Equity Instruments Opening balance of share of profit/loss in associate company Share of profit/loss for the year Share of other comprehensive income for the year	As at March (Rs) 14.59 14.59 As at March (Rs) As at March (Rs) Audited 1,50,000.00 14,843.00 1,64,843.00 (20,373.82) (6,850.03)	0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18	Amou As at March 3 (Rs) Audited 1,50,000.00 12,555.47 1,62,555.47 (4,867.93) (24,228.05)	1, 2023 (USD)
Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good Less than 6 months 6 months - 1 Year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total 7. Investment in Equity Instrument Particulars Non Current Investment Investment in Equity Instrument (unquoted) India International Bullion Holding IFSC Limited (Fully paid equity shares of Re 1 each) Add: Conversion Impact Total Investment in Equity Instruments Opening balance of share of profit/loss in associate company Share of profit/loss for the year	As at March (Rs) 14.59 14.59 As at March (Rs) As at March (Rs) Audited 1,50,000.00 14,843.00 (20,373.82) (6,850.03) 1,738.57	0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18	Amour As at March 3 (Rs) Audited 1,50,000.00 12,555.47 1,62,555.47 (4,867.93) (24,228.05) 8,722.16	1, 2023 (USD)

				nt in Thousan
	As at March 3		As at March 3	
Particulars	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Non Current				
Own				
Deposit with Banks (remaining maturity more than 12 months)*	12,25,046.06	14,693.40	9,87,836.05	12,015.0
Accrued Interest	61,300.13	735.24	21,744.89	264.4
Member Funds				
Deposit with Banks (remaining maturity more than 12 months)	79,205.21	950.00	1,01,126.79	1,230.00
Earmarked Fund - Default Fund				
Deposit with Banks (remaining maturity more than 12 months)	83,827.28	1,005.44	96,605.52	1,175.0
Accrued Interest	6,265.64	75.15	1,720.88	20.93
Total (A)	14,55,644.32	17,459.23	12,09,034.13	14,705.41
8. Other Financial Assets	1 1,00,0 1 1102	17,100120		unt in Thousan
	As at March 3	1, 2024	As at March 3	1, 2023
Particulars	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Current				
Own				
Deposit with Banks (Original maturity more than 12 months and remaining maturity less than	3,76,467.84	4,515.42	1,18,260.79	1,438.4
12 months)*				
Accrued Interest	8,034.08	96.36	2,059.04	25.0
Member Funds				
Deposit with Banks (Original maturity more than 12 months and remaining maturity less than	6,669.91	80.00	-	-
12 months)	,			
Earmarked Fund - Default Fund				
Deposit with Banks (Original maturity more than 12 months and remaining maturity less than	14,137.72	169.57	_	_
12 months)	1,,157.72	103.37		
Accrued Interest	1,048.08	12.57	-	-
Deposits with Public Bodies and Other Parties	403.42	4.84	407.30	4.9
Receivable towards Incentive Scheme	403.42	4.04	4.36	0.0
Total (B)	4,06,761.05	4,878.76	1,20,731.49	1,468.4
1000 (5)	4,00,701.03	4,070.70	1,20,731.43	1,700.41
Total (A+B)	18,62,405.37	22,337.99	13,29,765.62	16,173.8

^{*} Company has set up an overdraft limit of USD 1000.00 Thousand with ICICI Bank and for which a lien is marked on principal value of fixed deposit amounting to USD 1,238.40 Thousand.

^{*} Company has set up an overdraft limit of USD 2,137.50 Thousand with SBI Bank and for which a lien is marked on principal value of fixed deposit amounting to USD 2,250.00 Thousand.

9. Other Assets Amount in Thousand					
	As at March 31, 2024			As at March 31, 2023	
Particulars	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)	
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited	
Current					
Advance to Vendors	29.73	0.36	32.07	0.39	
Prepaid Expenses	3,395.90	40.73	1,197.33	14.56	
Goods & Service Tax Receivable	291.54	3.50	282.50	3.43	
Total	3,717.17	44.59	1,511.90	18.38	

10. Equity Share Capital

	As at March	31, 2024	As at March	31, 2023
Particulars	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Equity Share Capital				
Authorised Share Capital:				
200,00,00,000 Equity Shares (Previous year - 200,00,00,000 Equity Shares) of Re. 1/- each with voting rights	20,00,000.00	Not Applicable	20,00,000.00	Not Applicable
Issued Share Capital:				
189,44,96,841 Equity Shares (Previous year - 133,49,96,841 Equity Shares) of Re. 1/- each with voting rights	18,94,496.84	Not Applicable	13,34,996.84	Not Applicable
Subscribed and Fully Paid - up				
1,33,49,96,841 Equity Shares (Previous year - 1,33,49,96,841 Equity Shares) of Re. 1/- each with voting rights	13,34,996.84	19,115.49	13,34,996.84	19,115.49
Add: Addition during the Period/Year	5,59,500.00	6,704.57		
Add. Addition during the remod/real	3,39,500.00	0,704.57	· ·	_
1,89,44,96,841 Equity Shares (Previous year - 1,33,49,96,841 Equity Shares) of Re. 1/- each	18,94,496.84	25,820.06	13,34,996.84	19,115.49
with voting rights				

	As at March	31, 2024	As at March 3	31, 2023
Particulars	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
No. of shares at the beginning of the year	1,33,49,96,841	-	1,33,49,96,841	-
Preferential allotment	-	-	-	-
Rights Issue	55,95,00,000	-	-	-
No. of shares at the end of the year	1,89,44,96,841	-	1,33,49,96,841	-

Shareholders holding more than 5% of the shares in the company

Equity Shares

Equity Shares					
Name of Shareholder	As at March	31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023		
	North and Channe	Percentage of	rcentage of Number of Shares		
	Number of Shares	Shareholding	Number of Snares	Shareholding	
BSE Limited	1,14,67,50,857	60.53%	80,00,00,000	59.93%	
State Bank of India	18,85,02,436	9.95%	13,28,32,186	9.95%	
ICICI Bank Limited	18,75,55,187	9.90%	13,21,64,687	9.90%	
Other Shareholders	37,16,88,361	19.62%	26,99,99,968	20.22%	
Total	1,89,44,96,841	100%	1,33,49,96,841	100%	

Shares held by Promoters at the end of the year

Sr no	Promoter Name	No of shares	% of Total shares	% Change during the period
Equit	y Share Capital			
BSE Li	imited - Current Year	1,14,67,50,857	60.53%	0.60%
BSE Li	imited - Previous Year	80,00,00,000	59.93%	

11. Other Equity

			Amou	nt in Thousand
	As at March 3	1, 2024	As at March 3	1, 2023
Particulars	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Default Fund				
Opening Balance	1,04,737.42	1,273.91	94,544.12	1,247.17
Add: Contribution to Default Fund	' -	· -	, -	· -
Add: Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	1,473.18	-	7,994.09	-
Add: Penalty transferred During the Period/Year	56.15	0.67	-	-
Add: Income Earned During the Period/Year	5,928.92	71.11	2,199.21	26.74
Closing Balance (A)	1,12,195.67	1,345.69	1,04,737.42	1,273.91
Retained Earnings				
Opening Balance	(3,01,235.93)	(4,233.53)	(2,40,702.89)	(3,480.83)
Total Comprehensive Income During the Period/Year other than FCTR	5,440.72	65.72	(36,304.99)	(451.60)
Share of profit/(loss) of Associate accounted using equity method	(6,850.03)	(82.73)	(24,228.05)	(301.10)
Less : Contribution to Default Fund	' - '	` - '	- 1	
Closing Balance (B)	(3,02,645.24)	(4,250.54)	(3,01,235.93)	(4,233.53)
Other Comprehensive Income				
Opening Balance	2,03,007.31	6.43	94,181.96	6.00
Remeasurements gain / (loss) on the defined employee benefit plans	92.73	1.12	24.92	0.31
Foreign Currency Translation Reserve During the Quarter (FCTR)	17,216.61	-	1,00,078.27	-
Share of other comprehensive income of Associate accounted using equity method	1,738.57	(0.35)	8,722.16	0.12
Closing Balance (C)	2,22,055.22	7.20	2,03,007.31	6.43
Total (A + B + C)	31,605.65	(2,897.65)	6,508.80	(2,953.19)

12. Trade Payables Amount in Thousand

As at March	31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	
(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
983.89	11.80	2,423.10	29.47
-	-	187.29	2.28
983.89	11.80	2,610.39	31.75
31.22	0.37	491.49	5.99
3,956.95	47.50	2,450.18	29.82
1,194.61	14.33	669.57	8.14
5,182.78	62.20	3,611.24	43.95
6,166.67	74.00	6,221.63	75.70
	(Rs) Audited 983.89 - 983.89 31.22 3,956.95 1,194.61 5,182.78	Audited Audited 983.89 11.80 983.89 11.80 31.22 0.37 3,956.95 47.50 1,194.61 14.33 5,182.78 62.20	(Rs) (USD) (Rs) Audited Audited Audited 983.89 11.80 2,423.10 - - 187.29 983.89 11.80 2,610.39 31.22 0.37 491.49 3,956.95 47.50 2,450.18 1,194.61 14.33 669.57 5,182.78 62.20 3,611.24

Disclosures required under section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Developme				
(a) Principal amount and interest thereon remaining unpaid at the end of year, Interest paid	983.89	11.80	2,610.39	31.75
including payment made beyond appointed day				
(b) Interest due and payable for delay during the period/year	-	-	-	-
(c) Amount of interest accrued and unpaid as at period/year end	-	-	-	-
(d) The amount of further interest due and payable even in the succeeding period/year	-	-	-	-
Ageing Schedule of trade Payables				
Agenig Schedule of Clade Payables			Amou	int in Thousand
Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment	As at March 3	21 2024	As at March	
Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
MSME	(113)	(035)	(113)	(035)
Less than 1 year	983.89	11.80	2,610.39	31.75
2000 Chair 2 year			_,,,	
Others				
Less than 1 Year	1,225.83	14.70	1,161.06	14.13
1-2 years	,		,	-
2-3 years				
More than 3 years				
· ·				
Unbilled Dues from Service Provider	3,956.95	47.50	2,450.18	29.82
	,		,	
Total	6,166.67	74.00	6,221.63	75.70
13. Other Financial Liabilities			Amou	int in Thousand
	As at March 3	31, 2024	As at March	31, 2023
Particulars	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Current				
Payable for Capital Creditors	-	-	96.44	1.17
Accrued Employee Benefits	3,052.73	36.61	2,143.97	26.07
Deposits from Members	1,09,136.44	1,309.00	1,13,048.24	1,375.00
Deposits from Clearing Bank	1,33,398.24	1,600.00	1,31,547.04	1,600.00
Total	2,45,587.41	2,945.61	2,46,835.69	3,002.24
T-1-1	2 45 507 44	2.045.64	2 45 025 50	2 002 24
Total	2,45,587.41	2,945.61	2,46,835.69	3,002.24
Note: Payable for capital creditor represents payable to MSME creditor of USD 1,172.51 (Rs 96)	,440/-) as at March 31	, 2023.		
14. Provisions			A a .	The
14. FTOVISIONS	As at March 3	1 2024	As at March	int in Thousand
Particulars	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Non Current	/ tauteu	/ tauteu	71441104	/ luulleu
Gratuity Liability	-	_	209.08	2.54
Compensated Absences	555.26	6.66	685.36	8.34
Total (A)	555.26	6.66	894.44	10.88
Current				
Compensated Absences	1,786.79	21.43	1,231.03	14.97
Gratuity Liability	72.91	0.87	216.23	2.63
Total (B)	1,859.70	22.30	1,447.26	17.60
Total (A+B)	2,414.96	28.96	2,341.70	28.48
15. Other Liabilities				int in Thousand
Denti- 1	As at March 3		As at March	
Particulars	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
New Comment	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Non Current				
Unamortised Portion of Capital Subsidy	5.37	0.06	35.19	0.43
Total (A)	5.37	0.06	35.19	0.43
Current	242.55		674.6-	0.45
Statutory Liabilities	948.53	11.38	671.05	8.16
Unamortised Portion of Capital Subsidy	30.34	0.36	344.16	4.19
Advance Revenue	-	-	-	-
Total (B)	978.87	11.74	1,015.21	12.35
				14.33
ITotal (A+B)				
Total (A+B)	984.24	11.80	1,050.40	12.78

16. Revenue from Operations			_	
	For the Year ended	March 31, 2024	Amou For the Year ended	nts in Thousand March 31, 2023
Particulars				
F di acuiai 3	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Processing Fees	-	-	40.20	0.50
Charges Recovered from Members	106.97	1.29	89.80	1.12
TOTAL	106.97	1.29	130.00	1.62
17. Other Income				
				nts in Thousand
	For the Year ended	March 31, 2024	For the Year ended	March 31, 2023
Particulars				
	(Rs) Audited	(USD) Audited	(Rs) Audited	(USD) Audited
Miscellaneous Income Incentives from Government Authorities	346.55	4.19	1,707.52 949.50	21.25 11.81
Revenue from Onsite Support Charges	-	-	1,123.31	13.97
TOTAL	346.55	4.19	3,780.33	47.03
10 Familiaria Danasita Francia	·			
18. Employee Benefits Expense			Amou	nts in Thousand
	For the Year ended	March 31, 2024	For the Year ended	March 31, 2023
Particulars				
	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Salaries, Allowances and Bonus	20,441.54	246.90	18,188.23	226.25
Contribution to Provident and Other Funds Staff Welfare Expenses	684.53 42.10	8.27 0.51	623.68 23.31	7.76 0.29
Compensated Absences	1,772.63	21.41	1,373.01	17.08
TOTAL	22,940.80	277.09	20,208.23	251.38
		277.00	20,200.20	
19. Administration and Other Expenses			Amou	nts in Thousand
	For the Year ended	March 31, 2024	For the Year ended	March 31, 2023
Particulars				
	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Auditors Remuneration	243.20	2.94	224.94	2.80
Bank Charges Building Repair and Maintenance	115.16 3,422.73	1.39 41.34	39.79 3,336.40	0.49 41.50
Computer Technology Related Expenses	25,407.50	306.88	19,576.33	243.52
Directors Fees	3,305.64	39.93	2,982.28	37.10
Foreign Exchange (Gain) / Loss	149.94	1.81	202.18	2.52
Insurance Expenses	29.84	0.36	27.98	0.35
Legal Fees	1,937.86	23.41	1,171.23 433.55	14.58
Miscellaneous Expenses Postage & Telephone Expenses	296.43 70.02	3.56 0.85	86.98	5.39 1.08
Professional Fee	5,000.33	60.40	3,641.75	45.29
Regulatory Fees	331.73	4.01	3,641.01	45.29
Regulatory rees	307.78	3.72	297.13	3.70
	404.00	1.27	103.22	1.28
Rent Rates & Taxes	104.98		586.21	7.29
Rent Rates & Taxes	481.77	5.82	380.21	7.23
Rent Rates & Taxes Travelling Expenses		5.82 497.69	36,350.98	
Rent Rates & Taxes Travelling Expenses	481.77		36,350.98	452.18
Rent Rates & Taxes Travelling Expenses TOTAL Note 1 : Auditors Remuneration includes -	481.77 41,204.91 (Rs)	497.69 (USD)	36,350.98 Amou (Rs)	452.18 nts in Thousand (USD)
Rent Rates & Taxes Travelling Expenses TOTAL Note 1: Auditors Remuneration includes - Statutory Audit Fees	481.77 41,204.91 (Rs) 202.87	(USD) 2.45	36,350.98 Amou (Rs)	452.18 nts in Thousand (USD) 2.36
Rent Rates & Taxes Travelling Expenses TOTAL Note 1 : Auditors Remuneration includes - Statutory Audit Fees Statutory Auditors Out of Pocket Expenses	481.77 41,204.91 (Rs) 202.87 20.29	(USD) 2.45 0.25	36,350.98 Amou (Rs) 190.05 16.80	452.18 nts in Thousand (USD) 2.36 0.22
Rent Rates & Taxes Travelling Expenses TOTAL Note 1: Auditors Remuneration includes - Statutory Audit Fees	481.77 41,204.91 (Rs) 202.87	(USD) 2.45	36,350.98 Amou (Rs)	452.18 nts in Thousand (USD) 2.36

closing rate as at March 31, 2024 which is 1 USD = Rs 83.3739, amount of Statement of Profit and Loss at the average rate from April 01, 2023 to March 31, 2024 which is 1 USD = Rs 82.7921.

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

21 Earnings Per Share

Amount in Thousand

Particulars	For the year ende	ed March 31, 2024	March 31, 2024 For the year ended Ma		
Particulars	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)	
Profit / (Loss) for the period	(1,409.31)	(17.01)	(60,533.04)	(752.70)	
Weighted average number of equity shares (Nos)	1,53,67,83,726	1,53,67,83,726	1,33,49,96,841	1,33,49,96,841	
Earnings per share basic and diluted before and after exceptional item	(0.001)	(0.00001)	(0.045)	(0.00060)	
Face value per equity share	1.00	NA	1.00	NA	

22 Segment Reporting

The Managing Director and CEO of the Company has been identified as the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) as defined by Ind AS 108, Operating Segments. The CODM evaluates the Company's performance and allocates resources based on an analysis of various performance indicators by industry classes. Accordingly, segment information has been presented for industry classes. The Company operates only in one Business Segment i.e. "Clearing and Settlement Services", hence does not have any reportable Segments as per Indian Accounting Standard 108 "Operating Segments". The reportable business segments are in line with the segment wise information which is being presented to the CODM.

23 Financial Instruments

The significant accounting policies, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised, in respect of each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in note 2.4 to the financial statements.

Fair value hierarchy:

The fair value hierarchy is based on inputs to valuation techniques that are used to measure fair value that are either observable or unobservable and consists of the following three levels:

Level 1 — Inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 — Inputs are other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3 — Inputs are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The carrying value of financial instruments by categories as at balance sheet date is as follows and the directors consider that the carrying amounts of below mentioned financial assets and financial liabilities recognised in the balance sheet approximate their fair values.

Amount in Thousand

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2023
	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
Financial Assets carried at amortised cost				
Other non-current financial assets	14,55,644.32	17,459.23	12,09,034.13	14,705.41
Cash and cash equivalents	13,228.28	158.66	26,293.54	319.81
Bank Balances	1,31,772.27	1,580.50	60,460.09	735.39
Trade Receivables	14.59	0.18	-	-
Other current financial assets	4,06,761.05	4,878.76	1,20,731.49	1,468.44
Total	20,07,420.51	24,077.33	14,16,519.25	17,229.05

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Financial Liabilities carried at amortised cost				
Other non-current financial liabilities	-	-	-	-
Non-current lease liability	34.22	0.41	36.26	0.44
Trade payables	6,166.67	74.00	6,221.63	75.70
Other current financial liabilities	2,45,587.41	2,945.61	2,46,835.69	3,002.24
Current lease liability	4.09	0.05	2.06	0.03
Total	2,51,792.39	3,020.07	2,53,095.64	3,078.41

24 Defined Benefit Plan – Gratuity

i.

The Company offers its employees defined-benefit plans in the form of a gratuity scheme (a lump sum amount). Benefits under the defined benefit plans are typically based on years of service and the employee's compensation (generally immediately before retirement). The gratuity scheme covers substantially all regular employees.

Such plan exposes the Company to actuarial risks such as: investment risk, interest rate risk, demographic risk and salary risk.

	The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated using a
	discount rate determined by reference to market yields at the end of the
Investment risk	reporting period on government bond yields; if the return on plan asset is below
	this rate, it will create a plan deficit. Currently the plan is managed by the
	insurer.
	A decrease in the bond interest rate will increase the plan liability; however, this
Interest risk	will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the plan's debt
	investments.
	This is the risk of variability of results due to unsystematic nature of decrements
	that include mortality, withdrawal, disability and retirement. The effect of these
Demographic risk	decrements on the defined benefit obligation is not straight forward and
	depends upon the combination of salary increase, medical cost inflation, discount
	rate and vesting criteria.
	The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference
Salary risk	to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the
	plan participants will increase the plan's liability.

The following tables set out the funded status of the gratuity benefit Scheme and the amounts recognized in the Company's financial statements:

Amount in Thousand

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2023
rai ticulai s	Funded	Funded	Funded	Funded
	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
Change in benefit obligations				
Benefit obligations at the beginning	749.68	9.12	613.55	8.09
Current Service Cost	216.25	2.61	191.57	2.38
Interest on defined benefit obligation	53.78	0.65	54.13	0.67
Actuarial loss / (gain)	(85.66)	(1.03)	(44.33)	(0.55)
Benefit Paid	(75.00)	(0.91)	(345.00)	(4.29)
Net Liability assumed on transfer within				
Group companies (Transfer in/(out)	(30.84)	(0.37)	279.75	3.47
obligation)				
Translation/ Forex impact	-	(0.09)	-	(0.66)
Closing Defined Benefit Obligation (A)	828.21	9.98	749.68	9.12

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Amount in Thousand

	As at March 31,			
	2024	2024	2023	2023
Particulars	Funded	Funded	Funded	Funded
	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
Change in Plan assets	, ,	, ,	• •	, ,
Fair value of plan assets at the beginning	324.38	3.95	602.86	7.95
Employer Contribution	467.40	5.66	36.13	0.47
Interest income	31.45	0.38	49.77	0.62
Return on plan assets excluding amounts included in interest income	7.07	0.09	(19.39)	(0.24)
Assets assumed / settled	-	-	-	-
Benefits paid	(75.00)	(0.91)	(345.00)	(4.29)
Translation/ Forex impact	-	(0.06)	0.01	(0.56)
Fair value of plan assets at the end	755.30	9.11	324.38	3.95
Funded status (B)	755.30	9.11	324.38	3.95
Translation/ Forex impact (C)	-	-	-	-
Payable / (Prepaid) gratuity benefit (A-B-C)	72.91	0.87	425.30	5.17
Current Assets (Refer note 8)	-	-	-	-
Non Current Provision (Refer note 13)			209.08	2.54
Current Provision (Refer note 13)	72.91	0.87	216.23	2.63

ii. Amount recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss

Amount in Thousand

Particulars	For the year ended March 2024		For the year ended March 2023	
	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
Current Service Cost	216.25	2.61	191.57	2.38
Interest on net defined benefit obligations	22.33	0.27	4.36	0.05
Total Included in "Employee Benefit Expense"	238.58	2.88	195.93	2.43

iii. Amount recognised in the Other Comprehensive Income

Amount in Thousand

Particulars	For the year ended March 2024		For the year ended March 2023	
	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
Actuarial loss / (gain) arising from change in financial assumptions	14.71	0.18	(10.60)	(0.13)
Actual return on plan assets less interest on plan asset	(7.08)	(0.09)	19.39	0.24
Actuarial loss / (gain) arising on account of experience changes	(100.36)	(1.21)	(33.72)	(0.42)
Amount recognised in the Other Comprehensive Income	(92.73)	(1.12)	(24.93)	(0.31)

iv. Principle actuarial assumption

Assumptions	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Discount Rate/Rate of Return on plan asset	7.20%	7.40%
Salary escalation	7.00%	7.00%

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

- Discount Rate: The discount rate is based on the prevailing market yields of Indian government securities as at the balance sheet date for the estimated term of the obligations.
- Salary Escalation Rate: The estimates of future salary increases considered takes into account the inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors.
- The Company has considered past service on account of benefit amendment.
- v Sensitivity Analysis: The following table summarizes the impact in percentage terms on the reported defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period arising on account of an increase or decrease in the reported assumption by 50 basis points:-

Particulars	For the year end	r the year ended March 31, 2024		For the year ended March 31, 2023	
Particulars	Discount Rate	Salary escalation rate	Discount Rate	Salary escalation rate	
Impact of increase in 50 bps on defined benefit obligation	-4.31%	4.65%	-4.44%	4.87%	
Impact of decrease in 50 bps on defined benefit obligation	4.78%	-4.23%	4.88%	-4.47%	

Sensitivity for the significant actuarial assumptions is computed by varying one actuarial assumption used for the valuation of the defined benefit obligation by 50 basis points, keeping all other actuarial assumption constant.

vi. Composition of Plan Assets

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Policy of insurance	100%	100%
Other investment	0%	0%
Total	100%	100%

There is no compulsion on the part of the Company to fully pre fund the liability of the Plan. The Company's philosophy is to fund the benefits based on its own liquidity and tax position as well as level of underfunding of the plan.

The plan assets in respect of gratuity represent funds managed by the India International Clearing Corporation (IFSC) Limited Employee's Group Gratuity Fund. The Employer's best estimate of the contributions expected to be paid to the plan during the next annual period is ₹ 72.91 Thousand (Mar 23 - ₹ 30.39 Thousand)

vii. Maturity profile of defined benefit obligations

(Rs in Thousand)

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Expected benefits for year 1	146.21	15.10
Expected benefits for year 2	298.18	142.94
Expected benefits for year 3	10.89	290.78
Expected benefits for year 4	11.53	10.67
Expected benefits for year 5	12.21	11.29
Expected benefits for year 6 to year 10	73.12	63.99
10 year and above	1,654.56	1,443.56

The weighted average duration to the payment of these cash flows is 9.52 years (March 31, 2023: 9.90 years).

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

24.2 Defined Contribution Plan – Provident Fund, Pension Fund and National Pension Scheme (NPS)

These are plans in which the Company pays pre-defined amounts to separate funds and does not have any legal or informal obligation to pay additional sums. The Company offers its employees defined contribution plan in the form of provident fund and family pension fund. Provident fund and family pension fund cover substantially all regular employees. While both, the employees and the Company pay predetermined contributions into the provident fund and National Pension Scheme, contributions into the family pension fund are made by only the Company. The contributions are based on a certain proportion of the employee's salary.

During the current year, provident fund contributions amounting to Rs 364.21 Thousand (USD 4.40 Thousand) (March 31, 2023: Rs 344.55 Thousand (USD 4.29 Thousand)) have been charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss, under Contributions to provident, gratuity and other funds in note 18 "Employee benefits expense".

During the current year, National pension scheme contributions amounting to Rs 81.74 Thousand (USD 0.99 Thousand) (March 31, 2023: Rs 83.19 Thousand (USD 1.03 Thousand)) have been charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss, under Contributions to provident, gratuity and other funds in note 18 "Employee benefits expense".

24.3 Compensated Absence

The liability for compensated absences as at March 31, 2024 is Rs 1,786.79 Thousand (USD 21.43 Thousand) (March 31, 2023: Rs 1,231.03 thousand (USD 14.97 thousand)) as shown under current provision and Rs 555.26 Thousand (USD 6.66 Thousand) (March 31, 2023: Rs. 685.36 thousand (USD 8.34 thousand)) as shown under non-current provision. Provision for compensated absence amounting to Rs 1,772.63 Thousand (USD 21.41 Thousand) (March 31, 2023: Rs 1373.01 thousand (USD 17.08 thousand)) have been charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss, under Compensated absence in note 18 "Employee benefits expense".

25 Related Party Transactions

1. Names of related parties and nature of relationship

Category of related parties	Name
Holding Company	BSE Limited
Fellow Subsidiaries:	India International Exchange (IFSC) Limited
	Indian Clearing Corporation Limited
	BSE Technologies Private Limited (Formerly known as
	Marketplace Technologies Private Limited)
	BSE Investments Limited
	BSE Institute Limited
	BSE CSR Integrated Foundation
	BSE Sammaan CSR Limited (Liquidated on November 22,
	2022)
	BSE Administration & Supervision Limited
Subsidiary of Fellow Subsidiaries	BSE Tech Infra Services Private Limited (Formerly known as
	Marketplace Tech Infra Services Private Limited)
	BFSI Sector Skill Council of India
	BIL Ryerson Technology start up Incubator Foundation
	BSE Institute of Research Development & Innovation
	BSE E-Agricultural Markets Limited (up to November 17,
	2023)
	India INX Global Access IFSC Limited
Direct Associate of Holding	Central Depository Services (India) Limited
	Asia Index Private Limited

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Indirect Associate of Holding	CDSL Ventures Limited
	CDSL Insurance Repository Limited
	CDSL Commodity Repository Limited
	BSE EBIX Insurance Broking Private Limited
	BSE EBIX Insuretech Private Limited (Formerly known as
	Marketplace Ebix Technology Services Private Limited)
	BSE E-Agricultural Markets Limited (w.e.f. November 17,
	2023)
	Hindustan Power Exchange Limited (Previously known as
	Pranurja Solutions Limited)
Associate Company	India International Bullion Holding IFSC Ltd
	India International Bullion Exchange IFSC Ltd
Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Associate Company	India International Depository (IFSC) Lmited (Formerly
	known as CDSL IFSC Limited) (w.e.f. May 03, 2022)
Trust Set up by Holding Company	BSE Investors Protection Fund
Trust Set up by Company	India International Clearing Corporation (IFSC) Limited
	Employees Group Gratuity Cash Accumulation Scheme
Key Management Personnel	Dr. Sudip Kumar Nanda – Independent Director & Chairman
	Mrs. Snehlata Shrivastava – Public Interest Director
	Mr. Alok Sherry – Public Interest Director (upto 13th March
	2023)
	Mr. Prabhat Chandra Koul – Public Interest Director
	Mr. Arup Mukherjee - Managing Director and Chief
	Executive Officer
	Mr. Vikas Goel - Shareholder Director (resigned as director
	w.e.f December 05, 2023)
	Mr. Sushil Kumar - Shareholder Director (w.e.f. March
	19,2024)
	Mr. Sameer Patil – Shareholder Director

2. Transactions with Related Parties

(a) BSE Ltd (Holding Company):

Amount in Thousand

Amount in Thousand					
Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2023	For the Year ended March 31, 2023	
	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)	
Reimbursement/ (Recovery) of Expenses	s/ Transactions				
Computer Technology related Expenses	6,612.03	79.86	2,163.92	26.92	
Salaries, allowances and bonus	-	-	5.93	0.07	
Recovery of insurance policy	75.76	0.92	168.15	2.09	

Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2023	For the Year ended March 31, 2023
	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
Liability				
Payable	1,194.61	14.33	669.57	8.14

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

(b) India International Exchange (IFSC) Limited (Fellow Subsidiary):

Amount in Thousand

Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2023	For the Year ended March 31, 2023	
	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)	
Recovery of Expenses					
Computer Technology Related Expenses	6,163.14	74.44	7,917.70	98.49	
Salaries, allowances and bonus	272.70	3.29	468.15	5.82	
Building repair and maintenance	2,020.68	24.41	2,146.31	26.70	
Postage and Telephone Expense	47.80	0.58	59.78	0.74	
Other Income					
Recovery of Computer Technology related expenses	-	-	944.06	11.74	
Other Transactions					
Gratuity liability transfer in/(out)	(30.84)	(0.37)	279.75	3.47	
Compensated Absence liability transfer in/(out)	(121.71)	(1.46)	329.84	4.08	

Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2023	For the Year ended March 31, 2023
	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
Assets/ Liability				
Payable (Net)	983.89	11.80	2,423.10	29.47

(c) Indian Clearing Corporation Limited (Fellow Subsidiary):

Amount in Thousand

Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2023	For the Year ended March 31, 2023
	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
Expenditure				
Rent			9.34	0.12
Travelling Expenses	-		3.14	0.04

(d) Central Depository Services (India) Limited (Direct Associate of Holding Company):

Amount in Thousand

Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2023	For the Year ended March 31, 2023
	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
Expenses				
Professional Fees	76.75	0.93	77.78	0.97
Rates and Taxes	23.99	0.29	-	-

(e) India International Bullion Holding IFSC Limited (Associate Company):

Amount in Thousand

Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2023	For the Year ended March 31, 2023
	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
Other Transactions				
Revenue from Onsite Support Charges	-	-	1,123.29	13.97
Investment*	-	=	50,000.00	620.81

^{*} Actual investment excluding the forex conversion impact.

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

(f) BSE Technologies Private Limited (Fellow Subsidiary):

Amount in Thousand

Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2023	For the Year ended March 31, 2023
	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
Expenses				
Computer Technology Related Expenses	999.72	12.08	1,004.89	12.50

(g) India International Clearing Corporation (IFSC) Limited Employees Group Gratuity Cash Accumulation Scheme (Trust setup by the Company):

Amount in Thousand

Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2023	For the Year ended March 31, 2023
	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
Asset/ (Liability)				
Net defined benefit obligations	(72.91)	(0.87)	(425.31)	(5.17)

(h) Key Managerial remuneration:

Amount in Thousand

				inount in mousand
Particular	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2023	For the Year ended March 31, 2023
	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
Salaries, allowances & bonus and contrib	oution to Funds			
Mr. Arup Mukherjee - Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer*	7,594.45	91.73	7,145.30	88.88
Director Fees				
Board Meeting Fees				
Mr. Alok Sherry – Independent Director	-	-	523.59	6.51
Dr. Sudip Kumar Nanda – Independent Director	401.54	4.85	492.00	6.12
Mrs. Snehlata Shrivastava – Independent Director	401.54	4.85	492.80	6.13
Mr. Prabhat Chandra Koul – Independent Director	401.54	4.85	-	-
Committee Meeting Fees				
Mr. Alok Sherry – Independent Director	-	-	516.76	6.43
Dr. Sudip Kumar Nanda – Independent Director	676.20	8.17	370.85	4.61
Mrs. Snehlata Shrivastava – Independent Director	752.58	9.09	369.60	4.60
Mr. Prabhat Chandra Koul – Independent Director	451.42	5.45	-	-

^{*} The Company provides long term benefits in the form of Gratuity to Key managerial person along with all employees, cost of same is not identifiable separately and not disclosed.

26 Contingent liabilities and Capital Commitments

There are no contingent liabilities and Capital commitments as at March 31, 2024 (March 31, 2023: Nil).

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

27 Lease

Company has taken leasehold premises and improvements on lease term of 30 years. The minimum lease rentals along with their leased premium and the present value of minimum lease payments in respect of assets acquired under finance lease are as follows:

Rs in Thousand

Particular	Payable not later than 1 year	Payable later than 1 year and not later than 5 year	Payable later than 5 year	Total				
Minimum Lease Payments								
March 31, 2024	4.85	9.71	41.27	55.83				
March 31, 2023	2.43	9.71	43.69	55.83				
Finance Charge			-					
March 31, 2024	0.77	2.02	14.72	17.51				
March 31, 2023	0.36	1.86	15.29	17.51				
Present value of Minimum Lease Payments								
March 31, 2024	4.09	7.69	26.54	38.32				
March 31, 2023	2.07	7.85	28.40	38.32				

USD in Thousand

Particular	Payable not later than 1 year	Payable later than 1 year and not later than 5 year	Payable later than 5 year	Total				
Minimum Lease Payments								
March 31, 2024	0.06	0.12	0.50	0.68				
March 31, 2023	0.03	0.12	0.53	0.68				
Finance Charge								
March 31, 2024	0.01	0.02	0.18	0.21				
March 31, 2023	-	0.02	0.19	0.21				
Present value of Minimum Lease Payments								
March 31, 2024	0.05	0.10	0.32	0.47				
March 31, 2023	0.03	0.10	0.35	0.47				

- During the year, Company has not done any transaction with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 29 All the immovable properties as per books of accounts are held in name of the Company.
- Company has not given any loans or advances granted to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties (as defined under Companies Act, 2013) during the year ended March 31, 2024.
- There are no borrowings from banks or financial institutions as at March 31, 2024 (Previous Year : Nil). The Company has set up an overdraft limit with ICICI Bank and SBI Bank against lien on fixed deposits. There is no amount outstanding as on March 31, 2024.
- 32 There are no undisclosed income reported in any assessment year as on March 31, 2024 (Previous Year : Nil).
- There is no charges or satisfaction yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- 34 The company has not traded or invested in any Crypto currency or virtual currency during the financial year.
- 35 The company is in compliance with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act.

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

36 Capital Management

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The Company's objective when managing capital is to maintain an optimal structure so as to maximize

The Company is predominantly equity financed which is evident from the capital structure table. Further, the company has always been a net cash company with cash and bank balances along with investment which is predominantly investment in fixed deposit being far in excess of financial liabilities.

Compliance with externally imposed capital requirements:

As per Regulation 14 of International Financial Services Centres Authority (Market Infrastructure Institutions) Regulations, 2021, a recognized Clearing Corporation shall have net worth of at least USD 3 million at all times. The Company has maintained the net worth at all times as per this requirement.

- 37 Company is making losses in current year and also incurred losses in the previous years. Accordingly, Section 135 is not applicable to the company for the year ended March 31, 2024.
- SEBI vide its circular no. SEBI/HO/MRD/DSA/CIR/P/2016/125 dated November 28, 2016, had inter alia specified that Clearing Corporations in IFSC shall establish and maintain a Fund to guarantee the settlement of trades executed in the stock exchanges in IFSC. To begin with such fund shall have a corpus equivalent to at least 10% of the net-worth of the clearing corporation. Clearing corporations shall evolve a detailed framework for the Fund, subject to approval of the regulator. As per Regulation 31 (2) of IFSCA (MII) Regulations, 2021, Settlement Guarantee Fund shall have a corpus equivalent to at least the minimum required corpus as arrived at from the monthly stress test value or USD 1 million, whichever is higher.

In view of the above, before commencement of operations, i.e. on January 10, 2017, a Core Settlement Guarantee Fund (Default Fund) of USD 875.93 Thousand (Rs 59,562.97 Thousand) @ RBI reference rate i.e. Rs 68/- has been created through earmarking investments. Default Fund size as on March 31, 2024 is Rs 1,12,195.67 Thousand (USD 1,345.69 Thousand). Further company had applied to Central Board of Direct Tax for the purpose of issuance of notification notifying the Core Settlement Guarantee Fund (Core SGF – Default Fund) set up by the Company u/s 10 (23EE) of the Income Tax Act 1961 and approval of the same is awaited.

39 Financial Risk Management:

The Company's principal financial liabilities, comprise trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to support its operations. The Company's principal financial assets includes Cash and cash equivalents.

The Company's activities exposes it to a variety of risks: Regulatory risk, Liquidity risk, Foreign Currencies risk, Interest rate risk.

Regulatory risk

The company maintains an integrated and comprehensive view of risk and ensures that its risk management tools can manage and report on, all relevant risks. The Company's risk management policies, procedures, systems and controls form a part of a coherent and consistent governance framework which is reviewed and updated regularly. Participant Exposure and Settlement Default Risk, Credit Risk, Liquidity Risk, Legal Risk, Operational Risk, Custody and Investment Risk, Technology Risk, Clearing Bank Risk etc. are some of the risks that can be foreseen on a continuo us basis. The Company has a sound framework for the comprehensive management of all material risks and established documented policies, procedures, systems and controls to identify, measure, monitor and manage such risks. The risk management policy of the Company shall be in accordance with the Principles for Financial Market Infrastructures ("PFMI") published by the Committee on Payments and Market Infrastructures ("CPMI") and the Technical Committee of the International Organization of Securities Commissions ("IOSCO").

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Foreign currency risk:

United State Dollars (USD) is the functional currency of the Company, thus the Company's exchange risk arises from its foreign currency expenses.

Currency other than USD is considered as foreign currency. Company is using Special Non-Resident Rupee account for discharging the liability of INR.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Interest rates are sensitive to many factors, including governmental, monetary and tax policies, domestic and international economic and political considerations, fiscal deficits, trade surpluses or deficits, regulatory requirements and other factors beyond the Company's control. Interest rate risk can be controlled by the Company by making investments for tenors not exceeding the pre stipulated period and normally holding investments till its maturity.

Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company manages its liquidity risk by ensuring, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due by having adequate liquid assets and realisable investments.

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of significant financial liabilities as follows.

				F	s in Thousand			
Particulars	On Demand	Payable within 1 year	Payable more than 1 year and less than 5 year	lvear	Total			
Finance lease obligation					•			
March 31, 2024	-	4.85	9.71	41.27	55.83			
March 31, 2023	-	2.43	9.71	43.69	55.83			
Deposits from Members & Clearing Bank								
March 31, 2024	2,42,534.68	•	-	-	2,42,534.68			
March 31, 2023	2,44,595.28	-	-	-	2,44,595.28			
Trade Payables				-				
March 31, 2024	-	6,166.67	-	-	6,166.67			
March 31, 2023	-	6,221.63	-	-	6,221.63			
Other Financial Liabilities								
March 31, 2024	-	3,052.73	-	-	3,052.73			
March 31, 2023	-	2,240.41	-	-	2,240.41			

				US	D in Thousand			
Particulars	On Demand	Payable within 1 year	Payable more than 1 year and less than 5 year	Payable more than 5 year	Total			
Finance lease obligation	•							
March 31, 2024	-	0.06	0.12	0.50	0.68			
March 31, 2023	-	0.03	0.12	0.53	0.68			
Deposits from Members & Clearing Bank								
March 31, 2024	2,909.00	-	-	-	2,909.00			
March 31, 2023	2,975.00	-	-	-	2,975.00			
Trade Payables								
March 31, 2024	-	74.00	-	-	74.00			
March 31, 2023	-	75.70	-	-	75.70			
Other Financial liabilities								
March 31, 2024	-	36.61	-	-	36.61			
March 31, 2023	-	27.24	-	-	27.24			

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

- 40 The Company has not created any deferred tax provision. Deferred tax provision will be recognised based on the
- 41 Additional information as required by Paragraph 2 of the General Instructions for Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements to Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013:

Name of the Entity	March 31, 2024 Rs in Thousand		March 31, 2024 USD in Thousand		March	31, 2023	March 31, 2023		
Name of the Entity					Rs in Thousand		USD in Thousand		
	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	
As % of consolidated net assets, i.e., total assets minus total liabilities									
Parent Company	101%	19,51,587.77	102%	23,407.66	102%	13,61,879.45	102%	16,564.47	
Associate - India International Bullion	-1%	(25,485,28)	-2%	(485,25)	-2%	(20.373.82)	-2%	(402.17)	
Holding IFSC Limited	-1%	(25,465.26)	-2%	(465.25)	-270	(20,373.02)	-2%	(402.17)	
Total	100%	19,26,102.49	100%	22,922.41	100%	13,41,505.63	100%	16,162.30	
As % of consolidated net Profit and Loss									
Parent Company	-386%	5,440.72	-386%	65.72	60%	(36,304.99)	60%	(451.60)	
Associate - India International Bullion	486%	(6,850.03)	486%	(82.73)	40%	(24,228,05)	40%	(301.10)	
Holding IFSC Limited	480%	(0,030.03)	460%	(02.73)	40%	(24,220.03)	40%	(301.10)	
Total	100%	(1,409.31)	100%	(17.01)	100%	(60,533.04)	100%	(752.70)	
As % of consolidated net Other Comprehe	ensive Income								
Parent Company	92%	18,782.52	145%	1.12	93%	1,08,097.28	72%	0.31	
Associate - India International Bullion	8%	1.738.57	-45%	(0.35)	7%	8.722.16	28%	0.12	
Holding IFSC Limited	070	1,/30.3/	-4370	(0.55)	7 70	8,722.10	2070	0.12	
Total									
iotai	100%	20,521.09	100%	0.77	100%	1,16,819.44	100%	0.43	
As % of consolidated net Total Comprehe	nsive Income								
Parent Company	127%	24,223.24	-412%	66.84	128%	71,792.29	60%	(451.29)	
Associate - India International Bullion	-27%	(5.111.46)	512%	(83.08)	-28%	(15.505.89)	40%	(300.98)	
Holding IFSC Limited	-21%	(0,111.40)	512%	(63.06)	-28%	(10,000.09)	40%	(300.96)	
Total	100%	19,111.78	100%	(16.24)	100%	56,286.40	100%	(752.27)	

- Company is in compliance with requirement of audit trail (edit logs) and daily back up of accounting software for maintaining its books of account as prescribed under the Rule 3 of The Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 as amended from time to time.
- The company does not hold any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made there under. Hence relevant disclosure is not applicable.
- The company is not declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender in accordance with the guidelines on wilful defaulters issued by Reserve Bank of India.

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

45 Previous year's figures have been regrouped / reclassified and rearranged wherever necessary to correspond with the current year's classification /

For Dalal Doctor & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No.: 120833W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Amol Khanolkar

Dr. Sudip Kumar Nanda Chairman DIN: 00315376 Arup Mukherjee Managing Director & CEO DIN: 07698913

Membership No.: 116765

Akshay Doshi
Date: April 24, 2024 Chief Financial Officer
Place : Mumbai Place: Gandhinagar

Form AOC-I

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Part "B": Associate

Statement pursuant to Section 129 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Company

Amount in Thousand

Sr. No.	Name of Associate Company	India Internationa IFSC Li	-	
		(Rs)	(USD)	
1	Latest audited Balance Sheet Date (Financial year ended)	31-M	ar-24	
2	Date on which the Associate was associated or acquired	03-Se	p-21	
3	Shares of Associate held by the company on the year end			
	a. No. of shares	15,00,00,0		
	b. Amount of Investment in Associate*	1,64,843.00	1,977.15	
	c. Extent of Holding %	10.00%		
4	Description of how there is significant influence	Overall 20% equ	uity share stake	
		including 10 %	stake of fellow	
		subsidiary i.e. Ind	dia International	
		Exchange (IF	SC) Limited	
5	Reason why the associate/joint venture is not consolidated	Not App	olicable	
6	Networth attributable to Shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet	1,24,996.17	1,499.23	
7	Profit / (Loss) for the year			
	i. Considered in Consolidation	(5,111.46)	(83.08)	
	ii. Not Considered in Consolidation	Not App	olicable	

^{*} Amount in Rs is shown as including forex of Rs. 14,843 Thousand

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Dr Sudip Kumar Nanda

Chairman DIN: 00315376 Arup Mukherjee

Managing Director & CEO

DIN: 07698913

Date : April 24, 2024 Akshay Doshi

Place: Gandhinagar Chief Financial Officer



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of India International Clearing Corporation (IFSC) Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS Standalone financial statements of **India International Clearing Corporation (IFSC) Limited** (herein after referred to as 'the Company') which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (herein after referred to as 'the Ind AS financial statements').

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2024, the profit including total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements.

Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon.

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the Standalone Ind AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Standalone Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Standalone Ind AS financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



Responsibilities of the Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Ind AS financial statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules issued thereunder and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Ind AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Standalone Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Standalone Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Standalone Ind AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Standalone Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We also communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure A, a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the order.
- 2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) we have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books; the company is maintaining its books of account in electronic mode and these books of account are accessible in India at all times and the back-up of books of account and relevant documents is taken on daily basis and has been kept in servers physically located in India;
 - the Balance sheet, the Statement of profit and loss, the statement of cash flow and the statement of changes in equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - d) in our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.
 - e) on the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the director is disqualified as on 31 March 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;



- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in Annexure B. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's Internal financial control over financial reporting; and
- g) In terms of Notification No G.S.R. 08(E) dated January 4, 2017 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs under section 462 of the Act and in pursuance of sub-section (2) of the said section of Companies Act 2013(18 of 2013), the provisions of section 197 in respect of the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors are not applicable to the Company. Hence reporting under section 197(16) of the Act is not applicable to the Company;
- h) with respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us we state that:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses
- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company
- iv. (a) The management has represented that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (b) The management has represented, that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
 - (c) Based on such audit procedures, we have considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material mis-statement
- v. No dividend has been declared or paid during the year by the Company.



vi. Based on our examination which included test checks, the company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with. Additionally, this being the first year of implementation of audit trail feature, the reporting related to preservation of audit trail records as per the statutory requirements for record retention is not applicable.

For Dalal Doctor & Associates Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No: 120833W)

Amol Khanolkar
Partner
Membership No.: 116765

Mumbai

Date: 24th April 24

ICAI UDIN: 24116765BKBGJO8040



Annexure - A to the Independent Auditors' Report

In respect of the Annexure referred to in Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the Standalone Ind AS financial statements for the year March 31, 2024, we report that:

- (i) (a) (A)The company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment;
 - (B)The company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets;
 - (b) The Company has a programme of physical verification of its fixed assets by which fixed assets are verified once every year, which in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its asset. Pursuant to the program, the fixed assets were verified during the year. In our opinion and according to information and explanation given to us no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) According to the information and explanation given to us and based on the examination of registered lease deed provided to us in respect of immovable property of office premise that has been taken on lease and disclosed as fixed asset, the lease agreement is in the name of the Company.
 - (d) the company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year;
 - (e) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder;
 - (ii) (a) The Company is a service company, primarily rendering financial services in the Capital market. Accordingly, it does not hold any physical inventories. Hence reporting under paragraph 3 (ii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) the company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of Fixed deposits. As explained to us, there is no requirement for the company to file quarterly returns/statements with banks.
 - (iii) (a) The Company has not provided any loans or advances in the nature of loans, guarantee, or provided security to any other entity during the year, and hence reporting under clause 3(iii)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanation given and on the basis of books of accounts verified, the company has not made any investments or grant of loans during the year. Hence, reporting under clause 3(iii)(b)(c)(d)(e)(f) is not applicable
 - (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there are no loans, guarantees and securities given in respect of which provisions of section 185 of the Companies Act 2013 are applicable. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect investments made by the Company.





- (v) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits and therefore, reporting under paragraph 3 (v) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vi) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Act in respect of rendered by the Company. Hence reporting under clause 3(vi) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vii) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of account, and records, in respect of statutory dues:
 - (a) The Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Income Tax, Goods and Service Tax, Customs Duty, Excise duty, Cess and other material statutory dues as applicable with the appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of the above were in arrears as on March 31, 2024 for a period of more than six months from the date on when they become payable.
 - (b) There were no material dues of Income Tax, Goods and Service Tax, Customs Duty, Excise duty, Cess and other material statutory dues as applicable that were not deposited by the Company on account of dispute.
- (viii) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, there are no unrecorded transactions in the books of account which has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961),
- (ix) (a)To the best of our knowledge and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has not taken any loans or borrowings from any financial institution, banks, government or has not issued any debentures. Hence reporting under paragraph 3 (ix) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) As per the information and explanation provided to us, the company is not declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
 - (c) As per the information and explanation provided to us, the company has not taken any term loans and hence the reporting under paragraph 3 (ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (d) To the best of our knowledge and according to the explanations given to us, the company has not raised any funds on short term basis.
 - (e) To the best of our knowledge and according to the explanations given to us, the company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.
 - (f) To the best of our knowledge and according to the explanations given to us, the company has not raised any loans during the year on pledge on securities held in its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.
- (x) (a) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised monies by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans.



- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has made preferential allotment of shares by Right Issue, during the year and has complied with the requirement of Section 42 and Section 62 of the Companies Act, 2013 and relevant rules
- (xi) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or no material fraud on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
 - Accordingly, clauses (a) (b) of paragraph 3 (xi) of the Order are not applicable.
 - c) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no whistle blower complaints received during the year by the company;
- (xii) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi company. Hence reporting under the paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) In terms of Notification No G.S.R. 08(E) dated January 4, 2017, issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs under section 462 of the Act, the provisions of section 177 are not applicable to the Company. To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is in compliance with Section 188 of the Act, as applicable, for all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the Standalone Ind AS financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) (a) the company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business;
 - (b) we have considered the reports of the Internal Auditors for the period under audit;
- (xv) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its Directors or persons connected to its directors and thus provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company. Hence reporting under paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xvi) (a) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45 -IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.
 - (b) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without a valid Certificate of Registration (COR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934;
 - (c) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India;
 - (d) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Group does not have any CIC as part of the Group;



- (xvii) The company has not incurred cash loss in the current financial year and has incurred cash losses Rs. 22,360.86 Thousand (USD 278.16 Thousand) in the immediately preceding financial year
- (xviii) No resignation of the statutory auditors has been taken during the year;
- (xix) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans, we are of the opinion that no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report and that company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date;
- (xx) Company has incurred losses in previous years. Accordingly, the provisions of section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable to the company for the financial year 2023-24 and hence, the provisions of clause 3 (xx)(a) and (b) of the Order are not applicable to the Company
- (xxi) Being standalone financials, this clause is not applicable to the company.

For Dalal Doctor & Associates Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No: 120833W)

Amol Khanolkar Partner

Membership No.: 116765

Mumbai

Date: 24th April 24

ICAI UDIN: 24116765BKBGJO8040



Annexure - B to the Auditors' Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **India International Clearing Corporation (IFSC) Limited** ("the Company") as of 31 March 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The management of the company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.



Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Ind AS financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Ind AS financial statements.

Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as **at 31 March 2024**, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Dalal Doctor & Associates Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No: 120833W)

Amol Khanolkar Partner Membership No.: 116765

Mumbai,

Date: 24th April 24

ICAI UDIN: 24116765BKBGJO8040

	Particulars	31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023			
		No.	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
_			Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
	ASSETS					
	Non-current Assets					
- 1		3	20 666 00	343.84	25 270 22	42
	a. Property, Plant and Equipment	4	28,666.89		35,270.32	
	b. Intangible Assets	4	1,238.57	14.86	2,077.62	2
	c. Financial Assets	7	1,64,843.00	1,977.15	1 62 555 47	1.07
	(i) Investment in Equity Instrument			,	1,62,555.47	1,97
	(ii) Other Financial Assets	8	14,55,644.32	17,459.23	12,09,034.13	14,70
	d. Non-current Tax Assets (net)		893.22	10.71	432.63	
	Total		16,51,286.00	19,805.79	14,09,370.17	17,14
	Current Assets					
- 1	a. Financial Assets					
	(i) Cash and Cash Equivalents	5 (a)	13,228.28	158.66	26,293.54	31
	(ii) Bank Balances Other than (i) Above	5 (b)	1,31,772.27	1,580.50	60,460.09	73
	(iii) Trade Receivables	6 (b)	1,51,772.27	0.18	00,400.05	/3
	(iv) Other Financial Assets	8	4,06,761.05	4,878.76	1 20 721 40	1,46
	b. Other Assets	9	3,717.17	4,878.76	1,20,731.49 1,511.90	1,46
					,	
	Total		5,55,493.36	6,662.69	2,08,997.02	2,54
	Total Assets		22,06,779.36	26,468.48	16,18,367.19	19,68
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					
	Equity					
	a. Equity Share Capital	10	18,94,496.84	25,820.06	13,34,996.84	19,11
	b. Other Equity	11	57,090.91	(2,412.40)	26,882.60	(2,55
	Total		19,51,587.75	23,407.66	13,61,879.44	16,56
	LIABILITIES		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,
	LIADIEITIES					
	Non-current Liabilities					
	a. Financial Liabilities					
	(i) Other Financial Liabilities		-	-	-	
	(i) Lease Liability		34.22	0.41	36.26	
	b. Provisions	14	555.26	6.66	894.44	1
	c. Other Liabilities	15	5.37	0.06	35.19	
	Total		594.85	7.13	965.89	1
- 1	Current Liabilities					
	a. Short-term borrowings					
	(i) Loans repayable on demand					
	a. From Banks		-	-	-	
	b. Financial Liabilities					
	(i) Trade Payables					_
	a. Total outstanding dues of micro	12	983.89	11.80	2,610.39	3
	enterprises and					
	small enterprises					
	b Total outstanding dues of creditor	12	5,182.80	62.19	3,611.25	4
	other than micro enterprises and					
	small enterprises					
	(m) = 1 = 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1	.				_
	(ii) Other Financial Liabilities	13	2,45,587.41	2,945.61	2,46,835.69	3,00
	(iii) Lease Liability		4.09	0.05	2.06	
- 1	c. Provisions	14	1,859.70	22.30	1,447.26	1
	d. Other Liabilities	15	978.87	11.74	1,015.21	1
	Total		2,54,596.76	3,053.69	2,55,521.86	3,10
- 1						

In terms of our report attached For Dalal Doctor & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No.: 120833W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Amol Khanolkar Partner Membership No.: 116765 Dr Sudip Kumar Nanda Chairman DIN: 00315376 Arup Mukherjee Managing Director & CEO DIN: 07698913

Akshay Doshi
Date: April 24, 2024 Chief Financial Officer
Place: Mumbai Place : Gandhinagar

India International Clearing Corporation (IFSC) Limited Statement of Profit and Loss for the Year Ended March 31, 2024

Amounts in Thousand

ı						ounts in Thousand
	Particulars	Note No.	For the Year ended March 31,2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31,2023	For the Year ended March 31,2023
			(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
			Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
1	Revenue from Operations	16	106.97	1.29	130.00	1.62
2	Investment Income		77,158.39	931.95	30,299.76	376.90
3	Other Income	17	346.55	4.19	3,780.33	47.03
4	Total revenue (1 + 2+3)		77,611.91	937.43	34,210.09	425.55
5	Expenses					
	Employee Benefits Expense	18	22,940.80	277.09	20,208.23	251.38
	Administration and Other Expenses	19	41,204.91	497.69	36,350.98	452.18
	Finance Costs		112.95	1.36	11.74	0.15
	Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses	3&4	7,912.53	95.57	13,944.13	173.44
	Total Expenses		72,171.19	871.71	70,515.08	877.15
6	Profit / (loss) before tax (4 - 5)		5,440.72	65.72	(36,304.99)	(451.60)
	Tax Expense:					
	Current tax and Deferred tax		-	-	-	-
8	Profit / (loss) for the Year from Continuing Operations (6 - 7)		5,440.72	65.72	(36,304.99)	(451.60)
9	Profit from Discontinuing Operations		-	-	-	-
10	Tax expenses of Discontinuing Operations		-	-	-	-
11	Profit from Discontinuing Operations (after tax) (9+10)		-	-	-	-
12	Profit / (loss) for the Year (8 + 11)		5,440.72	65.72	(36,304.99)	(451.60)
13	Other Comprehensive Income A Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		92.73	1.13	24.92	0.21
	(i) Remeasurement of defined benefit plan B Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		92.73	1.12	24.92	0.31
	(i) Foreign Currency translation reserve		18,689.79	-	1,08,072.36	-
	Total Other Comprehensive Income for the Year		18,782.52	1.12	1,08,097.28	0.31
	Total Comprehensive Income for the Year (12+13)		24,223.24	66.84	71,792.29	(451.29)
14	Earning Per Equity Share :	21				
	Basic and Diluted Earning Per Share		0.004	0.00004	(0.027)	(0.00034)
	Per value of share Rs		1	NA	1	NA
	Weighted average number of shares (Nos.)		1,53,67,83,726	1,53,67,83,726	1,33,49,96,841	1,33,49,96,841
	See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements	1-2				

In terms of our report attached For Dalal Doctor & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No.: 120833W For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Amol Khanolkar Partner Membership No.: 116765 Dr. Sudip Kumar Nanda Chairman DIN: 00315376 Arup Mukherjee Managing Director & CEO DIN: 07698913

Akshay Doshi
Date: April 24, 2024 Chief Financial Officer
Place: Mumbai Place : Gandhinagar

India International Clearing Corporation (IFSC) Limited Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2024 Amount in Thousand For the Year ended March 31, 2024 For the Year ended March 31, 2023 **Particulars** (Rs) (USD) (Rs) (USD) **Audited** Audited Audited Audited A. Cash Flow From Operating Activities Profit / (Loss) For The period 5.440.72 65 72 (36.304.99) (451.60)Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses 7.912.53 95.57 13.944.13 173.44 Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plan 92.73 1.12 24.92 0.31 Finance cost 112.95 1.36 11.74 0.15 Interest Income on Fixed Deposits (77,158.39) (931.95) (30,299.76) (376.90) Foreign Currency Translation Reserve 17,216.61 1,00,078.27 Adjustments for Changes in operating Liability and Assets (54.95) (1.70)3,297.39 37.12 Trade Pavable Trade Receivables (14.59) (0.18) Provisions 73.26 0.48 517.78 4.42 Other Liabilities (0.98) (10.36) (66.16)(704.32) Other Financial Liabilities (1,248.28) (56.63)(1,04,888.23) (1,637.46) Other Financial Assets 8.24 0.16 38.79 0.95 Other Assets (2,205.27) (26.21)2,667.95 36.76 (2,223.17) (49.890.60) (51,616.33) (853.24) Taxes Paid (460.59) (5.45)119.92 2.03 (50,351.19) (2,221.14) Net Cash Generated From /(Used in) Operating Activities (858.69) (51,496.41) B. Cash Flow From Investing Activities Purchase of Property, Plant & Equipment and Intangible Assets & CWIP (See Notes (470.05)(5,361.44) (21.89)Investment in Associate Company (See Notes below) (2,287.53)(59.734.96) (620.81) Investment in Fixed Deposit (16,96,998.15) (20.354.07) (25,47,240.57) (29,877.30) Proceeds of Maturity of Fixed Deposit 11,47,054.58 13,978.78 23,39,670.98 28,457.30 Interest Income Received 30,600.04 369.63 25,674.31 319.37 Net Cash Generated From /(Used in) Investment Activities (5,22,101.11) (6,005.66) (2,46,991.68) (1,743.33) C. Cash Flow From Financing Activities 6.704.57 Proceeds From Allotment of Equity Share from Rights Issue 5.59.500.00 Repayment of lease liability (0.01)(0.01)(2.08) (0.07 (112.95)Finance cost (1.36)(11.74)(0.15)5,59,387.04 Net Cash Generated From Financing/(Used in) Activities 6.703.20 (13.82)(0.22)D. Net Increase / (Decrease) In Cash and Cash Equivalents (13,065.26) (161.15) (2,98,501.91) (3,964.69 Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Year In Current Account - Owned 9.893.32 118.66 6,072.29 73.86 In Current Account - Member Fund 3,334.96 40.00 11,921.45 145.00 In Deposit account - Own Fund 100.95 8,299.80 13,228.28 158.66 319.81 26.293.54 Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the Year 26,293.54 319.81 3,24,795.45 4,284.50 Changes In Cash and Cash Equivalents (13,065.26) (161.15) (2,98,501.91) (3,964.69) Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Year 158.66 26,293.54 13,228.28 319.81 13,228.28 26.293.54 319.81 Cash and Bank Balance (Refer note 5 (a)) 158.66 See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

Note:

- 1 Cash and cash equivalents comprise balances in current account with banks and fixed deposit having original maturity less than 3 months.
- 2 The Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in Indian Accounting Standard 7 "Cash Flow Statement".
- 3 Movement in earmarked asset and liability is not considered.
- 4 There is no movement in Investment in Associate Company. The above investment amount represents forex conversion impact.
- 5 Forex conversion impact is included in the INR figure of purchase / sale of property, plant & equipment and intangible assets.

In terms of our report attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Dalal Doctor & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No.: 120833W

Dr Sudip Kumar Nanda Chairman Amol Khanolkar DIN: 00315376 Partner Arup Mukherjee Managing Director & CEO DIN: 07698913

Membership No.: 116765

Akshay Doshi Chief Financial Officer Place : Gandhinagar

Date: April 24, 2024 Place: Mumbai

India International Clearing Corporation (IFSC) Limited Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended March 31, 2024

A. Equity Share Capital

Particulars	(Rs)	(USD)
Balance at April 01, 2022	13,34,996.84	19,115.49
Changes in Equity Share Capital during the year	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2023	13,34,996.84	19,115.49
Balance at April 01, 2023	13,34,996.84	19,115.49
Changes in Equity Share Capital during the year	5,59,500.00	6,704.57
Balance as at March 31, 2024	18,94,496.84	25,820.06

B. Other Equity

Particulars		Reserve	& Surplus		Items of Other Comprehensive income			Total Other To	Total Other equity
	Retained earning	Retained earning	Default Fund	Default Fund	Foreign Currency translation reserve	Remeasurements gain / (loss) on the defined employee benefit plans	Remeasurements gain / (loss) on the defined employee benefit plans		
	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
Balance as at April 01, 2022	(2,33,148.96)	(3,379.64)	94,544.12	1,247.17	91,083.84	412.11	6.00	(47,108.89)	(2,126.47)
Contribution to Default Fund	- '	-	-	-	-	-	-	- '	- '
Profit / (Loss) for the year ended March 31, 2023	(36,304.99)	(451.60)	-	-	-	-	-	(36,304.99)	(451.60)
Interest on Default Fund for the year March 31, 2023	-	-	2,199.21	26.74	-	-	-	2,199.21	26.74
Penalty transferred to Default Fund during the year ended March 31, 2023	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Comprehensive Income for the year Ended March 31, 2023	-	-	7,994.09	-	1,00,078.27	24.92	0.31	1,08,097.27	0.31
Balance as at March 31, 2023	(2,69,453.95)	(3,831.24)	1,04,737.42	1,273.91	1,91,162.10	437.03	6.31	26,882.60	(2,551.02)
Balance as at April 01, 2023	(2,69,453.95)	(3,831.24)	1,04,737.42	1,273.91	1,91,162.10	437.03	6.31	26,882.60	(2,551.02)
Contribution to Default Fund	- 1	-	-	-	-			-	-
Profit / (Loss) for the year ended March 31, 2024	5,440.72	65.72						5,440.72	65.72
Interest on Default Fund for the year March 31, 2024			5,928.92	71.11				5,928.92	71.11
Penalty transferred to Default Fund during the year ended March 31, 2024			56.15	0.67				56.15	0.67
Other Comprehensive Income for the year Ended March 31, 2024			1,473.18	-	17,216.61	92.73	1.12	18,782.52	1.12
Balance as at March 31, 2024	(2,64,013.23)	(3,765.52)	1,12,195.67	1,345.69	2,08,378.71	529.76	7.43	57,090.91	(2,412.40)

In terms of our report attached For Dalal Doctor & Associates **Chartered Accountants** Firm Reg. No.: 120833W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Partner

Amol Khanolkar

Membership No.: 116765

Dr Sudip Kumar Nanda Chairman DIN: 00315376

Arup Mukherjee Managing Director & CEO DIN: 07698913

Akshay Doshi

Date: April 24, 2024 Place: Mumbai

Chief Financial Officer Place : Gandhinagar

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

1 General Information

India International Clearing Corporation (IFSC) Limited was incorporated in September 2016, to carry on business as a clearing corporation and to assist, regulate, control and/or otherwise associate with the business of clearing and settlement of debt securities, currency & interest rate derivatives, single stock derivatives, index based derivatives, commodities derivatives and such other securities / derivatives / products of any kind as may be permitted by IFSC Authority from time to time.

International Financial Services Centres Authority (IFSCA) is a unified authority for the development and regulation of financial products, financial services and financial institutions in GIFT IFSC. Prior to the establishment of IFSCA, the domestic Indian financial regulators, namely, RBI, SEBI, PFRDA and IRDAI regulated the business in the IFSC. W.e.f. October 01, 2020, IFSCA is the regulator for the Company. Prior to this SEBI was the regulator for the Company.

The audited financial statements were authorized for issuance by the Company's Board of Directors on April 24, 2024.

2 Significant Accounting Policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statement

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for Certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (refer accounting policy regarding financial instruments) and defined benefit and other long term employee benefits. the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') (to the extent notified) and guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI)/ International Financial Services Centres Authority (IFSCA). The Ind AS are prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016. The Company has adopted all the Ind AS standards on date of incorporation i.e. September 12, 2016. The company has commenced its operation from January 16, 2017.

All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest thousands, as per the requirement of Schedule III, unless stated otherwise.

2.2 Foreign currency translation and transactions

a) Functional and presentation currency

United State Dollars (USD) is the functional currency of the Company and the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates. The financial statements are presented in Indian rupees. The presentation currency is different from functional currency to comply with Income tax and other statutory law.

b) Transactions and balances

A foreign currency transaction shall be recorded, on initial recognition in the functional currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount the spot exchange rate between the functional currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

At the end of each reporting period

(a) foreign currency monetary items shall be translated using the closing rate;

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

- (b) nonmonetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency shall be translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction; and
- (c) nonmonetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency shall be translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined

c) Translation to presentation currency (Foreign Currency Translation Reserve)

For the purpose of preparation of financial statements in Indian rupees, income and expenses are translated at average rates and the assets and liabilities except equity share capital are stated at closing rate. The net impact of such changes is presented under foreign exchange translation reserve.

2.3 Use of Estimates and judgment

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on a periodic basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected. In particular, information about significant areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements is included in the following notes:

a.Income taxes: The Company's tax jurisdiction is in India. Significant judgments are involved in determining the provision for income taxes, including the amount expected to be paid or recovered in connection with uncertain tax positions. Company is eligible to claim deduction of income, an amount equal to one hundred per cent of the income for any ten consecutive assessment years, out of fifteen years as per section 80LA of Income tax Act, 1961.

- b. Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws, which gives future economic benefits in the form of adjustment to future income tax liability, is considered as an asset if there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as an asset in the Balance Sheet when it is highly probable that future economic benefit associated with it will flow to the Company.
- c. Property plant and equipment: The charge in respect of periodic depreciation is derived after determining an estimate of an asset's expected useful life and the expected residual value at the end of its life. The useful lives and residual values at the end of its useful life of Group's assets are estimated by management at the time the asset is acquired and reviewed periodically, including at each financial year end. The useful lives are based on historical experience with similar assets as well as anticipation of future events, which may impact their life, such as changes in technology.
- d. Defined employee benefit obligation determined based on the present value of future obligations using assumptions determined by the Company with advice from an independent qualified actuary.
- e. Other estimates: The preparation of financial statements involves estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities, disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses for the reporting period. Specifically, the Company estimates the probability of collection of accounts receivable by analysing historical payment patterns, customer status, customer creditworthiness and current economic trends. If the financial condition of a customer deteriorates, additional allowances may be required.

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

2.4 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

All financial instruments are recognised initially at fair value. Transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset (other than financial assets recorded at fair value through profit or loss) are included in the fair value of the financial assets. Purchase or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trade) are recognised on trade date. While, loans and borrowings and payable are recognised net of directly attributable transactions costs.

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, financial instruments of the Company are classified in the following categories: financial assets comprising amortised cost, financial assets (debt instruments) at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI), equity instruments at FVTOCI and fair value through Profit and Loss account (FVTPL), financial liabilities at amortised cost or FVTPL.

The classification of financial instruments depends on the objective of the business model for which it is held. Management determines the classification of its financial instruments at initial recognition.

Financial assets

- a. Financial assets at amortised cost: A financial asset shall be measured at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:
- i. The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and
- ii. The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding (SPPI).

They are presented as current assets, except for those maturing later than 12 months after the reporting date which are presented as non-current assets. Financial assets are measured initially at fair value plus transaction costs and subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment loss.

Amortised cost are represented by investment in interest bearing debt instruments, trade receivables, security deposits, cash and cash equivalents, employee and other advances and eligible current and non-current assets.

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and in banks and demand deposits with banks which can be withdrawn at any time without prior notice or penalty on the principal. Equity instruments at FVTOCI and FVTPL:

All equity instruments are measured at fair value other than investment in subsidiaries, joint venture and associate. Equity instruments held for trading is classified as FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value in OCI. The Company makes such election on an

If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividend are recognised in OCI which is not subsequently recycled to statement of profit and loss.

b. Equity investments in Subsidiary:

All equity investment in subsidiary is measured at cost.

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

c. Financial assets at FVTPL:

FVTPL is a residual category for financial assets. Any financial asset which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortised cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as FVTPL In addition the Company may elect to designate the financial asset, which otherwise meets amortised cost or FVOCI criteria, as FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency. The Company has not designated any financial asset as FVTPL Financial assets included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair values with all changes in the statement of profit and loss

Earmarked Funds

Earmarked Funds represent deposits, margins, etc. held for specific purposes. These amounts are invested and the same are earmarked in the Balance Sheet. Investment income earned on financial instrument measured at amortised cost is credited to respective earmarked liabilities and not credited to the Statement of Profit or Loss. The Gain/ (Loss) on Fair Value of the investments from these earmarked funds are shown as liabilities/asset and are not routed through the Profit or Loss.

Financial liabilities

(a) Financial liabilities at amortised cost:

Financial liabilities at amortised cost represented by trade and other payables are initially recognized at fair value, and subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

(b) Financial liabilities at FVTPL:

Financial liabilities at FVTPL represented by contingent consideration are measured at fair value with all changes recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

2.5 Property, plant and equipment

- a. Recognition and measurement: Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Cost includes expenditures directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset.
- b. Depreciation: The Company depreciates property, plant and equipment over the estimated useful lives on a Straight Line method basis from the date the assets are ready for intended use. Assets acquired under finance lease and leasehold improvements are amortized over the lower of estimated useful life or lease term. The estimated useful lives of assets of significant items of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Category	Useful lives
Leasehold premises	30 years
Plant and Equipments	15 years
Electrical installations	10 years
Networking Equipments – Owned	6 years
Computers Hardware – Owned	3 years
Furniture, fixtures	10 years
Office equipments	5 years
Motor vehicles	8 years

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

When parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment. Subsequent expenditure relating to property, plant and equipment is capitalized only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with these will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Repairs and maintenance costs are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when incurred. The cost and related accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the financial statements upon sale or disposition of the asset and the resultant gains or losses are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

Amounts paid towards the acquisition of property, plant and equipment outstanding as of each reporting date and the cost of property, plant and equipment not ready for intended use before such date are disclosed under capital work-in-progress.

2.6 Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment. Intangible assets are amortized over their respective estimated useful lives on a "Straight Line method", from the date that they are available for use. The estimated useful lives of an identifiable intangible asset is based on a number of factors including the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition and other economic factors (such as the stability of the industry and known technological advances) and the level of maintenance expenditures required to obtain the expected future cash flows from the asset.

The estimated useful lives of intangibles are as follows:

Category	Useful lives
Computer software	6 Years

Derecognition of intangible assets

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, and are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

2.7 Leases

The Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether:

- 1. the contract involves the use of an identified asset;
- 2. the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease; and
- 3. the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognizes a right-of-use asset ("ROU") and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

The right-of-use assets are initially recognized at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Certain lease arrangements includes the options to extend or terminate the lease before the end of the lease term. ROU assets and lease liabilities includes these options when it is reasonably certain that they will be exercised.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and useful life of the underlying asset. Right of use assets are evaluated for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other

The lease liability is initially measured at amortized cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates in the country of domicile of these leases. Lease liabilities are remeasured with a corresponding adjustment to the related right of use asset if the Company changes its assessment if whether it will exercise an extension or a termination option.

The lease liability is initially measured at amortized cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates in the country of domicile of these leases. Lease liabilities are remeasured with a corresponding adjustment to the related right of use asset if the Company changes its assessment if whether it will exercise an extension or a termination option.

For short-term and low value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

As a Lessor:

Lease income from operating leases where the Company is a lessor is recognised in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term unless the receipts are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the expected inflationary cost increases. The respective leased assets are included in the balance sheet based on their nature.

2.8 Impairment

a. Financial assets carried at amortised cost and FVTOCI

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss. The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivable.

The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If in subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognising impairment loss allowance based on 12 month ECL Lifetime ECLs are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The 12 month ECL is a portion of the lifetime ECL which results from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e. all shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR. When estimating the cash flows, an entity is required to consider:

i. All contractual terms of the financial instrument (including prepayment, extension etc.) over the expected life of the financial instrument. However, in rare cases when the expected life of the financial instrument cannot be estimated reliably, then the entity is required to use the remaining contractual term of the financial instrument.

ii.Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

The Company has used a practical expedient by computing the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivable based on a detailed analysis of trade receivable by individual departments. ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognised during the period is recognised as income/expense in the statement of profit and loss. The balance sheet presentation for various financial instruments is described below:

Financial assets measured at amortised cost, contractual revenue receivable: ECL is presented as an allowance, i.e. as an integral part of the measurement of those assets in the balance sheet. The allowance reduces the net carrying amount. Until the asset meets write off criteria, the Company does not reduce impairment allowance from the gross carrying amount.

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that a non-financial asset or a group of non-financial assets is impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the amount of impairment loss. An impairment loss is calculated as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and recoverable amount. Losses are recognised in profit or loss and reflected in an allowance account. When the Company considers that there are no realistic prospects of recovery of the asset, the relevant amounts are written off. If the amount of impairment loss subsequently decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, then the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit (as defined below) is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets (the "cash-generating unit").

2.9 Employee benefit

The Company participates in various employee benefit plans. Post-employment benefits are classified as either defined contribution plans or defined benefit plans.

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Defined Contribution Plan

Under a defined contribution plan, the Company's only obligation is to pay a fixed amount with no obligation to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits. The related actuarial and investment risks fall on the employee. The expenditure for defined contribution plans is recognized as expense during the period when the employee provides service.

Defined benefit Plan

Under a defined benefit plan, it is the Company's obligation to provide agreed benefits to the employees. The related actuarial and investment risks fall on the Company. The present value of the defined benefit obligations is calculated using the projected unit credit method.

The Company has the following employee benefit plans:

a. Gratuity

In accordance with the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972, the Company provides for a lump sum payment to eligible employees, at retirement or termination of employment based on the last drawn salary and years of employment with the Company. The Company's obligation in respect of the gratuity plan, which is a defined benefit plan, is provided for based on actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method.

Actuarial gains or losses are recognised in other comprehensive income. Further, the profit or loss does not include an expected return on plan assets. Instead net interest recognised in profit or loss is calculated by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation to the net defined benefit liability or asset. The actual return on the plan assets above or below the discount rate is recognised as part of re-measurement of net defined liability or asset through Other Comprehensive Income.

Remeasurements comprising actuarial gains or losses and return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net

interest on the net defined benefit liability) are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods

b. Compensated absences

The employees of the Company are entitled to compensated absences. The employees can carry forward a portion of the unutilised accumulating compensated absences and utilise it in future periods or receive cash at retirement or termination of employment. The Company records an obligation for compensated absences in the period in which the employee renders the services that increases this entitlement. The Company measures the expected cost of compensated absences as the additional amount that the Company expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the end of the reporting period. The Company recognizes accumulated compensated absences based on actuarial valuation. Non-accumulating compensated absences are recognized in the period in which the absences occur. The Company recognizes actuarial gains and losses immediately in statement of profit and Loss Account.

c. Provident Fund and pension Fund

The Company offers its employees defined contribution plan in the form of provident fund.

The Company recognises contribution made towards provident fund in statement of profit and Loss Account.

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

2.10 Provisions and Contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation

at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognized as an asset, if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

Provisions for onerous contracts are recognized when the expected benefits to be derived by the Company from a contract are lower than the unavoidable costs of meeting the future obligations under the contract. Provisions for onerous contracts are measured at the present value of lower of the expected net cost of fulfilling the contract and the expected cost of terminating the contract and is adjusted to the cost of such assets.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. Contingent liabilities are disclosed in the notes. Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements.

Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

2.11 Revenue Recognition :

The Company derives revenue primarily from Services to Corporate and Securities Services. The Company recognizes revenue when the significant terms of the arrangement are enforceable, services have been delivered and the collectability is reasonably assured. The method for recognizing revenues and costs depends on the nature of the services rendered:

a. Time and service contracts

Revenues and costs relating to time and service contracts are recognized as the related services are rendered.

b. Annual / monthly Fee contracts

Revenue from Annual / monthly fee contracts is recognized rateably over the period of the contract using the percentage of completion method. When services are performed through an indefinite number of repetitive acts over a specified period of time, revenue is recognized on a straight line basis over the specified period or under some other method that better represents the stage of completion.

The Company accounts for volume discounts and pricing incentives to customers by reducing the amount of revenue

recognized at the time of sale. Revenues are shown net of applicable discounts and allowances.

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

2.12 Investment income and interest expense

Investment income consists of interest income on funds invested, dividend income and gains on the disposal of financial assets measured at FVTPL and amortised cost.

Interest income on bond is recognised as it accrues in the Statement of Profit and Loss, using the effective interest method and interest income on deposits with banks is recognised on a time proportion accrual basis taking into the account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable.

Dividend income is recognised in the Profit or Loss on the date that the Company's right to receive payment is established.

Interest expenses consist of interest expense on loans, borrowings and finance lease. Borrowing costs are recognised in the Profit or Loss using the effective interest method.

2.13 Taxation

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognized in the statement of profit and loss except to the extent it relates to items directly recognized in equity or in other comprehensive income.

a. Current income tax

Current income tax for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities based on the taxable income for the period. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the current tax amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and applicable for the period. The Company offsets current tax assets and current tax liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and liability simultaneously.

b. Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is recognized using the balance sheet approach. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognized for deductible and taxable temporary differences arising between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount in financial statements, except when the deferred income tax arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting nor taxable profits or loss at the time of the transaction.

Deferred income tax asset are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized. Deferred income tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets include Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws in India, which is likely to give future economic benefits in the form of availability of set off against future income tax liability. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as deferred tax asset in the balance sheet when the asset can be measured reliably and it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with the asset will be realised.

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Deferred tax assets include Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws in India, which is likely to give future economic benefits in the form of availability of set off against future income tax liability. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as deferred tax asset in the balance sheet when the asset can be measured reliably and it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with the asset will be realised.

The Company recognises interest levied and penalties related to income tax assessments in income tax expenses.

2.14 Earnings per share

The Company reports basic and diluted earnings per share in accordance with Ind AS 33 on Earnings per share. Basic

earnings per share is computed using the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS is computed by dividing the net profit/loss after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic EPS and also weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the year, unless issued at a later date. Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented. The number of equity shares and potentially dilutive equity shares are adjusted for bonus shares, as appropriate.

2.15 Current and Non-current classification

The company present assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification

Assets: An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- a. it is expected to be realised in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the entity's normal operating cycle;
- b. it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- c. it is expected to be realised within twelve months after the balance sheet date; or
- d. it is cash or a cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the balance sheet date

All other assets are classified as non-current.

Liabilities: A liability is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- (a) It is expected to be settled in, the entity's normal operating cycle;
- (b) It is held primarily for the purpose of being traded; it is due to be settled within twelve months after the balance sheet date; or
- (c) The Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the balance sheet date.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets, tax assets and Deferred tax liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

Operating Cycle

Based on the nature of products / activities of the Company and the normal time between acquisition of assets and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non-current.

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

2.16 Government Grants

Government grants are recognised where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attached conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the related costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed. When the grant relates to an asset, it is recognised as income in equal amounts over the expected useful life of the related asset.

2.17 Settlement Obligation

Pay-in/Pay-out obligation (Settlement Obligation) of the Company are accounted based on settlement dates.

2.18 Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit for the period is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

2.19 Cash and cash equivalents (for purposes of Cash Flow Statement)

Cash equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and net of outstanding bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand, book overdraft and are considered part of the Company's cash management system. These do not include bank balances earmarked/restricted for specific purposes.

3. Property, Plant and Equipment					Amount in T	housand (USD)
Particulars	Leasehold Premises and Improvements	Electrical installations	Computers -Hardware and networking equipments - owned	Furniture & fixtures	Office equipments	Total
Gross Block						
Balance as at April 01, 2023	228.22	44.15	866.88	13.54	5.12	1,157.91
Additions during the year		-		-		-
Deductions / adjustments		(1.18)	1.16	0.01		(0.01)
Balance as at March 31, 2024	228.22	42.97	868.04	13.55	5.12	1,157.90
Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment						
Balance as at April 01, 2023	48.03	25.97	641.96	7.81	5.12	728.89
Depreciation for the year	7.60	4.31	71.90	1.35		85.16
Deductions / Adjustments				0.01		0.01
Balance as at March 31, 2024	55.63	30.28	713.86	9.17	5.12	814.06
Net Book Value						
Balance as at March 31, 2024	172.59	12.69	154.18	4.38	-	343.84
Balance as at March 31, 2023	180.19	18.18	224.92	5.73	-	429.02
	Leasehold Premises	Electrical installations	Computers -Hardware	Furniture & fixtures	Amount in Office equipments	Thousand (INR)
Posti autoro	and Improvements	Electrical installations	and networking	rumiture & fixtures	Office equipments	iotai
Particulars	, , , , , , , ,		equipments - owned			
Gross block						
Balance as at April 01, 2023	18,763.46	3,628.81	71,271.86	1,113.96	420.62	95,198.71
Additions during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deductions / adjustments	-	(98.35)	96.69	0.83	-	-0.83
Currency Fluctuation	264.03	52.23	1,003.42	14.90	6.00	1,340.58
Balance as at March 31, 2024	19,027.49	3,582.69	72,371.97	1,129.69	426.62	96,538.46
Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment						
Balance as at April 01, 2023	3,949,12	2.136.49	52.779.80	642.36	420.62	59,928.39
Depreciation for the year	629.20	355.77	5,953.11	112.18		7.050.26
Deductions / Adjustments	-	-	-	0.82	_	0.82
Currency Fluctuation	59.88	32.64	784.41	9.17	6.00	892.10
Balance as at March 31, 2024	4,638.20	2,524.90	59,517.32	764.53	426.62	67,871.57
·	,	,				,
Net Book Value						
Balance as at March 31, 2024	14,389.29	1,057.79	12,854.65	365.16	-	28,666.89
Balance as at March 31, 2023	14,814.34	1,492.32	18,492.06	471.60	-	35,270.32
Note: There is no addition or deduction of assets di	uring the period				· ·	

Note: There is no addition of deduction of dissets d	•					
Amount in Thou						
Particulars	Leasehold Premises and Improvements	Electrical installations	Computers -Hardware and networking equipments - owned	Furniture & fixtures	Office equipments	Total
Gross Block						
Balance as at April 01, 2022	228.22	42.97	866.88	13.13	5.12	1,156.32
Additions during the year		1.18	-	0.41		1.59
Deductions / adjustments			-		-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2023	228.22	44.15	866.88	13.54	5.12	1,157.91
Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment						
Balance as at April 01, 2022	40.43	21.69	502.58	6.46	5.10	576.26
Depreciation for the year	7.60	4.28	139.38	1.35	0.02	152.63
Deductions / Adjustments			-		-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2023	48.03	25.97	641.96	7.81	5.12	728.89
Net Book Value						
Balance as at March 31, 2023	180.19	18.18	224.92	5.73	_	429.02
Balance as at March 31, 2022	187.79	21.28	364.29	6.67	0.02	580.05
	Leasehold Premises	Electrical installations	Computers -Hardware	Furniture & fixtures	Amount in	Thousand (INR)
Particulars	and Improvements		and networking equipments - owned	Tankare & lineares	omec equipments	10111
Gross block						
Balance as at April 01, 2022	17,300.62	3,257.51	65,715.36	995.65	387.83	87,656.97
Additions during the year	-	97.02	-	33.30	-	130.31
Deductions / adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Currency Fluctuation	1,462.84	274.28	5,556.50	85.01	32.79	7,411.43
Balance as at March 31, 2023	18,763.46	3,628.81	71,271.86	1,113.96	420.62	95,198.71
Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment						
Balance as at April 01, 2022	3,065.11	1,644.18	38,099.28	489.71	386.84	43,685.12
Depreciation for the year	610.98	345.43	11,204.63	108.77	1.05	12,270.86
Deductions / Adjustments	-	-	-	-		
Currency Fluctuation	273.03	146.88	3,475.89	43.88	32.73	3,972.41
Balance as at March 31, 2023	3,949.12	2,136.49	52,779.80	642.36	420.62	59,928.39
Net Book Value						
Balance as at March 31, 2023	14,814.34	1,492.32	18,492.06	471.60	-	35,270.32
Balance as at March 31, 2022	14,235.51	1,613.33	27,616.07	505.94	0.98	43,971.83

	Amount in T	housand (USD
Particulars	Software	Total
Gross Block		
Balance as at April 01, 2023	133.54	133.54
Additions during the year	-	-
Deductions / adjustments		-
Balance as at March 31, 2024	133.54	133.5
Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment		
Balance as at April 01, 2023	108.27	108.2
Amortisation for the year	10.41	10.4
Deductions / Adjustments	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2024	118.68	118.6
Net Book Value		
Balance as at March 31, 2024	14.86	14.8
Balance as at March 31, 2023	25.27	25.2
Particulars	Amount in Software	Thousand (INF Total
Gross Block		
Balance as at April 01, 2023	10,978.99	10,978.99
Additions during the year	-	-
	l l	
Deductions / adjustments	-	-
Currency Fluctuation	154.47	154.4
•	154.47 11,133.46	154.4 11,133.4
Currency Fluctuation Balance as at March 31, 2024		
Currency Fluctuation Balance as at March 31, 2024		11,133.4
Currency Fluctuation Balance as at March 31, 2024 Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment	11,133.46	11,133.4 8,901.3
Currency Fluctuation Balance as at March 31, 2024 Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment Balance as at April 01, 2023	8,901.38	11,133.4 8,901.3
Currency Fluctuation Balance as at March 31, 2024 Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment Balance as at April 01, 2023 Amortisation for the year	8,901.38	8,901.3 862.2
Currency Fluctuation Balance as at March 31, 2024 Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment Balance as at April 01, 2023 Amortisation for the year Deductions / Adjustments	8,901.38 862.27	8,901.3 862.2 - 131.2
Currency Fluctuation Balance as at March 31, 2024 Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment Balance as at April 01, 2023 Amortisation for the year Deductions / Adjustments Currency Fluctuation Balance as at March 31, 2024	8,901.38 862.27 - 131.25	8,901.3 862.2 - 131.2
Currency Fluctuation Balance as at March 31, 2024 Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment Balance as at April 01, 2023 Amortisation for the year Deductions / Adjustments Currency Fluctuation	8,901.38 862.27 - 131.25	

	USD in Thousand		
Particulars	Software	Total	
Gross Block	112.27	440.07	
Balance as at April 01, 2022	113.27	113.27	
Additions during the year	20.27	20.27	
Deductions / adjustments	-	-	
Acquisition through Business Combination	-	-	
Balance as at March 31, 2023	133.54	133.54	
Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment			
Balance as at April 01, 2022	87.46	87.46	
Amortisation for the year	20.81	20.81	
Deductions / Adjustments	-	-	
Balance as at March 31, 2023	108.27	108.27	
Net Book Value			
Balance as at March 31, 2023	25.27	25.27	
Balance as at March 31, 2022	25.81	25.81	
		Rs in Thousand	
Particulars	Software	Total	
Gross Block			
Balance as at April 01, 2022	8,586.36	8,586.36	
Additions during the year	1,666.62	1,666.62	
Deductions / adjustments	-	-	
Currency Fluctuation	726.01	726.01	
Balance as at March 31, 2023	10,978.99	10,978.99	
Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment			
Balance as at April 01, 2022	6,629.56	6,629.56	
Amortisation for the year	1,673.27	1,673.27	
Deductions / Adjustments	-	-	
Currency Fluctuation	598.55	598.55	
Balance as at March 31, 2023	8,901.38	8,901.38	
Net Book Value			
Balance as at March 31, 2023	2,077.61	2,077.61	
Balance as at March 31, 2022	1,956.80	1,956.80	

5. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Bank Balances				ınt in Thousand	
	As at March	31, 2024	As at March	31, 2023	
Particulars	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)	
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited	
5 (a) Cash and Cash Equivalents					
Balance with Banks					
Own					
In Current Accounts	9,893.32	118.66	6,072.29	73.86	
In Deposit Accounts - Original maturity less than 3 months	-	-	8,221.69	100.00	
Accrued Interest	-	-	78.11	0.95	
Member Fund					
In Current Accounts	3,334.96	40.00	11,921.45	145.00	
Total	13,228.28	158.66	26,293.54	319.81	
5 (b) Bank Balance Other than Above					
Own					
In Deposit Accounts - Original Maturity more than 3 months and remaining maturity less than	1,02,624.60	1,230.90	53,440.99	650.00	
12 months					
Accrued Interest	2,304.36	27.64	608.08	7.41	
Member Funds					
In Deposit Accounts - Original Maturity more than 3 months and remaining maturity less than	19,926.36	239.00	-	-	
Earmarked Fund - Default Fund (Refer Note Below)					
In Current Accounts	56.15	0.67	_	_	
In Deposit Accounts - Original Maturity more than 3 months and remaining maturity less than	6.770.52	81.21	6,327.90	76.97	
12 months	,		.,.		
	00.20	4.00	02.42	1.01	
Accrued Interest Total	90.28 1,31,772.27	1.08	83.12 60,460.09	735.39	
Note : The above mentioned cash and bank balances are restricted cash and bank balances which		1,580.50			
6. Trade Receivables	As at March		As at March		
Particulars	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)	
C	Audited	Audited			
Current Trade Receivables			Audited	Audited	
Trade Necelvables			Audited		
	14 50		Audited		
- Secured, Considered Good	14.59	0.18	Audited -		
- Secured, Considered Good Receivable from Group Company - Unsecured, Considered Good	14.59 - -		Audited - -		
- Secured, Considered Good Receivable from Group Company - Unsecured, Considered Good Unbilled Revenue	14.59 - -		Audited		
- Secured, Considered Good Receivable from Group Company - Unsecured, Considered Good	14.59 - - - -		Audited		
- Secured, Considered Good Receivable from Group Company - Unsecured, Considered Good Unbilled Revenue Receivable from Related Party	-	0.18 - - -	Audited	Audited	
- Secured, Considered Good Receivable from Group Company - Unsecured, Considered Good Unbilled Revenue	14.59		Audited		
- Secured, Considered Good Receivable from Group Company - Unsecured, Considered Good Unbilled Revenue Receivable from Related Party	-	0.18 - - -	Audited	Audited	
- Secured, Considered Good Receivable from Group Company - Unsecured, Considered Good Unbilled Revenue Receivable from Related Party Total Trade Receivables	-	0.18 - - -	Audited	Audited	
- Secured, Considered Good Receivable from Group Company - Unsecured, Considered Good Unbilled Revenue Receivable from Related Party	-	0.18 - - -	Audited	Audited	
- Secured, Considered Good Receivable from Group Company - Unsecured, Considered Good Unbilled Revenue Receivable from Related Party Total Trade Receivables	-	0.18 - - - - - 0.18	Audited	Audited	
- Secured, Considered Good Receivable from Group Company - Unsecured, Considered Good Unbilled Revenue Receivable from Related Party Total Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule of trade receivable	14.59	0.18 - - - - - 0.18		Audited	
- Secured, Considered Good Receivable from Group Company - Unsecured, Considered Good Unbilled Revenue Receivable from Related Party Total Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule of trade receivable	14.59 As at March	0.18		Audited	
- Secured, Considered Good Receivable from Group Company - Unsecured, Considered Good Unbilled Revenue Receivable from Related Party Total Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good	14.59 As at March	0.18		Audited	
- Secured, Considered Good Receivable from Group Company - Unsecured, Considered Good Unbilled Revenue Receivable from Related Party Total Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good Less than 6 months	14.59 As at March	0.18		Audited	
- Secured, Considered Good Receivable from Group Company - Unsecured, Considered Good Unbilled Revenue Receivable from Related Party Total Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good Less than 6 months 6 months - 1 Year	14.59 As at March (Rs)	0.18 - - - - 0.18		Audited	
- Secured, Considered Good Receivable from Group Company - Unsecured, Considered Good Unbilled Revenue Receivable from Related Party Total Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good Less than 6 months 6 months - 1 Year 1-2 years	14.59 As at March (Rs)	0.18 - - - - 0.18		Audited	
- Secured, Considered Good Receivable from Group Company - Unsecured, Considered Good Unbilled Revenue Receivable from Related Party Total Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good Less than 6 months 6 months - 1 Year 1-2 years 2-3 years	14.59 As at March (Rs)	0.18 - - - - 0.18		Audited	
- Secured, Considered Good Receivable from Group Company - Unsecured, Considered Good Unbilled Revenue Receivable from Related Party Total Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good Less than 6 months 6 months - 1 Year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years	As at March (Rs)	0.18 - - - 0.18 31, 2024 (USD)	As at March (Rs)	Audited	
- Secured, Considered Good Receivable from Group Company - Unsecured, Considered Good Unbilled Revenue Receivable from Related Party Total Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good Less than 6 months 6 months - 1 Year 1-2 years 2-3 years	14.59 As at March (Rs)	0.18 - - - - 0.18		Audited	
- Secured, Considered Good Receivable from Group Company - Unsecured, Considered Good Unbilled Revenue Receivable from Related Party Total Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good Less than 6 months 6 months - 1 Year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total	As at March (Rs)	0.18 - - - 0.18 31, 2024 (USD)	As at March (Rs)	Audited	
- Secured, Considered Good Receivable from Group Company - Unsecured, Considered Good Unbilled Revenue Receivable from Related Party Total Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good Less than 6 months 6 months - 1 Year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years	As at March (Rs)	0.18 - - - 0.18 31, 2024 (USD)	As at March (Rs)	Audited	
- Secured, Considered Good Receivable from Group Company - Unsecured, Considered Good Unbilled Revenue Receivable from Related Party Total Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good Less than 6 months 6 months - 1 Year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total	14.59 As at March (Rs) 14.59	0.18 - - - 0.18 31, 2024 (USD)	As at March (Rs)	Audited	
- Secured, Considered Good Receivable from Group Company - Unsecured, Considered Good Unbilled Revenue Receivable from Related Party Total Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good Less than 6 months 6 months - 1 Year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total 7. Investment in Equity Instrument	As at March (Rs) 14.59 14.59 As at March As at March As at March	0.18 0.18 31, 2024 (USD) 0.18	As at March (Rs) Amou	Audited	
- Secured, Considered Good Receivable from Group Company - Unsecured, Considered Good Unbilled Revenue Receivable from Related Party Total Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good Less than 6 months 6 months - 1 Year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total	As at March (Rs) 14.59 14.59 As at March (Rs)	0.18	As at March (Rs) - Amou As at March (Rs)	Audited	
- Secured, Considered Good Receivable from Group Company - Unsecured, Considered Good Unbilled Revenue Receivable from Related Party Total Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good Less than 6 months 6 months - 1 Year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total 7. Investment in Equity Instrument	As at March (Rs) 14.59 14.59 As at March As at March As at March	0.18 0.18 31, 2024 (USD) 0.18	As at March (Rs) Amou	Audited	
- Secured, Considered Good Receivable from Group Company - Unsecured, Considered Good Unbilled Revenue Receivable from Related Party Total Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good Less than 6 months 6 months - 1 Year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total 7. Investment in Equity Instrument Particulars	As at March (Rs) 14.59 14.59 As at March (Rs)	0.18	As at March (Rs) - Amou As at March (Rs)	Audited	
- Secured, Considered Good Receivable from Group Company - Unsecured, Considered Good Unbilled Revenue Receivable from Related Party Total Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good Less than 6 months 6 months - 1 Year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total 7. Investment in Equity Instrument Particulars Non Current Investment Investment in Equity Instrument (unquoted)	14.59 As at March (Rs) 14.59 As at March (Rs) As at March (Rs) Audited	0.18 0.18 31, 2024 (USD) 0.18 31, 2024 (USD) Audited	As at March (Rs) Amou As at March (Rs) Amou As at March (Rs) Audited	Audited	
- Secured, Considered Good Receivable from Group Company - Unsecured, Considered Good Unbilled Revenue Receivable from Related Party Total Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good Less than 6 months 6 months - 1 Year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total 7. Investment in Equity Instrument Particulars Non Current Investment Investment in Equity Instrument (unquoted) India International Bullion Holding IFSC Limited (Fully paid equity shares of Re 1 each)	As at March (Rs) 14.59 As at March (Rs) 14.59 As at March (Rs) Audited	0.18	As at March (Rs) Amou As at March (Rs) Audited 1,50,000.00	Audited	
- Secured, Considered Good Receivable from Group Company - Unsecured, Considered Good Unbilled Revenue Receivable from Related Party Total Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good Less than 6 months 6 months - 1 Year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total 7. Investment in Equity Instrument Non Current Investment Investment in Equity Instrument (unquoted)	14.59 As at March (Rs) 14.59 As at March (Rs) As at March (Rs) Audited	0.18 0.18 31, 2024 (USD) 0.18 31, 2024 (USD) Audited	As at March (Rs) Amou As at March (Rs) Amou As at March (Rs) Audited	Audited	
- Secured, Considered Good Receivable from Group Company - Unsecured, Considered Good Unbilled Revenue Receivable from Related Party Total Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule of trade receivable Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment Undisputed trade receivable considered Good Less than 6 months 6 months - 1 Year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total 7. Investment in Equity Instrument Particulars Non Current Investment Investment in Equity Instrument (unquoted) India International Bullion Holding IFSC Limited (Fully paid equity shares of Re 1 each)	As at March (Rs) 14.59 As at March (Rs) 14.59 As at March (Rs) Audited	0.18 0.18 31, 2024 (USD) 0.18 31, 2024 (USD) Audited	As at March (Rs) Amou As at March (Rs) Audited 1,50,000.00	Audited	

8. Other Financial Assets			Amou	ınt in Thousand
	As at March 31, 2024 As at March 31, 2023		31, 2023	
Particulars	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Non Current				
Own		!		
Deposit with Banks (remaining maturity more than 12 months)*	12,25,046.06	14,693.40	9,87,836.05	12,015.00
Accrued Interest	61,300.13	735.24	21,744.89	264.48
Member Funds				
Deposit with Banks (remaining maturity more than 12 months)	79,205.21	950.00	1,01,126.79	1,230.00
Earmarked Fund - Default Fund				
Deposit with Banks (remaining maturity more than 12 months)	83,827.28	1,005.44	96,605.52	1,175.00
Accrued Interest	6,265.64	75.15	1,720.88	20.93
Total (A)	14,55,644.32	17,459.23	12,09,034.13	14.705.41
8. Other Financial Assets		ount in Thousand		
O OTHER I Harrisa.	As at March	31. 2024	As at March	
Particulars	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Current				
Own		!		
Deposit with Banks (Original maturity more than 12 months and remaining maturity less than	3,76,467.84	4,515.42	1,18,260.79	1,438.40
12 months)*		!		
Accrued Interest	8,034.08	96.36	2,059.04	25.04
Member Funds				
Deposit with Banks (Original maturity more than 12 months and remaining maturity less than	6,669.91	80.00	-	-
12 months)				
Earmarked Fund - Default Fund				
Deposit with Banks (Original maturity more than 12 months and remaining maturity less than	14,137.72	169.57	-	-
12 months)				
Accrued Interest	1,048.08	12.57	-	-
Deposits with Public Bodies and Other Parties	403.42	4.84	407.30	4.95
Receivable towards Incentive Scheme		-	4.36	0.0
Total (B)	4,06,761.05	4,878.76	1,20,731.49	1,468.44
Total (A+B)	18,62,405.37	22,337.99	13,29,765.62	16,173.8
* Company has set up an overdraft limit of USD 1000.00 Thousand with ICICI Bank and for which				
Thousand.				
* Company has set up an overdraft limit of USD 2,137.50 Thousand with SBI Bank and for which a Thousand.	a lien is marked on prir	ncipal value of fixe	d deposit amounting t	o USD 2,250.00
			_	_
9. Other Assets	As at March	24 2024		int in Thousan
Particulars	As at March (Rs)	31, 2024 (USD)	As at March (Rs)	31, 2023 (USD)

9. Other Assets			Amou	nt in Thousand
	As at March	31, 2024	As at March	31, 2023
Particulars	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Current				
Advance to Vendors	29.73	0.36	32.07	0.39
Prepaid Expenses	3,395.90	40.73	1,197.33	14.56
Goods & Service Tax Receivable	291.54	3.50	282.50	3.43
Total	3,717.17	44.59	1,511.90	18.38

10. Equity Share Capital

	As at March 31, 2024		As at March 31, 2023	
Particulars	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Equity Share Capital				
Authorised Share Capital:				
200,00,00,000 Equity Shares (Previous year - 200,00,00,000 Equity Shares) of Re. 1/- each with voting rights	20,00,000.00	Not Applicable	20,00,000.00	Not Applicable
Issued Share Capital:				
189,44,96,841 Equity Shares (Previous year - 133,49,96,841 Equity Shares) of Re. 1/- each with voting rights	18,94,496.84	Not Applicable	13,34,996.84	Not Applicable
Subscribed and Fully Paid - up				
1,33,49,96,841 Equity Shares (Previous year - 1,33,49,96,841 Equity Shares) of Re. 1/- each with voting rights	13,34,996.84	19,115.49	13,34,996.84	19,115.49
Add: Addition during the Period/Year	5,59,500.00	6,704.57	-	-
1,89,44,96,841 Equity Shares (Previous year - 1,33,49,96,841 Equity Shares) of Re. 1/- each with voting rights	18,94,496.84	25,820.06	13,34,996.84	19,115.49

	As at March	31, 2024	As at March 3	31, 2023
Particulars	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
No. of shares at the beginning of the year	1,33,49,96,841	-	1,33,49,96,841	-
Preferential allotment	-	-	-	-
Rights Issue	55,95,00,000	-	-	-
No. of shares at the end of the year	1,89,44,96,841	-	1,33,49,96,841	-

Shareholders holding more than 5% of the shares in the company Equ

|--|

Name of Shareholder	As at March 31, 2024		As at March 31, 2023	
	Number of Shares	Percentage of	Number of Shares	Percentage of
	Number of Shares	Shareholding	Number of Shares	Shareholding
BSE Limited	1,14,67,50,857	60.53%	80,00,00,000	59.93%
State Bank of India	18,85,02,436	9.95%	13,28,32,186	9.95%
ICICI Bank Limited	18,75,55,187	9.90%	13,21,64,687	9.90%
Other Shareholders	37,16,88,361	19.62%	26,99,99,968	20.22%
Total	1,89,44,96,841	100%	1,33,49,96,841	100%

Shares held by Promoters at the end of the year

Sr no	Promoter Name	No of shares	% of Total shares	% Change during the period
Equit	y Share Capital			
BSE L	imited - Current Year	1,14,67,50,857	60.53%	0.60%
BSE L	imited - Previous Year	80,00,00,000	59.93%	

11. Other Equity

Amount in Thousand

	As at March	31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023		
Particulars	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)	
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited	
Default Fund					
Opening Balance	1,04,737.42	1,273.91	94,544.12	1,247.17	
Add: Contribution to Default Fund	-	-	-	-	
Add: Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	1,473.18	-	7,994.09	-	
Add: Penalty transferred During the Period/Year	56.15	0.67	-	-	
Add: Income Earned During the Period/Year	5,928.92	71.11	2,199.21	26.74	
Closing Balance (A)	1,12,195.67	1,345.69	1,04,737.42	1,273.91	
Retained Earnings					
Opening Balance	(2,69,453.95)	(3,831.24)	(2,33,148.96)	(3,379.64	
Total Comprehensive Income During the Period/Year other than FCTR	5,440.72	65.72	(36,304.99)	(451.60	
Less : Contribution to Default Fund	i - i	-	- 1	-	
Closing Balance (B)	(2,64,013.23)	(3,765.52)	(2,69,453.95)	(3,831.24	
Other Comprehensive Income					
Opening Balance	1,91,599.13	6.31	91,495.95	6.00	
Remeasurements gain / (loss) on the defined employee benefit plans	92.73	1.12	24.91	0.31	
Foreign Currency Translation Reserve During the Quarter (FCTR)	17,216.61		1,00,078.27	-	
Closing Balance (C)	2,08,908.47	7.43	1,91,599.13	6.31	
Total (A + B + C)	57,090.91	(2,412.40)	26,882.60	(2,551.02	

12. Trade Payables Amount in Thousand

	As at March	31, 2024	As at March	31, 2023
Particulars	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Current				
Payable to Group Company-Small Enterprise	983.89	11.80	2,423.10	29.47
Outstanding dues of other Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises	-	-	187.29	2.28
Outstanding dues of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (A)	983.89	11.80	2,610.39	31.75
Payable to Service Providers	31.22	0.37	491.49	5.98
Unbilled Dues from Service Provider	3,956.97	47.49	2,450.19	29.82
Payable to Holding Company	1,194.61	14.33	669.57	8.14
Total outstanding dues of creditor other than micro, small and medium enterprises (B)	5,182.80	62.19	3,611.25	43.94
Total (A+B)	6,166.69	73.99	6,221.64	75.69

D. I				
Disclosures required under section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Developme	nt Act, 2006			
(a) Principal amount and interest thereon remaining unpaid at the end of period/year Interest	983.89	11.80	2,610.39	31.75
paid including payment made beyond appointed day				
(b) Interest due and payable for delay during the period/year	-	-	-	-
(c) Amount of interest accrued and unpaid as at period/year end	-	-	-	-
(d) The amount of further interest due and payable even in the succeeding period/year	-	-	-	-
Ageing Schedule of trade Payables			•	
Outstanding for the following periods from the due date of payment	As at March	Amou As at March	nt in Thousand 31, 2023	
σ,	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
MSME				
Less than 1 year	983.89	11.80	2,610.39	31.75
Others				
Less than 1 Year	1,225.83	14.70	1,161.06	14.12
1-2 years				
2-3 years				
More than 3 years				
Unbilled Dues from Service Provider	3,956.97	47.49	2,450.19	29.82
Total	6,166.69	73.99	6,221.64	75.69
TOWN	0,100.09	73.33	0,221.04	75.09
13. Other Financial Liabilities				nt in Thousand
5	As at March		As at March	
Particulars	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Current				
Payable for Capital Creditors			96.44	1.17
Accrued Employee Benefits	3,052.73	36.61	2,143.97	26.07
Deposits from Members	1,09,136.44	1,309.00	1,13,048.24	1,375.00
Deposits from Clearing Bank	1,33,398.24	1,600.00	1,31,547.04	1,600.00
Total	2,45,587.41	2,945.61	2,46,835.69	3,002.24
	2 45 505 44	2017.01	2 45 227 52	
Total Note: Payable for capital creditor represents payable to MSME creditor of USD 1,172.51 (Rs 96,4	2,45,587.41	2,945.61	2,46,835.69	3,002.24
,	, ,			
14. Provisions				nt in Thousand
	As at March		As at March	31, 2023
14. Provisions Particulars	(Rs)	(USD)	As at March (Rs)	31, 2023 (USD)
Particulars			As at March	31, 2023
Particulars Non Current	(Rs)	(USD)	As at March (Rs) Audited	31, 2023 (USD) Audited
Particulars Non Current Gratuity Liability	(Rs) Audited -	(USD) Audited	As at March : (Rs) Audited	81, 2023 (USD) Audited
Particulars Non Current Gratuity Liability Compensated Absences	(Rs) Audited - 555.26	(USD) Audited - 6.66	As at March (Rs) Audited 209.08 685.36	81, 2023 (USD) Audited 2.54 8.34
Particulars Non Current Gratuity Liability	(Rs) Audited -	(USD) Audited	As at March : (Rs) Audited	81, 2023 (USD) Audited
Particulars Non Current Gratuity Liability Compensated Absences	(Rs) Audited - 555.26	(USD) Audited - 6.66	As at March (Rs) Audited 209.08 685.36	81, 2023 (USD) Audited 2.54 8.34
Particulars Non Current Gratuity Liability Compensated Absences	(Rs) Audited - 555.26	(USD) Audited - 6.66	As at March (Rs) Audited 209.08 685.36	81, 2023 (USD) Audited 2.54 8.34
Particulars Non Current Gratuity Liability Compensated Absences Total (A)	(Rs) Audited - 555.26	(USD) Audited - 6.66	As at March (Rs) Audited 209.08 685.36	81, 2023 (USD) Audited 2.54 8.34
Particulars Non Current Gratuity Liability Compensated Absences Total (A) Current	(Rs) Audited 555.26	(USD) Audited 6.66 6.66	As at March (Rs) Audited 209.08 685.36 894.44	31, 2023 (USD) Audited 2.54 8.34 10.88
Particulars Non Current Gratuity Liability Compensated Absences Total (A) Current Compensated Absences Gratuity Liability	(Rs) Audited - 555.26 555.26 1,786.79 72.91	(USD) Audited - 6.66 6.66 21.43 0.87	As at March (Rs) Audited 209.08 685.36 894.44 1,231.03 216.23	31, 2023 (USD) Audited 2.54 8.34 10.88
Particulars Non Current Gratuity Liability Compensated Absences Total (A) Current Compensated Absences	(Rs) Audited 555.26 555.26	(USD) Audited	As at March (Rs) Audited 209.08 685.36 894.44	31, 2023 (USD) Audited 2.54 8.34 10.88
Particulars Non Current Gratuity Liability Compensated Absences Total (A) Current Compensated Absences Gratuity Liability	(Rs) Audited - 555.26 555.26 1,786.79 72.91	(USD) Audited - 6.66 6.66 21.43 0.87	As at March (Rs) Audited 209.08 685.36 894.44 1,231.03 216.23	31, 2023 (USD) Audited 2.54 8.34 10.88
Particulars Non Current Gratuity Liability Compensated Absences Total (A) Current Compensated Absences Gratuity Liability Total (B) Total (A+B)	(Rs) Audited - 555.26 555.26 1,786.79 72.91 1,859.70	(USD) Audited - 6.66 6.66 21.43 0.87 22.30	As at March (Rs) Audited 209.08 685.36 894.44 1,231.03 216.23 1,447.26 2,341.70	31, 2023 (USD) Audited 2.54 8.34 10.88 14.97 2.63
Particulars Non Current Gratuity Liability Compensated Absences Total (A) Current Compensated Absences Gratuity Liability Total (B)	(Rs) Audited - 555.26 555.26 1,786.79 72.91 1,859.70	(USD) Audited - 6.66 6.66 21.43 0.87 22.30 28.96	As at March (Rs) Audited 209.08 685.36 894.44 1,231.03 216.23 1,447.26 2,341.70	31, 2023 (USD) Audited 2.54 8.34 10.88 14.97 2.63 17.60 28.48 Int in Thousand
Particulars Non Current Gratuity Liability Compensated Absences Total (A) Current Compensated Absences Gratuity Liability Total (B) Total (A+B)	(Rs) Audited - 555.26 555.26 1,786.79 72.91 1,859.70 2,414.96 As at March (Rs)	(USD) Audited - 6.66 6.66 21.43 0.87 22.30 28.96	As at March (Rs) Audited 209.08 685.36 894.44 1,231.03 216.23 1,447.26 2,341.70 Amou As at March (Rs)	1, 2023 (USD) Audited 2.54 8.34 10.88 14.97 2.63 17.60 28.48 Int in Thousand 14, 2023 (USD)
Particulars Non Current Gratuity Liability Compensated Absences Total (A) Current Compensated Absences Gratuity Liability Total (B) Total (A+B) 15. Other Liabilities Particulars	(Rs) Audited 555.26 555.26 1,786.79 72.91 1,859.70 2,414.96 As at March	(USD) Audited - 6.66 6.66 21.43 0.87 22.30 28.96	As at March (Rs) Audited 209.08 685.36 894.44 1,231.03 216.23 1,447.26 2,341.70 Amou	1, 2023 (USD) Audited 2.54 8.34 10.88 14.97 2.63 17.60 28.48 nt in Thousand
Particulars Non Current Gratuity Liability Compensated Absences Total (A) Current Compensated Absences Gratuity Liability Total (B) Total (A+B) 15. Other Liabilities Particulars	(Rs) Audited - 555.26 555.26 1,786.79 72.91 1,859.70 2,414.96 As at March (Rs)	(USD) Audited - 6.66 6.66 21.43 0.87 22.30 28.96	As at March (Rs) Audited 209.08 685.36 894.44 1,231.03 216.23 1,447.26 2,341.70 Amou As at March (Rs)	1, 2023 (USD) Audited 2.54 8.34 10.88 14.97 2.63 17.60 28.48 Int in Thousand 14, 2023 (USD)
Particulars Non Current Gratuity Liability Compensated Absences Total (A) Current Compensated Absences Gratuity Liability Total (B) Total (A+B) 15. Other Liabilities Particulars	(Rs) Audited - 555.26 555.26 1,786.79 72.91 1,859.70 2,414.96 As at March (Rs)	(USD) Audited - 6.66 6.66 21.43 0.87 22.30 28.96	As at March (Rs) Audited 209.08 685.36 894.44 1,231.03 216.23 1,447.26 2,341.70 Amou As at March (Rs)	1, 2023 (USD) Audited 2.54 8.34 10.88 14.97 2.63 17.60 28.48 nt in Thousand 31, 2023 (USD) Audited
Particulars Non Current Gratuity Liability Compensated Absences Total (A) Current Compensated Absences Gratuity Liability Total (B) Total (A+B) 15. Other Liabilities Particulars Non Current Unamortised Portion of Capital Subsidy Total (A)	(Rs) Audited	(USD) Audited - 6.66 6.66 21.43 0.87 22.30 28.96 31, 2024 (USD) Audited	As at March (Rs) Audited 209.08 685.36 894.44 1,231.03 216.23 1,447.26 2,341.70 Amou As at March (Rs) Audited	1, 2023 (USD) Audited 2.54 8.34 10.88 14.97 2.63 17.60 28.48 ant in Thousand 81, 2023 (USD) Audited
Particulars Non Current Gratuity Liability Compensated Absences Total (A) Current Compensated Absences Gratuity Liability Total (B) Total (A+B) 15. Other Liabilities Particulars Non Current Unamortised Portion of Capital Subsidy Total (A) Current	(Rs) Audited	(USD) Audited - 6.66 6.66 21.43 0.87 22.30 28.96 31, 2024 (USD) Audited	As at March (Rs) Audited 209.08 685.36 894.44 1,231.03 216.23 1,447.26 2,341.70 Amou As at March (Rs) Audited 35.19	1, 2023 (USD) Audited 2.54 8.34 10.88 14.97 2.63 17.60 28.48 nt in Thousand 31, 2023 (USD) Audited
Particulars Non Current Gratuity Liability Compensated Absences Total (A) Current Compensated Absences Gratuity Liability Total (B) Total (A+B) 15. Other Liabilities Particulars Non Current Unamortised Portion of Capital Subsidy Total (A) Current Statutory Liabilities	(Rs) Audited	(USD) Audited - 6.66 6.66 21.43 0.87 22.30 28.96 31, 2024 (USD) Audited	As at March (Rs) Audited 209.08 685.36 894.44 1,231.03 216.23 1,447.26 2,341.70 Amou As at March (Rs) Audited 35.19	1, 2023 (USD) Audited 2.54 8.34 10.88 14.97 2.63 17.60 28.48 nt in Thousand 31, 2023 (USD) Audited
Particulars Non Current Gratuity Liability Compensated Absences Total (A) Current Compensated Absences Gratuity Liability Total (B) Total (A+B) 15. Other Liabilities Particulars Non Current Unamortised Portion of Capital Subsidy Total (A) Current	(Rs) Audited 555.26 555.26 1,786.79 72.91 1,859.70 2,414.96 As at March (Rs) Audited 5.37 5.37	(USD) Audited - 6.66 6.66 21.43 0.87 22.30 28.96 31, 2024 (USD) Audited 0.06 0.06	As at March (Rs) Audited 209.08 685.36 894.44 1,231.03 216.23 1,447.26 2,341.70 Amou As at March (Rs) Audited 35.19 35.19	1, 2023 (USD) Audited 2.54 8.34 10.88 14.97 2.63 17.60 28.48 Int in Thousand 31, 2023 (USD) Audited 0.43 0.43
Particulars Non Current Gratuity Liability Compensated Absences Total (A) Current Compensated Absences Gratuity Liability Total (B) Total (A+B) 15. Other Liabilities Particulars Non Current Unamortised Portion of Capital Subsidy Total (A) Current Statutory Liabilities	(Rs) Audited 555.26 555.26 1,786.79 72.91 1,859.70 2,414.96 As at March (Rs) Audited 5.37 5.37	(USD) Audited - 6.66 6.66 21.43 0.87 22.30 28.96 31, 2024 (USD) Audited 0.06 0.06 11.38	As at March (Rs) Audited 209.08 685.36 894.44 1,231.03 216.23 1,447.26 2,341.70 Amou As at March (Rs) Audited 35.19 671.05	81, 2023 (USD) Audited 2.54 8.34 10.88 14.97 2.63 17.60 28.48 ant in Thousand 81, 2023 (USD) Audited 0.43 0.43
Particulars Non Current Gratuity Liability Compensated Absences Total (A) Current Compensated Absences Gratuity Liability Total (B) Total (A+B) 15. Other Liabilities Particulars Non Current Unamortised Portion of Capital Subsidy Total (A) Current Statutory Liabilities Unamortised Portion of Capital Subsidy Advance Revenue	(Rs) Audited 555.26 555.26 1,786.79 72.91 1,859.70 2,414.96 As at March (Rs) Audited 5.37 5.37 948.53 30.34	(USD) Audited - 6.66 6.66 21.43 0.87 22.30 28.96 31, 2024 (USD) Audited 0.06 0.06 11.38 0.36	As at March (Rs) Audited 209.08 685.36 894.44 1,231.03 216.23 1,447.26 2,341.70 Amou As at March (Rs) Audited 35.19 35.19 35.19 671.05 344.16	1, 2023 (USD) Audited 2.54 8.34 10.88 14.97 2.63 17.60 28.48 Int in Thousand 13, 2023 (USD) Audited 0.43 0.43 8.16 4.19 -
Particulars Non Current Gratuity Liability Compensated Absences Total (A) Current Compensated Absences Gratuity Liability Total (B) Total (A+B) 15. Other Liabilities Particulars Non Current Unamortised Portion of Capital Subsidy Total (A) Current Statutory Liabilities Unamortised Portion of Capital Subsidy	(Rs) Audited 555.26 555.26 1,786.79 72.91 1,859.70 2,414.96 As at March (Rs) Audited 5.37 5.37	(USD) Audited - 6.66 6.66 21.43 0.87 22.30 28.96 31, 2024 (USD) Audited 0.06 0.06 11.38	As at March (Rs) Audited 209.08 685.36 894.44 1,231.03 216.23 1,447.26 2,341.70 Amou As at March (Rs) Audited 35.19 671.05	1, 2023 (USD) Audited 2.54 8.34 10.88 14.97 2.63 17.60 28.48 Int in Thousand 81, 2023 (USD) Audited 0.43 0.43 8.16 4.19

		_	,
For the Year ended	March 31, 2024		ints in Thousand March 31, 2023
Tor the real chaca	. Water 31, 2024	Tor the real chaca	1000
(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
-	-	40.20	0.50
106.97	1.29	89.80	1.12
106.97	1.29	130.00	1.62
			ınts in Thousand
For the Year ended	d March 31, 2024	For the Year ended	March 31, 2023
(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
_	-	1,707.52	21.25
346.55	4.19	949.50	11.81
-	-	1,123.31	13.97
346.55	4.19	3,780.33	47.03
		Amou	ınts in Thousand
For the Year ended	d March 31, 2024	For the Year ended	March 31, 2023
(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
20 441 54	246.00	10 100 22	226.25
			7.76
	-		0.29
1,772.63	21.41	1,373.01	17.08
22.940.80	277.09	20.208.23	251.38
		Amou	ınts in Thousand
For the Year ended	d March 31, 2024	For the Year ended	March 31, 2023
(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
243.20	2.94	224.94	2.80
115.16	1.39	39.79	0.49
3,422.73	41.34	3,336.40	41.50
25,407.50	306.88	19,576.33	243.52
3,305.64	39.93	2,982.28	37.10
149.94	1.81	202.18	2.52
			0.35
			14.58
			5.39
5,000.33	60.40	3,641.75	1.08 45.29
1 3,000.33	4.01	3,641.01	45.29
331.73			3.70
331.73 307.78	3.72	297.13	3.70
		297.13 103.22	
307.78	3.72		1.28
307.78 104.98	3.72 1.27	103.22	1.28 7.29
307.78 104.98 481.77	3.72 1.27 5.82	103.22 586.21 36,350.98	1.28 7.29 452.1 8
307.78 104.98 481.77	3.72 1.27 5.82	103.22 586.21 36,350.98	1.28 7.29 452.1 8
307.78 104.98 481.77 41,204.91	3.72 1.27 5.82 497.69	103.22 586.21 36,350.98	1.28 7.29 452.18 unts in Thousand (USD)
307.78 104.98 481.77 41,204.91 (Rs) 202.87 20.29	3.72 1.27 5.82 497.69 (USD) 2.45 0.25	103.22 586.21 36,350.98 Amou (Rs) 190.05 16.80	1.28 7.29 452.18 unts in Thousand (USD) 2.3 0.2
307.78 104.98 481.77 41,204.91 (Rs) 202.87 20.29 20.04	3.72 1.27 5.82 497.69 (USD) 2.45 0.25 0.24	103.22 586.21 36,350.98 Amou (Rs) 190.05 16.80 18.09	1.28 7.29 452.18 unts in Thousand (USD) 2.3 0.2 0.2
307.78 104.98 481.77 41,204.91 (Rs) 202.87 20.29	3.72 1.27 5.82 497.69 (USD) 2.45 0.25	103.22 586.21 36,350.98 Amou (Rs) 190.05 16.80	1 7 452 unts in Thousar (USD) 2 0
	(Rs) Audited	Audited Audited	For the Year ended March 31, 2024

Amounts of Balance Sheet other than shareholder funds in these financial statements have been translated into Indian rupees at the closing rate as at March 31, 2024 which is 1 USD = Rs 83.3739, amount of Statement of Profit and Loss at the average rate from April 01, 2023 to March 31, 2024 which is 1 USD = Rs 82.7921.

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

21 Earnings Per Share

Amount in Thousand

Particulars -	For the year ended March 31, 2024		For the year ended March 31, 2023	
	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
Profit / (Loss) for the period	5,440.72	65.72	(36,304.99)	(451.60)
Weighted average number of equity shares (Nos)	1,53,67,83,726	1,53,67,83,726	1,33,49,96,841	1,33,49,96,841
Earnings per share basic and diluted before and after exceptional item	0.004	0.00004	(0.027)	(0.00034)
Face value per equity share	1.00	NA	1.00	NA

22 Segment Reporting

The Managing Director and CEO of the Company has been identified as the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) as defined by Ind AS 108, Operating Segments. The CODM evaluates the Company's performance and allocates resources based on an analysis of various performance indicators by industry classes. Accordingly, segment information has been presented for industry classes. The Company operates only in one Business Segment i.e. "Clearing and Settlement Services", hence does not have any reportable Segments as per Indian Accounting Standard 108 "Operating Segments". The reportable business segments are in line with the segment wise information which is being presented to the CODM.

23 Financial Instruments

The significant accounting policies, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised, in respect of each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in note 2.4 to the financial statements.

Fair value hierarchy:

The fair value hierarchy is based on inputs to valuation techniques that are used to measure fair value that are either observable or unobservable and consists of the following three levels:

Level 1- Inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 — Inputs are other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3 — Inputs are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The carrying value of financial instruments by categories as at balance sheet date is as follows and the directors consider that the carrying amounts of below mentioned financial assets and financial liabilities recognised in the balance sheet approximate their fair values.

Amount in Thousand

			, ,	mount in mousum	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2023	
	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)	
Financial Assets carried at amortised cost					
Other non-current financial assets	14,55,644.32	17,459.23	12,09,034.13	14,705.41	
Cash and cash equivalents	13,228.28	158.66	26,293.54	319.81	
Bank Balances	1,31,772.27	1,580.50	60,460.09	735.39	
Trade Receivables	14.59	0.18	-	-	
Other current financial assets	4,06,761.05	4,878.76	1,20,731.49	1,468.44	
Total	20,07,420.51	24,077.33	14,16,519.25	17,229.05	

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Financial Liabilities carried at amortised cost				
Other non-current financial liabilities	-	-	-	-
Non-current lease liability	34.22	0.41	36.26	0.44
Trade payables	6,166.69	73.99	6,221.64	75.69
Other current financial liabilities	2,45,587.41	2,945.61	2,46,835.69	3,002.24
Current lease liability	4.09	0.05	2.06	0.03
Total	2,51,792.41	3,020.06	2,53,095.65	3,078.40

24 Defined Benefit Plan – Gratuity

i.

The Company offers its employees defined-benefit plans in the form of a gratuity scheme (a lump sum amount). Benefits under the defined benefit plans are typically based on years of service and the employee's compensation (generally immediately before retirement). The gratuity scheme covers substantially all regular employees.

Such plan exposes the Company to actuarial risks such as: investment risk, interest rate risk, demographic risk and salary risk.

	The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated using a
	discount rate determined by reference to market yields at the end of the
Investment risk	reporting period on government bond yields; if the return on plan asset is below
	this rate, it will create a plan deficit. Currently the plan is managed by the
	insurer.
	A decrease in the bond interest rate will increase the plan liability; however, this
Interest risk	will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the plan's debt
	investments.
	This is the risk of variability of results due to unsystematic nature of decrements
	that include mortality, withdrawal, disability and retirement. The effect of these
Demographic risk	decrements on the defined benefit obligation is not straight forward and
	depends upon the combination of salary increase, medical cost inflation,
	discount rate and vesting criteria.
	The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference
Salary risk	to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of
	the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.

The following tables set out the funded status of the gratuity benefit Scheme and the amounts recognized in the Company's financial statements:

Amount in Thousand

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024 Funded	As at March 31, 2024 Funded	As at March 31, 2023 Funded	As at March 31, 2023 Funded
	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
Change in benefit obligations	(1.0)	(552)	(1.0)	(332)
Benefit obligations at the beginning	749.68	9.12	613.55	8.09
Current Service Cost	216.25	2.61	191.57	2.38
Interest on defined benefit obligation	53.78	0.65	54.13	0.67
Actuarial loss / (gain)	(85.66)	(1.03)	(44.33)	(0.55)
Benefit Paid	(75.00)	(0.91)	(345.00)	(4.29)
Net Liability assumed on transfer within				
Group companies (Transfer in/(out)	(30.84)	(0.37)	279.75	3.47
obligation)				
Translation/ Forex impact		(0.09)	1	(0.66)
Closing Defined Benefit Obligation (A)	828.21	9.98	749.68	9.12

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Amount in Thousand

	As at March 31,			
Particulars	2024	2024	2023	2023
l diticulars	Funded	Funded	Funded	Funded
	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
Change in Plan assets				
Fair value of plan assets at the beginning	324.38	3.95	602.86	7.95
Employer Contribution	467.40	5.66	36.13	0.47
Interest income	31.45	0.38	49.77	0.62
Return on plan assets excluding amounts included in interest income	7.07	0.09	(19.39)	(0.24)
Assets assumed / settled	-	-	-	-
Benefits paid	(75.00)	(0.91)	(345.00)	(4.29)
Translation/ Forex impact		(0.06)	0.01	(0.56)
Fair value of plan assets at the end	755.30	9.11	324.38	3.95
Funded status (B)	755.30	9.11	324.38	3.95
Translation/ Forex impact (C)	-	-	-	•
Payable / (Prepaid) gratuity benefit (A-B-C)	72.91	0.87	425.30	5.17
Current Assets (Refer note 8)	-	-	•	
Non Current Provision (Refer note 13)			209.08	2.54
Current Provision (Refer note 13)	72.91	0.87	216.23	2.63

ii. Amount recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss

Amount in Thousand

Particulars	For the year ended March 2024		For the year ended March 2023	
	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
Current Service Cost	216.25	2.61	191.57	2.38
Interest on net defined benefit obligations	22.33	0.27	4.36	0.05
Total Included in "Employee Benefit Expense"	238.58	2.88	195.93	2.43

iii. Amount recognised in the Other Comprehensive Income

Amount in Thousand

Particulars	For the year ended March 2024		For the year ended March 2023	
	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
Actuarial loss / (gain) arising from change in financial assumptions	14.71	0.18	(10.60)	(0.13)
Actual return on plan assets less interest on plan asset	(7.08)	(0.09)	19.39	0.24
Actuarial loss / (gain) arising on account of experience changes	(100.36)	(1.21)	(33.72)	(0.42)
Amount recognised in the Other Comprehensive Income	(92.73)	(1.12)	(24.93)	(0.31)

iv. Principle actuarial assumption

Assumptions	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Discount Rate/Rate of Return on plan asset	7.20%	7.40%
Salary escalation	7.00%	7.00%

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

- Discount Rate: The discount rate is based on the prevailing market yields of Indian government securities as at the balance sheet date for the estimated term of the obligations.
- Salary Escalation Rate: The estimates of future salary increases considered takes into account the inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors.
- The Company has considered past service on account of benefit amendment.
- v Sensitivity Analysis: The following table summarizes the impact in percentage terms on the reported defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period arising on account of an increase or decrease in the reported assumption by 50 basis points:-

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024		For the year ended March 31, 2023	
Particulars	Discount Rate	Salary escalation rate	Discount Rate	Salary escalation rate
Impact of increase in 50 bps on defined benefit obligation	-4.31%	4.65%	-4.44%	4.87%
Impact of decrease in 50 bps on defined benefit obligation	4.78%	-4.23%	4.88%	-4.47%

Sensitivity for the significant actuarial assumptions is computed by varying one actuarial assumption used for the valuation of the defined benefit obligation by 50 basis points, keeping all other actuarial assumption constant.

vi. Composition of Plan Assets

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Policy of insurance	100%	100%
Other investment	0%	0%
Total	100%	100%

There is no compulsion on the part of the Company to fully pre fund the liability of the Plan. The Company's philosophy is to fund the benefits based on its own liquidity and tax position as well as level of underfunding of the plan.

The plan assets in respect of gratuity represent funds managed by the India International Clearing Corporation (IFSC) Limited Employee's Group Gratuity Fund. The Employer's best estimate of the contributions expected to be paid to the plan during the next annual period is ₹ 72.91 Thousand (Mar 23 - ₹ 30.39 Thousand)

vii. Maturity profile of defined benefit obligations

(Rs in Thousand)

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Expected benefits for year 1	146.21	15.10
Expected benefits for year 2	298.18	142.94
Expected benefits for year 3	10.89	290.78
Expected benefits for year 4	11.53	10.67
Expected benefits for year 5	12.21	11.29
Expected benefits for year 6 to year 10	73.12	63.99
10 year and above	1,654.56	1,443.56

The weighted average duration to the payment of these cash flows is 9.52 years (March 31, 2023: 9.90 years).

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

24.2 Defined Contribution Plan – Provident Fund, Pension Fund and National Pension Scheme (NPS)

These are plans in which the Company pays pre-defined amounts to separate funds and does not have any legal or informal obligation to pay additional sums. The Company offers its employees defined contribution plan in the form of provident fund and family pension fund. Provident fund and family pension fund cover substantially all regular employees. While both, the employees and the Company pay predetermined contributions into the provident fund and National Pension Scheme, contributions into the family pension fund are made by only the Company. The contributions are based on a certain proportion of the employee's salary.

During the current year, provident fund contributions amounting to Rs 364.21 Thousand (USD 4.40 Thousand) (March 31, 2023: Rs 344.55 Thousand (USD 4.29 Thousand)) have been charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss, under Contributions to provident, gratuity and other funds in note 18 "Employee benefits expense".

During the current year, National pension scheme contributions amounting to Rs 81.74 Thousand (USD 0.99 Thousand) (March 31, 2023: Rs 83.19 Thousand (USD 1.03 Thousand)) have been charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss, under Contributions to provident, gratuity and other funds in note 18 "Employee benefits expense".

24.3 Compensated Absence

The liability for compensated absences as at March 31, 2024 is Rs 1,786.79 Thousand (USD 21.43 Thousand) (March 31, 2023: Rs 1,231.03 thousand (USD 14.97 thousand)) as shown under current provision and Rs 555.26 Thousand (USD 6.66 Thousand) (March 31, 2023: Rs. 685.36 thousand (USD 8.34 thousand)) as shown under non-current provision. Provision for compensated absence amounting to Rs 1,772.63 Thousand (USD 21.41 Thousand) (March 31, 2023: Rs 1373.01 thousand (USD 17.08 thousand)) have been charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss, under Compensated absence in note 18 "Employee benefits expense".

25 Related Party Transactions

1. Names of related parties and nature of relationship

Category of related parties	Name
Holding Company	BSE Limited
Fellow Subsidiaries:	India International Exchange (IFSC) Limited
	Indian Clearing Corporation Limited
	BSE Technologies Private Limited (Formerly known as
	Marketplace Technologies Private Limited)
	BSE Investments Limited
	BSE Institute Limited
	BSE CSR Integrated Foundation
	BSE Sammaan CSR Limited (Liquidated on November 22,
	2022)
	BSE Administration & Supervision Limited
Subsidiary of Fellow Subsidiaries	BSE Tech Infra Services Private Limited (Formerly known as
	Marketplace Tech Infra Services Private Limited)
	BFSI Sector Skill Council of India
	BIL Ryerson Technology start up Incubator Foundation
	BSE Institute of Research Development & Innovation
	BSE E-Agricultural Markets Limited (up to November 17,
	2023)
	India INX Global Access IFSC Limited
Direct Associate of Holding	Central Depository Services (India) Limited
	Asia Index Private Limited

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

INDICATE OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE	CDSL Ventures Limited		
3	CDSL Insurance Repository Limited		
	CDSL Commodity Repository Limited		
	BSE EBIX Insurance Broking Private Limited		
	BSE EBIX Insuretech Private Limited (Formerly known as		
	Marketplace Ebix Technology Services Private Limited)		
	BSE E-Agricultural Markets Limited (w.e.f. from November		
	17, 2023)		
	Hindustan Power Exchange Limited (Previously known as		
	Pranurja Solutions Limited)		
Associate Company	India International Bullion Holding IFSC Ltd		
. ,	India International Bullion Exchange IFSC Ltd		
Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Associate Company	India International Depository (IFSC) Lmited (Formerly		
	known as CDSL IFSC Limited) (w.e.f. May 03, 2022)		
Trust Set up by Holding Company	BSE Investors Protection Fund		
Trust Set up by Company	India International Clearing Corporation (IFSC) Limited		
	Employees Group Gratuity Cash Accumulation Scheme		
Key Management Personnel	Dr. Sudip Kumar Nanda – Independent Director & Chairman		
	Mr. Alok Sherry – Public Interest Director (upto 13th March 2023)		
	Mrs. Snehlata Shrivastava – Public Interest Director		
	Mr. Prabhat Chandra Koul – Public Interest Director		
	Mr. Arup Mukherjee - Managing Director and Chief		
	Executive Officer		
	Mr. Vikas Goel - Shareholder Director (resigned as director		
	w.e.f December 05, 2023)		
	Mr. Sushil Kumar - Shareholder Director (w.e.f. March		
	19,2024)		
	Mr. Sameer Patil – Shareholder Director		

2. Transactions with Related Parties

(a) BSE Ltd (Holding Company):

Amount in Thousand

Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2023	For the Year ended March 31, 2023
	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
Reimbursement/ (Recovery) of Expense	s/ Transactions			
Computer Technology related Expenses	6,612.03	79.86	2,163.92	26.92
Salaries, allowances and bonus	-	-	5.93	0.07
Recovery of insurance policy	75.76	0.92	168.15	2.09

Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2024 (Rs)	For the Year ended March 31, 2024 (USD)	For the Year ended March 31, 2023 (Rs)	For the Year ended March 31, 2023 (USD)
Liability	• •	, ,	` '	, ,
Payable	1,194.61	14.33	669.57	8.14

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

(b) India International Exchange (IFSC) Limited (Fellow Subsidiary):

Amount in Thousand

Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2023	For the Year ended March 31, 2023
	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
Recovery of Expenses				
Computer Technology Related Expenses	6,163.14	74.44	7,917.70	98.49
Salaries, allowances and bonus	272.70	3.29	468.15	5.82
Building repair and maintenance	2,020.68	24.41	2,146.31	26.70
Postage and Telephone Expense	47.80	0.58	59.78	0.74
Other Income				
Recovery of Computer Technology related expenses	-	-	944.06	11.74
Other Transactions				
Gratuity liability transfer in/(out)	(30.84)	(0.37)	279.75	3.47
Compensated Absence liability transfer in/(out)	(121.71)	(1.46)	329.84	4.08

Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2023	For the Year ended March 31, 2023
	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
Assets/ Liability				
Payable (Net)	983.89	11.80	2,423.10	29.47

(c) Indian Clearing Corporation Limited (Fellow Subsidiary):

Amount in Thousand

Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2023	For the Year ended March 31, 2023
	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
Expenditure	-			
Rent			9.34	0.12
Travelling Expenses	-		3.14	0.04

(d) Central Depository Services (India) Limited (Direct Associate of Holding Company):

Amount in Thousand

Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2024 (Rs)	For the Year ended March 31, 2024 (USD)	For the Year ended March 31, 2023 (Rs)	For the Year ended March 31, 2023 (USD)
Expenses				
Professional Fees	76.75	0.93	77.78	0.97
Rates and Taxes	23.99	0.29	-	-

(e) India International Bullion Holding IFSC Limited (Associate Company):

Amount in Thousand

Amount in Thousand					
Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2023	For the Year ended March 31, 2023	
	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)	
Other Transactions					
Revenue from Onsite Support Charges	-	-	1,123.29	13.97	
Investment*	-	-	50,000.00	620.81	

^{*} Actual investment excluding the forex conversion impact.

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

(f) BSE Technologies Private Limited (Fellow Subsidiary):

Amount in Thousand

Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2023	For the Year ended March 31, 2023
	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
Expenses				
Computer Technology Related Expenses	999.72	12.08	1,004.89	12.50

(g) India International Clearing Corporation (IFSC) Limited Employees Group Gratuity Cash Accumulation Scheme (Trust setup by the Company):

Amount in Thousand

Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2023	For the Year ended March 31, 2023
	(Rs)	(USD)	(Rs)	(USD)
Asset/ (Liability)				
Net defined benefit obligations	(72.91)	(0.87)	(425.31)	(5.17)

(h) Key Managerial remuneration:

Amount in Thousand

Particular	For the Year ended March 31, 2024 (Rs)	For the Year ended March 31, 2024 (USD)	For the Year ended March 31, 2023 (Rs)	For the Year ended March 31, 2023 (USD)
Salaries, allowances & bonus and contrib		(03D)	(ns)	(03D)
Mr. Arup Mukherjee - Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer*	7,594.45	91.73	7,145.30	88.88
Director Fees				
Board Meeting Fees				
Mr. Alok Sherry – Independent Director	-	-	523.59	6.51
Dr. Sudip Kumar Nanda – Independent Director	401.54	4.85	492.00	6.12
Mrs. Snehlata Shrivastava – Independent Director	401.54	4.85	492.80	6.13
Mr. Prabhat Chandra Koul – Independent Director	401.54	4.85	-	-
Committee Meeting Fees				
Mr. Alok Sherry – Independent Director	-	-	516.76	6.43
Dr. Sudip Kumar Nanda – Independent Director	676.20	8.17	370.85	4.61
Mrs. Snehlata Shrivastava – Independent Director	752.58	9.09	369.60	4.60
Mr. Prabhat Chandra Koul – Independent Director	451.42	5.45	-	-

^{*} The Company provides long term benefits in the form of Gratuity to Key managerial person along with all employees, cost of same is not identifiable separately and not disclosed.

26 Contingent liabilities and Capital Commitments

There are no contingent liabilities and Capital commitments as at March 31, 2024 (March 31, 2023: Nil).

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

27 Lease

Company has taken leasehold premises and improvements on lease term of 30 years. The minimum lease rentals along with their leased premium and the present value of minimum lease payments in respect of assets acquired under finance lease are as follows:

Rs in Thousand

Particular	Payable not later than 1 year	Payable later than 1 year and not later than 5 year	Payable later than 5 year	Total		
Minimum Lease Payments						
March 31, 2024	4.85	9.71	41.27	55.83		
March 31, 2023	2.43	9.71	43.69	55.83		
Finance Charge						
March 31, 2024	0.77	2.02	14.72	17.51		
March 31, 2023	0.36	1.86	15.29	17.51		
Present value of Minimum Lease Payments						
March 31, 2024	4.09	7.69	26.54	38.32		
March 31, 2023	2.07	7.85	28.40	38.32		

USD in Thousand

Particular	Payable not later than 1 year	Payable later than 1 year and not later than 5 year	Payable later than 5 year	Total		
Minimum Lease Payments						
March 31, 2024	0.06	0.12	0.50	0.68		
March 31, 2023	0.03	0.12	0.53	0.68		
Finance Charge						
March 31, 2024	0.01	0.02	0.18	0.21		
March 31, 2023	-	0.02	0.19	0.21		
Present value of Minimum Lease Payments						
March 31, 2024	0.05	0.10	0.32	0.47		
March 31, 2023	0.03	0.10	0.35	0.47		

- During the year, Company has not done any transaction with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 29 All the immovable properties as per books of accounts are held in name of the Company.
- Company has not given any loans or advances granted to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties (as defined under Companies Act, 2013) during the year ended March 31, 2024.
- There are no borrowings from banks or financial institutions as at March 31, 2024 (Previous Year: Nil). The Company has set up an overdraft limit with ICICI Bank and SBI Bank against lien on fixed deposits. There is no amount outstanding as on March 31, 2024.
- 32 There are no undisclosed income reported in any assessment year as on March 31, 2024 (Previous Year: Nil).
- 33 There is no charges or satisfaction yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- 34 The company has not traded or invested in any Crypto currency or virtual currency during the financial year.
- 35 The company is in compliance with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act.

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

36 Capital Management

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The Company's objective when managing capital is to maintain an optimal structure so as to maximize shareholder value.

The Company is predominantly equity financed which is evident from the capital structure table. Further, the company has always been a net cash company with cash and bank balances along with investment which is predominantly investment in fixed deposit being far in excess of financial liabilities.

Compliance with externally imposed capital requirements:

As per Regulation 14 of International Financial Services Centres Authority (Market Infrastructure Institutions) Regulations, 2021, a recognized Clearing Corporation shall have net worth of at least USD 3 million at all times. The Company has maintained the net worth at all times as per this requirement.

- 37 Company is making losses in current year and also incurred losses in the previous years. Accordingly, Section 135 is not applicable to the company for the year ended March 31, 2024.
- SEBI vide its circular no. SEBI/HO/MRD/DSA/CIR/P/2016/125 dated November 28, 2016, had inter alia specified that Clearing Corporations in IFSC shall establish and maintain a Fund to guarantee the settlement of trades executed in the stock exchanges in IFSC. To begin with such fund shall have a corpus equivalent to at least 10% of the net-worth of the clearing corporation. Clearing corporations shall evolve a detailed framework for the Fund, subject to approval of the regulator. As per Regulation 31 (2) of IFSCA (MII) Regulations, 2021, Settlement Guarantee Fund shall have a corpus equivalent to at least the minimum required corpus as arrived at from the monthly stress test value or USD 1 million, whichever is higher.

In view of the above, before commencement of operations, i.e. on January 10, 2017, a Core Settlement Guarantee Fund (Default Fund) of USD 875.93 Thousand (Rs 59,562.97 Thousand) @ RBI reference rate i.e. Rs 68/- has been created through earmarking investments. Default Fund size as on March 31, 2024 is Rs 1,12,195.67 Thousand (USD 1,345.69 Thousand). Further company had applied to Central Board of Direct Tax for the purpose of issuance of notification notifying the Core Settlement Guarantee Fund (Core SGF – Default Fund) set up by the Company u/s 10 (23EE) of the Income Tax Act 1961 and approval of the same is awaited.

39 Financial Risk Management:

The Company's principal financial liabilities, comprise trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to support its operations. The Company's principal financial assets includes Cash and cash equivalents.

The Company's activities exposes it to a variety of risks: Regulatory risk, Liquidity risk, Foreign Currencies risk, Interest rate risk.

Regulatory risk:

The company maintains an integrated and comprehensive view of risk and ensures that its risk management tools can manage and report on, all relevant risks. The Company's risk management policies, procedures, systems and controls form a part of a coherent and consistent governance framework which is reviewed and updated regularly. Participant Exposure and Settlement Default Risk, Credit Risk, Liquidity Risk, Legal Risk, Operational Risk, Custody and Investment Risk, Technology Risk, Clearing Bank Risk etc. are some of the risks that can be foreseen on a continuo us basis. The Company has a sound framework for the comprehensive management of all material risks and established documented policies, procedures, systems and controls to identify, measure, monitor and manage such risks. The risk management policy of the Company shall be in accordance with the Principles for Financial Market Infrastructures ("CPMI") published by the Committee on Payments and Market Infrastructures ("CPMI") and the Technical Committee of the International Organization of Securities Commissions ("IOSCO").

Foreign currency risk:

United State Dollars (USD) is the functional currency of the Company, thus the Company's exchange risk arises from its foreign currency expenses. Currency other than USD is considered as foreign currency. Company is using Special Non-Resident Rupee account for discharging the liability of INR.

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Interest rates are sensitive to many factors, including governmental, monetary and tax policies, domestic and international economic and political considerations, fiscal deficits, trade surpluses or deficits, regulatory requirements and other factors beyond the Company's control. Interest rate risk can be controlled by the Company by making investments for tenors not exceeding the pre stipulated period and normally holding investments till its maturity.

Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company manages its liquidity risk by ensuring, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due by having adequate liquid assets and realisable investments.

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of significant financial liabilities as follows.

De in Thousand

Rs in Thousand					
On Demand	Payable within 1	than 1 year and	Payable more	Total	
•					
-	4.85	9.71	41.27	55.83	
-	2.43	9.71	43.69	55.83	
Deposits from Members & Clearing Bank					
2,42,534.68	-	-	-	2,42,534.68	
2,44,595.28	-	-	-	2,44,595.28	
Trade Payables					
	6,166.69	-	-	6,166.69	
-	6,221.64	-	-	6,221.64	
Other Financial Liabilities					
-	3,052.73	-	-	3,052.73	
-	2,240.41	-	-	2,240.41	
	2,42,534.68	Payable within 1 year - 4.85 - 2.43 2,42,534.68 - 2,44,595.28 - 6,166.69 - 6,221.64 - 3,052.73	Payable within 1 than 1 year and less than 5 year	On Demand Payable within 1 year than 1 year and less than 5 year Payable more than 5 year - 4.85 9.71 41.27 - 2.43 9.71 43.69 2,42,534.68 - - - 2,44,595.28 - - - - 6,166.69 - - - 6,221.64 - - - 3,052.73 - -	

					USD in Thousand
Particulars	On Demand	Payable within 1	lthan 1 vear and	Pavable more	Total
Finance lease obligation					
March 31, 2024	-	0.06	0.12	0.50	0.68
March 31, 2023	-	0.03	0.12	0.53	0.68
Deposits from Members & Clearing Bank					
March 31, 2024	2,909.00	-	-	-	2,909.00
March 31, 2023	2,975.00	-	-	-	2,975.00
Trade Payables					
March 31, 2024	-	73.99	-	-	73.99
March 31, 2023	-	75.69	-	-	75.69
Other Financial liabilities					
March 31, 2024	-	36.61		•	36.61
March 31, 2023	-	27.24	-	-	27.24

40 **Financial ratios**

Sr No	Ratios	Current Year	Previous Year	% Variance
1	Current ratio	2.10	2.01	4.48%
2	Debt - Equity ratio	0.00002	0.00002	0.00%
3	Debt Service coverage ratio	119.21	33.36	257.34%
4	Return on Equity Ratio	0.33%	-0.17%	294.12%
5	Inventory turnover ratio	NA	NA	NA
6	Trade Receivable turnover ratio	15	NA	NA
7	Trade Payables turnover ratio*	6.65	3.94	68.78%
8	Net Capital turnover ratio	0.09%	0.07%	28.57%
9	Net Profit ratio	5086.21%	-3962.30%	228.37%
10	Return on capital employed	0.28%	-0.14%	300.00%
11	Return on Investment - Fixed Deposits	4.86%	3.27%	48.62%

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Reasons (If exceed from 25%):

- 1 Debt Service coverage ratio is increased due to decrease in loss in the current financial year.
- 2 Return on equity ratio increased due to decrease in loss in the current financial year.
- 3 Trade Payables turnover ratio is increased due to increase in trade payables during the year
- 4 Net Capital turnover ratio is increased on account of decrease in average working capital
- 5 Net profit ratio increased on account of reduction in loss.
- 6 Return on capital employed increased on account of reduction of losses.
- 7 Return on Investments increased due to increase in interest rates as compared to previous period.

1 Current Ratio Current Assets

Current Liabilities

2 Debt-Equity ratio Debt (lease liability)

Total equity

3 Debt-service coverage ratio Earnings available for debt service

Debt service

Earnings available for debt service = Net profit after tax + Non cash Expenses like depreciation and amortizations + Interest+Loss on sale of asset etc

Debt service = Interest & lease payments + principal repayments

4 ROE Net Profits after taxes – Preference Dividend (if any)

Average Shareholder's Equity

6 Trade receivables turnover ratio Net Credit Sales

Avg. Accounts Receivable

- a) Net credit sales consist of gross credit sales minus sales return.
- b) Trade receivables includes sundry debtors and bills receivables.

Average trade debtors = (Opening + Closing balance / 2)

c) Trade Receivables: Gross of ECL Provision

7 Trade payables turnover ratio Net Credit Purchases

Average Trade Payables

* It does not include capital expenditure and capital creditors

8 Net capital turnover ratio Net Sales

Average Working Capital

- a) Net sales is calculated as total sales minus sales returns.
- b) Working capital is calculated as current assets minus current liabilities

9 Net profit ratio Net Profit

Net Sales

- a) Net profit is after tax.
- b) Net sales is calculated as total sales minus sales returns.

10 Return on capital employed (ROCE) <u>Earning before interest and taxes</u>

Capital Employed

a) Capital Employed = Net Worth+lease liability Networth is calculated as per Companies Act

11 Return on Investment Investment Income

Average Investment

- 41 The Company has not created any deferred tax provision. Deferred tax provision will be recognised based on the reasonable certainty.
- 42 Company is in compliance with requirement of audit trail (edit logs) and daily back up of accounting software for maintaining its books of account as prescribed under the Rule 3 of The Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 as amended from time to time.

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

- 43 The company does not hold any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made there under. Hence relevant disclosure is not applicable.
- The company is not declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender in accordance with the guidelines on wilful defaulters issued by Reserve Bank of India.
- 45 Previous year's figures have been regrouped / reclassified and rearranged wherever necessary to correspond with the current year's classification / disclosure.

In terms of our report of attached

For Dalal Doctor & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No.: 120833W For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Amol Khanolkar Dr. Sudip Kumar Nanda
Partner Chairman
Membership No.: 116765 DIN: 00315376

Arup Mukherjee Managing Director & CEO DIN: 07698913

Akshay Doshi

Date: April 24, 2024 Chief Financial Officer
Place : Mumbai Place: Gandhinagar